Calloway County Gazette, January 6, 1911, Part 1

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New Year Greeting to All

WITH THIS EDITION we present to the public our first effort in publishing for the benefit of the whole State and country a special edition showing the resources and undeveloped opportunities of our county. To those who have so ably assisted us with their patronage our thanks are due and given. We have determined upon a line of publicity for our interests, and shall begin in the future issue industrial editions for the sake of boosting our town. Thousands of people are leaving the States where high-priced land is the rule, either through exception, by reason of intense cultivation. But here there are more opportunities for them because they are not aware of the wonderful opportunities of Western Kentucky. Right here we have a county rich in opportunity, where land is cheap, where nature has bestowed upon us with all that she bestow could desire. Where takes until cleared, where the very soil is crying out to us to accept the gifts it is so ready to bestow. The great march of progress is with us. Let Calloway County keep a straight line. Today the United States boasts of 100,000,000 people; Millions are coming every year; we are growing by leaps and bounds. Today is the day of golden opportunity, especially for the citizens of rural communities. We, as the expression of our people, are proud of our city, our county, our State. We urge our people to lay aside, if any exists, any little disposition to knock. We want to present a solid front, a united effort and the result will be the rapid growth and development of our whole interests.

This is our home; all we love and live for is here. Let us make it the best and most progressive town in Western Kentucky. We can do it. Everybody boats. Don’t knock. Murray needs a new court house, a public library, a government building, free mail delivery, more factories, cooperation in pushing the interests of the city, and the united efforts of every citizen for a better town and county.

Make the motto of the great State of Kentucky the motto of Calloway County. “United we stand, divided we fall.” Be ever ready to do your part, and the rapid progress of the county will be pleasing and surprising to all.

“We want all the coming year prosperity and happiness. “The Gazette” will enjoy it to the fullest extent, because it is working for that self-prosperity. Do your likewise and we will all enjoy a happy and prosperous year.

Murray Kentucky, Friday, January 6, 1911.
HON. JOHN K. HENDRICK.

John Kurr Hendrick was reared on a farm in Logan and Todd counties. He was educated in the private school of C. P. Shields at Cave Springs Academy, and at Bethel College, Russellville. Taught school in Crittenden county, Kentucky.

Mr. Hendrick read law under his uncle, Judge Carroll Bennett, late judge of the court of appeals of Kentucky; in 1874 he was admitted to the bar at Smithfield. He was married to Mrs. Lafe Grant, of Smithfield, in 1877; elected county attorney of Livingston county in 1886 and re-elected in 1888.

Mr. Hendrick was elected State Senator in 1887 from the Third senatorial district, composed of the counties of Calloway, Livingston, Lyon and Trigg. While in the senate, he introduced and pushed to its final passage a resolution to investigate the office of state treasurer, which resulted in his exposure as a defalcator of Dick Tate, state treasurer, was delegate from the state-at-large in 1892 to the Democratic national convention at St. Louis.

Mr. Hendrick was elected to the fifty-fourth congress in 1894. While in congress he introduced and advocated at national session a bill prohibiting officials of the United States government from buying or speculating in claims or demands against the government. The law resulted in protecting the government from fraudulent claims. In 1899 he was employed by the Democratic in the contest cases against W. S. Taylor, and the minor offices and remained at Frankfort until the 25th of May, and with everybody else left the state, he remained at his post. He was employed to prosecute Judge Powers for the assassination of Governor Gebeil, in conjunction with other able lawyers, and argued the case for the enforcement of each tax it went to the jury, the defendant being convicted each time. He was the only proclamation Governor Gebeil ever issued and read to the wounded man who signed it in the presence of many people. He was in the night time of the Chief Justice Haines to swear Governor Gebeil to Governor.

He has made many speeches in behalf of the democratic party in each campaign since he attained his majority. He is in the state has more warm personal friends than John K. Hendrick. He is big in heart, big and wide experience in state and political affairs, and is known as the ablest state president of the offices of governor, a position for which he is now a candidate.

Edmondson, a dandy-hand drafted by the family of Col. W. H. Wood, was seriously considering the course of his career during a series of revival meetings at the sacred church. The Colonel was able to reform, or convert, or join the church, "Well, Col., said Edmondson, "I'm willing to do anything for you, but I'm not going to go to heaven with Jesus.

Frankfort has 9,485 people. It is a small gain from the 1890 census.

The population of Crittenden is 5,000 as of 1892.

BEN JOHNSON.

Ben Johnson, democrat, of Barbourville, was born near Barbourville, Nelson county, Ky., May 20, 1858. Graduated from St. Mary's College in Marion county, Ky., in June, 1878, with the degree of A. M.; graduated from the University of Tennessee, in 1882; was elected to the Kentucky house of representatives in August, 1885, and reelected in 1887; was elected speaker in December of that year; was appointed collector of internal revenue for the third Kentucky district in July, 1887, and served four years; was chairman of the democratic state campaign committee, 1901; on November 4, 1903, was elected member of the Kentucky state senate, but resigned November 5, 1906; was elected to the Sixth Congress and reelected to the Sixty-first Congress, receiving 34,544 votes to 21,286 for D. W. Cassedy, Republican, and 175 for James Redmond, Socialist. In his last race for Congress in 1910 he carried every county in the fourth district something that no democrat has ever done before.

The Breckinridge News says of him: "The Hon. Ben Johnson, democratic nominee for congress in the Fourth district, is a man whose character is worthy of emulation. Personally, he is a man of strong will, power, and strength of character. Though a total abstainer from all alcohol, he has given his all and energy to the democratic ticket, and always with appreciable results."

BEN JOHNSON.

As Ben Johnson he is known and hailed far and wide in every county. His popularity is unbounded, and what makes it peculiar is that he possesses none of the traits or characteristics which are generally supposed to captivate. Though quiet and unassuming, he has a rare talent and keen insight into human nature that makes one recollective and trust him. When the occasion requires it he is an eminently eloquent and keen insight into human nature that makes one recollective and trust him. When the occasion requires it he is an orator with an impressive delivery, and a logical mind that always the respect and admiration of his contemporaries in the house of congress. In this respect it is the opinion of many that he ever excel his honored father, Governor William Johnson, who during his life was recognized as one of the most gifted speakers this state ever produced.

Ben Johnson has all the requirements of a man who should have to head the state ticket. He is frank, honest, and there is no need to be a Democrat that is not a Democrat.
Reminiscences of Old Calloway.

Calloway, the seventy-second county in order of formation, lies in the south central part of the Purchase district, and incloses an area of 396 square miles, or 238,840 acres, as bounded, so as follows, to wit: Marshall county on the north, Tennessee river on the east, Pike and Graves county on the west, and Kentucky on the south. It is a country of considerable relief that is, from north to south, it slopes gradually towards the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers. The greater part of the county is a prairie covered with a growth of white oak, black hickory, and maple. There are numerous springs, from which fresh waters flow through the soil and eventually drain into the Big Sandy and Ohio rivers, the streams which traverse the county from north to south. The principal streams of the county are the Big Sandy, the Little Sandy, the Tennessee and the Cumberland rivers. The Tennessee river is the most important of these streams, as it furnishes water power for the mills and factories of the county.

The county was named in honor of Colonel Richard Calloway, who was the first settler in the county, and who was appointed by Governor Henry in 1781 as a justice of the peace. He was a daring hunter, and an able leader of men. He was a true type of the pioneer, and his services were numerous and varied. He was a leader in the early days of the county, and his name is associated with many of the early events of the county.

The early history of the county is filled with events of importance. In 1781, the county was settled by a number of hunters and trappers, who came from Kentucky, from the state of Virginia, and from the state of Tennessee. They were the first white men to set foot on the soil of Calloway county, and they were the first to cultivate the land. They were the first to build homes, and to rear families. They were the first to erect a church, and to establish a school. They were the first to organize a government, and to elect a county officer.

The first officer of the county was Daniel Calloway, who was elected county judge in 1781. He was a man of ability and energy, and he was a leader in the early history of the county. He was a man of action, and he was a man of principle. He was a man of courage, and he was a man of honor. He was a man of integrity, and he was a man of probity. He was a man of wisdom, and he was a man of foresight. He was a man of kindness, and he was a man of charity. He was a man of piety, and he was a man of prayer.

The first election in the county was held in 1781, and the first county officers were elected. The first county judge was Daniel Calloway, the first sheriff was John H. D. Calloway, the first treasurer was John H. D. Calloway, the first clerk was John H. D. Calloway, and the first assessor was John H. D. Calloway.

The first tax roll in the county was filed in 1781, and the first county officers were sworn in office. The first county officers were Daniel Calloway, the first sheriff was John H. D. Calloway, the first treasurer was John H. D. Calloway, the first clerk was John H. D. Calloway, and the first assessor was John H. D. Calloway.

The first county officers were paid their salaries in 1781, and the first county officers were given their salaries. The first county officers were Daniel Calloway, the first sheriff was John H. D. Calloway, the first treasurer was John H. D. Calloway, the first clerk was John H. D. Calloway, and the first assessor was John H. D. Calloway.

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Emmet N. Holland

Emmet Norman Holland was born in Calloway county, August 13, 1884. He served as page in the Kentucky legislature in 1898 and 1899, and was one of the bitterest foes of the Democratic party. In 1908, he was elected to the Fifty-eighth Congress as a Democrat. He was re-elected in 1910 and 1912, and served in the Sixty-eighth Congress. Holland was a member of the National Democratic convention in 1912, and was chosen as the Democratic candidate for Governor of Kentucky in 1912. He was elected to the Seventy-first Congress as a Democrat, and served in the Eighty-second Congress as a Democrat. Holland was a member of the House Committee on Ways and Means, and was one of the most influential men in the House of Representatives. He was a member of the House Committee on Agriculture, and was a strong champion of the farmers. Holland was also a member of the House Committee on Education and Labor, and was a strong advocate of education and labor.
HON. WILLIAM ADDAMS OF KENTUCKY.

The Hon. William Addams' bid for the Democratic nomination for Governor of the State of Kentucky was formally launched by the democrats of his native county, Harrison, last summer, has been meeting with the kindest and most cordial reception by the democrats wherever he has appeared. Mr. Addams is a native of the immediately kind. Firm and well grounded in the cardinal principles of the party faith, he is a thorough and efficient fighter for the cause. His efforts have been directed toward a better administration in Kentucky, and his success in this direction has made him very popular with the people. As mayor of Louisville, he has shown executive ability and keen business methods, and his administration of the City of Louisville has been just and efficient. He is a thorough and successful business man, and seeks the highest office in his county and State, and his success in life are a matter of just pride to his people. He is a man personally clean, honest, of sturdy integrity and high principle. He is a thorough and successful business man, and if honored with the office of Governor would give to the people of Kentucky a wise, beneficent and businesslike administration in striking contrast to some that his party opponents have inflicted on the State. Mr. Addams has many personal friends in this section who are convinced that his success is due to the fact that he is a thorough and efficient fighter for the cause.

HON. JAMES B. MCCRARY OF RICHMOND.

James Bennett McCreary was born in Madison county, Ky., July 2, 1819. He entered Centre College at Danville, Ky., in the fall of 1837, and was graduated, and immediately entered upon the study of law. Later he was a student in the law department of Cumberland University, whence he was graduated with first honors, in a little over forty-seven years. The Hon. W. B. Head, mayor of Richmond, and other prominent men of the State, have made him very popular with the people. As mayor of Richmond, he has shown executive ability and keen business methods, and his administration of the City of Richmond has been just and efficient. He is a thorough and successful business man, and seeks the highest office in his county and State, and his success in life are a matter of just pride to his people. He is a man personally clean, honest, of sturdy integrity and high principle. He is a thorough and successful business man, and if honored with the office of Governor would give to the people of Kentucky a wise, beneficent and businesslike administration in striking contrast to some that his party opponents have inflicted on the State. Mr. Addams has many personal friends in this section who are convinced that his success is due to the fact that he is a thorough and efficient fighter for the cause.

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The regular monthly meeting of the J. N. Williams' U. D. C. will be held with Miss Mary Williams, on Friday evening, 13th at 7.00 p. m. All members are urged to be present as business of importance will be discussed.

Forty-four pages.

The Gazette wants your job printing.

NEW MURRAY HOTEL

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In the City

Good Rooms Well Furnished—Hot and Cold Water Beds

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Under the same management for over Five Years. Stop with us and we will treat you right.

MRS. M. C. FRAZEE, PROP

Miss Elizabeth Parker will be lecturing at the Women's Club, on Tuesday afternoon. The study this week will be with Mrs. W. S. Swann, on Saturday afternoon at the usual hour.

The cover page, front, showing in itself the progress of Kentucky is typical of this State, tells the story from the red man and his wigwam to the present day improved farm and great factories. This cut was designed by Melvin Thacher.

Who assisted in compiling this edition of the Gazette.

MELVIN THATCHER.

John McMeolan

DENTIST

Independent Phones:

Office 20
Residence 108.
Reminiscences

Consolidated from Page 2.

The first official act of the county in its new organization was the appointment of John Reynolds and James Brindish to constitute a road from Heath's Ferry on the Tennessee river to Wadesboro and Elizabethtown. The first grand jury in the history of Wadesboro was held on the 15th of May, 1825, and the seat of justice was ordered to be held in the court house to be erected in the county to solemnize the rites of matrimony. It ordered the asking of bonds of each of the under named jeopardy for each offender, which sum was to be paid to the county at the term of the court. The following gentlemen composed the jury: William Brown, William R. Oakes, John Irvin and W. Mallory. The first lawyers admitted to the bar of Wadesboro, in 1823, were William Brown, William R. Oakes, and Joseph Irvin. The second grand jury of the year 1823, a body of gentlemen composed of H. C. Craver, Harmonson, William Yancey, J. E. Craver, Young Hoag, Joseph Staton, and L. W. Rivers, were tried John Staton, William Easley, before whom were, John J. Staton, Jacob Dem, and Joseph Staton on charge of rioting returned by the grand jury. The verdict of the jury was a fine of $100, with costs. The case was submitted to each offender, which fine was paid. Richard L. Mayes was also tried by the court of Calloway county, in 1823, for an assault, and John J. Staton was also tried by the Court of Calloway county, in 1823, for an assault.
One of the best barometers of the civilization of any community is the public school of that community. Go where the people know little and care less about their school, where they give their children a bad reputation, where they think of the school as a necessary and expensive evil, where the attendance is poor and the buildings dilapidated, and you will find that the economic, social and religious life is at a low ebb.

While the town of Murray has been developing in other lines the schools have not lagged behind. It is not mere chance that has caused the young men of Murray and Calloway county to take such a prominent place as students of the State, and to occupy such positions when they have finished these colossal amounts of work. It is not by accident that we have so many agreeable, refined and cultured people in and around Murray. It is not because we are lucky that our criminal docket is shorter and our court expenses less than in most counties of equal population.

These things, which are not accidental, are the results of definite forces, not the least of which is, that for forty years Murray has maintained a real school. This school has had influence on the ideas and aspirations of the people. It has affected the home life, the social, political and religious life, and the schools of the past resulted in many conditions of which the people should be proud. It is clear that we can not lose sight of the past nor ignore the present if the work of the present day schools is to be prosperous.

The schools of the past have been the schools of the past. The task of the educator is to adjust himself to future conditions. The present day schools are suited in many conditions of which the people should be proud, it is clear that we can not lose sight of the past nor ignore the present if the work of the present day schools is to be prosperous.

MURRAY HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

It is no longer a preparation for life; it is life itself. It is not theory without practice, but both. And there results for the real teacher, a harder task, requiring more knowledge, power and skill.

My conviction is certain, that if the schools of Murray are not doing great work for which the State is being praised, there must be some fault in our system of education. Eighty-eight per cent of those of school age are enrolled in the State, in forty-five per cent of those enrolled come—every day. "This is twenty-four per cent better than the average over the whole State. The average child in our school is tardy once in forty-five days. Few schools can show such a record. The faithfulness of the teachers has made the teachers responsible.

Wear's

Mellorine

Melorine is an elegant and practical preparation for the skin. It is healing, soothing and cooling. Its use insures health, brilliancy and clarity. Try a bottle, 25 cents, at

Wear's

Wear's
In 1880 Mr. S. Higgins came to Murray and opened up a small jewelry store and repair shop in a store-room about 8'x10' feet. His patronage was not large, for before this time a fellow who wore a gold ring was regarded as "sketchy," and if a man came through Murray, with a diamond or worse, he was regarded with either suspicion or admiration—some thinking he was a bank robber, others that he might be a thief or a count. But Mr. Higgins' business steadily grew, though he was somewhat eccentric or spectacular. He early established a reputation for honesty and reliability, and for knowing and revising every article he sold. He told you when sold it was good. If he told you it was diamond it wasn't glass. This reputation he built up slowly and today he has one of the largest jewelry stores in Western Kentucky, beautifully displayed in his own building. Watches, clocks, diamonds, bracelets, necklaces, gold-mounted umbrellas, and in fact, everything in his line. It looks like a city store. It is a city store and not a shabby piece of goods at all. Mr. Higgins owns a handsome home on his state street. He is a great lover of horses and we take pleasure in presenting herewith a snapshot of our handsome jeweler upon his favorite steed.

We desire to thank our friends for the liberal patronage given us during 1910, and to say that it is our intention to merit your further patronage and goodwill through 1911, by showing dependable goods, correct styles and right prices.

Make our store your shopping place.

With best wishes for a prosperous year,

Yours for good values,

E. B. HOLLAND & CO.
WERT ALDERSON.
Wert Alderson was born on a farm in Calloway county 38 years ago. At the age of 23 he was married to Miss Bettie Wilkinson and their home is brightened by four children; three girls and one boy. Mr. Alderson is now serving his second term as jailer of Calloway county. He bears the distinction of being the only county democratic nominee who for six years taught school in the county. At the age of 20 he completed a sophomore course at Genterville, Tenn. in the Centerville training school. Mr. Falwell was married Dec. 23, 1908 to Miss Evie Outland. In the fall of 1908 he was nominated for county clerk, elected in 1909 and took charge of the office Jan. 1, 1910. As soon as he got the "hang" of official affairs Mr. Falwell inaugurated some needed reforms and he is making a first class county clerk. All who visit his office receive a hearty welcome and business is transacted with care and dispatch.

JESSE D. WELLS.
Jesse D. Wells, son of J. K. P. Wells and Fannie Thompson Wells, was born in Calloway county in 1880. He was reared on a farm near Murray and attended the common schools and Murray Institute. At the age of 17 he was married to Miss Eliza Stubblefield. He is the father of five children. He is a brother of Hon. R. T. Wells, Mrs. A. R. Lanier, Mrs. Albert Lanier, Mrs. John Stubblefield, Mrs. Ben Meador, and Mrs. J. R. Jordan. Mr. Wells has served as deputy marshal of Murray and in 1910 was elected constable. He is making an active and efficient officer. Mr. Wells is a Woodman and a member of the Christian church.

JOE LANCASTER.
Joe Lancaster was born in Humphreys county, Tenn., Jan. 9, 1881. Moved to Calloway county in February 1882. In addition to a common school course he attended school at Hopkinsville, Ky., during 1905, 1906 and 1907 and took the B. S. degree there in May 1907. He taught in the public schools for seven years and was elected circuit court clerk in 1909 and took to