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Section One

THE MURRAY LEDGER.

Pages 1 to 8

VOL. 37. NO 75. MURRAY, KENTUCKY THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1915 $1.00 PER YEAR.

CROP REPORT AS OF SEPTEMBER 10

The crop season for 1915 is fast drawing to a close and the conditions have been throughout very unusual. There have been more rainy days and cold, damp soggy weather than any season of which this Department has a record. Crops have been damaged from the excessive moisture and by wind storms. The two largest money crops in Kentucky are corn and tobacco. Both of these have grown without the proper cultivation, and in general have been damaged by rain and wind, and no one can accurately predict just what the yield and quality of either of these crops will be.

The reports to this office show the condition of corn to be 92 per cent, which is above the average. Many reports, however, state that much of the corn will be damaged when the harvesting time comes as the result of being so badly blown. The Burley tobacco condition is given at 78.5 per cent, that of Dark tobacco at 81. Tobacco is being rapidly housed, and warm clear weather is needed for properly curing it in the barns. The hemp crop is greatly improved and the condition is given at 94 per cent. Very large crops of cow peas and soy beans have been planted, and their condition is given at 87 and 88, respectively. Garden conditions remain good at 92. Pastures are in splendid condition. Bluegrass is given a condition of 95 per cent, clover 92, alfalfa 91 and orchard grass 88. Fruit is only in fair condition—apples 82 per cent, grapes 81, pears 74 and peaches 71. Much complaint of fruit trees breaking under their heavy load as a result of the storms have been made. Live stock is doing well—horses are given at a condition of 94 per cent, cattle 95, sheep 93 and hogs 92. Cholera exists at several points in the state, and black leg at a few. Poultry is suffering as a result of the continued wet weather. There is not more than 80 per cent of a turkey crop.

Kentuckians have never known a season that illustrates the value of the silo more than the present one. Fortunate indeed is the farmer, who is able to put his uncured alfalfa or clover in a silo during these rains, or who will be able to take care of his corn after it is blown to the ground. Many farmers report that the silo is the salvation of their crops this year. As predicted in the last crop report, the indications are that the farmers will not have a record breaking year in any line, but will have a large supply of forage crops and the winter with a reasonably good corn and tobacco crop. With pastures furnishing feed in abundance for the fall, the live stock should go into the winter in a healthy, splendid condition. Taken as a whole the prospects for the year are above the average.—J. W. Newman, Commissioner of Agriculture.

Mrs. Josie Jone Drowns Self.

Mrs. Josie Jones, living south of the city, near the home of J. T. George, was found dead early Sunday morning, where she had drowned herself in a pond some time during the latter part of the night.

It seems that she had walked into the water, which was about four feet deep, and took her life by holding her head under the water until life was extinct.

Her body was discovered by her brother and wife while making a search for her. The body was in a partial standing attitude.

Mrs Jones had been in slightly ill health for the past year, but had every appearance of enjoying good health. She had not complained, but acted rather unconcerned and strangely for the past few days. She was about 36 years of age and was a daughter of Tandy Stubblefield, living west of Mayfield, where a big birthday dinner was given last Friday and which Mrs. Jones attended.

It is thought that she left her room sometime after midnight Saturday and walked to the pond. She had taken a braid off her head and laid it down near the water. The pond is near the house.—Mayfield Messenger.

Rheumatism and Allied Pains—They Must Go!

The congestion of the blood in its flow causes pain. Sloan's Liniment penetrates to the congestion and starts the blood to flow freely. The body's warmth is renewed; the pain is gone. The "man or woman who has rheumatism, neuralgia or other pain and fails to keep Sloan's Liniment in their home is like a drowning man refusing a rope." Why suffer. Get a bottle of Sloan's. 25c and 50c. $1.00 bottle hold six times as much as 25c size.

Liquor Tragedy.

Hickman, Ky., Sept. 10.—W. A. Naylor, a deputy sheriff; Wm Collins, a youth, and Claude Johnson, whom Collins is said to have accused of selling liquor, were killed and Collins' mother was seriously wounded in a series of shooting affrays here last night.

According to Collins' relatives Johnson called the youth to the door-way of his home and shot him to death while the boy's mother and sister were attempting to prevent him opening the door. One of the bullets struck Mrs. Collins. Naylor was killed when he attempted to arrest Johnson, and later Johnson was killed in exchange of shots with a posse of citizens.

Naylor formerly was county judge.

Mrs. Amanda Buchanan.

At the home of her daughter, Mrs. Tom Winchester, near Buchanan, Mrs. Amanda Buchanan was found dead in the bed Monday. When she had retired the night before she had complained of being a little tired. She was one of the oldest members of the Christian church of that place. She was 76 years old. She is survived by four children.

McELRATH'S CASH PRICES

Everything in my store cut 10 per cent.

16 lbs. Sugar	-	$1.00
Any $1 article	-	.90
" 50c "	-	.45
" 25c "	-	.23
" 10c "	-	.09

This is just a few of the many bargains. I save you 10 per cent on everything.

Yours to serve,

W. W. McElrath

ENCAMPMENT A HUGE SUCCESS

The boys of the Uniform Rank, W. O. W., district of Kentucky and Tennessee, broke last Saturday morning after a four days encampment at the fair grounds in this city. If the public declarations made by nearly every member attending are to be taken at full value, and there is no reason why they should not be thus accepted, the meeting this year, the treatment accorded the boys and the all-round good time they enjoyed while in Marray, surpassed any previous encampment in the history of the order. It was a huge success.

Nothing that could be done to provide every comfort for the companies attending was left undone by Gen. Wells, Jack Beale and Bob Simpson who devoted their whole time to the task. The beautiful camping grounds, supplied with shower bath and brilliantly lighted, and the commissary department under the charge of an expert caterer, supplemented by two meals served Thursday by the ladies of the Methodist church, and two meals served by the ladies of the Christian church on Friday, left nothing to be desired for the inner man. But one thing possible could have resulted, and from the way some of the officials devoured the good "eats" provided by the ladies of the two churches gout is very likely to result.

The Ledger believes that the personnel of the entire membership attending will rank with any equal number of gentlemen ever before assembled in this city. Not a single overt act is chargeable to a member attending the meeting, and the boys won the friendship and esteem of the people of Murray and Calloway county.

The program of Friday was one of the most interesting of the entire encampment and keen interest was manifest in the competitive drills by the various companies attending. A large crowd was present to witness the drills, and the results are as follows:

Field Drill.—Class A.—First, Co. H, 33rd Reg., Mayfield, Ky.; second, Co. I, 31st Reg., Earlington, Ky.; third, Co. A, 33rd Reg., Madisonville, Ky.

Class B.—First, Co. L, 33rd Reg., Madisonville, Ky.; second, Co. C, 31st Reg., Livermore, Ky.; third, Co. M., 135th Reg., Pottertown, Ky.

Discipline.—First, Co. A, 33rd Reg., Owensboro, Ky.; second, Co. K, 12th Reg., Highland Park, Ky.; third, Co. C, 73rd Reg., Union City, Tenn.

Guard Duty.—First, Mr. Davina, Mayfield, Ky.; second, Rex Hamby, Earlington, Ky.; third, Geo. Ward, Carrsville, Ky.

Individual Drill.—First, Jesse R. Taylor, Earlington, Ky.; second, L. Payton, Earlington, Ky.; third, J. H. Rull, Mayfield, Ky.

Brooks Chapel.

Fine weather and the farmers are hustling, working in tobacco and cutting corn. Tobacco worms are not very bad here so far.

Miss Prentice Turner resumed her school Monday. She suffered an attack of chills and fever last week.

Mrs. Azlee Davenport is recovering from a serious affection of the eyes. One of them was removed by an eye specialist assisted by Dr. Euclat Covington, of Hardin.

Mrs. Bolen Gordon is very sick. Dr. Clayton, of Dexter, and Dr. Covington, of Hardin, are attending her.

A drummers automobile stalled near the school house here last week and it required an hour or so of work to get it started again.

Dug Jones is smiling blissfully; its a fine ten pound boy at his house.

Uncle Jim Boyd nearly eighty-seven years old, now residing with his son, R. C. Boyd, near Birmingham, Ky., spent last week with his daughter here, Mrs. Jane Anderson.

T. A. Jones has moved his saw mill from Mr. Wyatts to a business place near Egners ferry.

Wellington Stringer visited his grandmother, Mrs. Francis Collie, aged 75, near Maple Spring Aug. 29.

Rev. Gibson, of Tennessee, and Rev. J. Cress have just closed a two weeks meeting here. It was a general revival among christians with nearly one hundred conversions and a large number of additions to the church. The congregation was photographed Sept. 2 by an artist from Murray. Some of our people are attending the big meeting at Dexter this week.

Miss Donor Warren, daughter of H. Warren, of Hardin, spent last week with relatives here and took in the big meeting.

Mr. T. Cathy and wife, of near Heights, visited their daughter, Mrs. Gertie Byars and family Sunday.

Dave Sutherland, of Olive, was in this vicinity Sunday.

Miss Luda Pace, of Hardin, was the guest of Miss May Weatherford Saturday night.

Miss Thelma, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Johnnie Harrison, of Hardin Rfd. 2, was entertained by relatives here last week and attended the big meeting.

The bell buzzard was seen on Mr. Jim Burkeens farm Sept. 2, 1915 by W. Stringer, his mother and Alvia Ross.

Monro Jones and wife, parents of our county representative, were in this vicinity on business three weeks ago.

C. W. Adams' resignation card in the Ledger is sure fine and worthy of commendation.

Aunt Joe.

A Pine Whooping Cough Remedy.

Mothers, Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is just the remedy for your children's cold ailments. The fact is that pine is a quick enemy of cold conditions. Its qualities loosen the mucous in the throat, sooth the lungs and open up the air passages. The combination of honey, soothing and pleasant, with the loosening pine quality makes this an ideal cough remedy for children. Each passing year brings for it, new friends. A family of growing children cannot afford to be without it. 25 c a bottle.

Former Representative Passes Away.

Henry Chunn died last Saturday morning at the home of his father, W. W. Chunn, living near Farmington, Graves county, after a lingering illness of typhoid fever and kidney trouble. Mr. Chunn was about 33 years of age and was a well known young man. He served Calloway county in the lower house of the Kentucky legislature for two terms. The body was laid to rest Sunday in the Antioch grave yard.

Miss Ola Edwards left the past week for Uniontown, Ky.; Miss Fay Houston for Lexington, Tenn., and Misses Verna Robertson and Tommie Kirkland for Paducah, where they will be employed this year as teachers in the schools of the various places.

WILL YEAR OF 1916 BE SUMMERLESS

Some of our contemporaries are speculating over the possibility that the year 1916 will be summerless. The year 1816, the year after the disastrous end of the Napoleonic wars, had scarcely enough summer to be worth mentioning and the theory seems to be that the terrific bombardments on European battlefields are bound to have a similar effect upon weather conditions next year.

June of 1816, we are told, was a month of frost and ice. New England, Ohio and Pennsylvania were covered with snow. June 17 there was a great snowstorm and flocks of sheep were overwhelmed and suffocated. The ice was an inch thick on the Fourth of July and August 20th wittnessed a heavy fall of snow. Not until September were normal climate conditions restored.

The notion is that history will repeat itself after the passage of a century and the alarming thought in this connection is that, if the amount of explosives used in Nopoleanic wars caused all the derangement of meteorological conditions, the amount used in the present war is likely to keep the temperature at 40 below zero, at least, all next summer. It surely is time for universal disarmament.—Ohio State Journal.

River Hills

No marriages or deaths to report.

Boon Outland and Tilden Edridge each have two children seriously ill with typhoid fever.

Weather is very warm and cutting tobacco is the order of the day.

A good move is being made to build a new church at Russells Chapel. It is much needed. The writer is a wisher to the neighborhood, and some of the biggest hearted people on earth live in that section.

Mr. Jeff Rushing, of Rushings Creek, is teaching a singing school at Center Ridge for the good people.

We understand that S. L. Evans, the over-seer on a section of the Newberg and Murray road has the first Monday in October set for the work on the big hill near his home. The hill is to be graded from top to bottom and the gravel at the top is to be dynamited and then spread to bottom. Mr. Evans has the promise of help from a number of the best citizens on the road and in the commmnity. Since the hauling from the River to Murray, all who travel this road, have to load for this big and bad hill. The entire community has a cordial invitation to help one, two or three days on this big hill. It's the neighborhood's road. Lots of help makes a good road up this long bad hill. Evans will be glad if the county would furnish the dynamite to work on this hill. He thinks the way to have good roads is to work them and so do I.

Clint Stewart says he is going to have the best section of road from J. R. Hicks to Blood, Ky. If there are any two fellows who can do that and start the good road move I am sure all other overseers can do likewise. Now who next.—Ho Bo.

Special Display ...Of... Elzee Hats

You will find this showing of special interest, as nearly every hat possesses some new feature—a color, ornament or material that is typical of the Smartest Fall Millinery.

Thursday & Friday, Sept. 23 and 24, IS THE Formal Opening. Don't Miss It.

Mrs. Inez B. Sale
MURRAY, KENTUCKY

Married.

Friday afternoon at the home of the brides parents, Mr. Frank Radford and Miss Archlie Stephens were united in matrimony. Rev. Hart, of Murray, was the officiating minister. The groom is a popular young teacher of the county and is now principal of the Coldwater graded school, which has been in session since the first of August. The bride is a popular and attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Stephens who live a few miles west of Hazel.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Radford came to Hazel and boarded the evening train for a trip to Dawson Springs, returning Sunday afternoon.—Hazel News.

Colds Do Not Leave Willingly.

Because a cold is stubborn is no reason why you should be. Instead of "wearing" it out, get sure relief by taking Dr. King's New Discovery. Dangerous bronchial and lung ailments often follow a cold which has been neglected at the begginning. As your body faithfully battles those cold germs, no better aid can be given than the use of this remedy. Its merit has been tested by old and young. Get a bottle to-day. 50c. and $1.00.

Murray Route 5.

Cutting tobacco is the order of the day.

We have a fine crop of tobacco but corn has been damaged by wind and rain.

Those who attended the W. O. W. rally at Murray last week report a nice time.

Some few of the farmers have pledged their tobacco to the association for three years, and think there will be some more pledged soon.

Mr. Isam Marbery was called to the bedside of his dying father last Tuesday evening.—Humbug.

Now Open for Business.

The First National Bank, of Murray, Ky., opened its doors for business Wednesday morning of this week. Mr. Thos. Stokes, the organizer, has accepted the position of cashier. The new banking concern enters the field under very flattering circumstances and promises to rapidly forge to the front as one of the leading institutions of the character in Western Kentucky. It is the first national bank ever organized in this county and the fact that its affairs are regulated by the federal government will give it a strong prestige among the people.

Joe Williams, north of the city a few miles, lost his tobacco barn and about eight hundred stick of tobacco by fire Monday night of this week. Just how the fire originated is not known, as Mr. Williams and son had only left the building a very few minutes when the fire was discovered.

EASTERN BATTLES ARE UNABATING

AUSTRO-GERMAN FORCES MAKE SLOW PROGRESS AGAINST STRONG DEFENSIVE.

WEATHER HELPS RUSSIANS

Swollen Rivers and Soggy Marshes Caused by Heavy Rains Retards Invaders' Progress.—Entire Line Active.

London.—There is still no sign of waning in the battles which are being fought along the eastern front that now runs almost directly north and south from Riga to the Roumanian frontier. From Riga southward to the Galician border, the Germans and Austrians, who are continually receiving re-enforcements and supplies of munitions by railway and river, are endeavoring to force their way to the Dvina, and the main trunk of the important railway lines.

The Russians continue their offensive and, according to their accounts, with excellent results. The Austro-German offensive is making slow but steady headway, particularly along the road to Glonim and Pinsk. Elsewhere, the German official reports daily recount the capture of a few thousand prisoners with machine guns.

The Germans' big effort, however, it is expected, will be made against Vilna and Dvinsk, westward of which town heavy engagements are being fought. Having reached the Dvina at Friedrichstadt, and drive the Russians across the river, the Germans are in a better position to advance on Dvinsk, as there is no danger of any outflanking movement. The slowness of the operations probably is due largely to the condition of the country and the heavy roads.

Every day's delay is giving the Russians a breathing space and enables them to make preparations for great resistance on chosen lines protected by marshes and swollen rivers.

SITUATION IS AGAIN TENSE

Washington Does Not Accept German Explanation and Refused to Indemnify Arabic Losses.

Washington.—The sinking of the Arabic by a German submarine looms up again as an incident which still may be denounced by this government as a "deliberately unfriendly act."

This possibility has caused a revival of the suggestion that diplomatic relations with Germany may have to be broken off. The State Department has yet no official information that Germany is about to send a second note of explanation of the incident.

The reply of Germany on the Arabic was received with amazement and intense dissatisfaction by the highest officials and the president himself considered it for several hours. It was ascertained that the official text differed very slightly from the text as published in the newspapers.

The general comment is that Germany has made a very serious mistake by offering an explanation which can scarcely be accepted. Officials were not slow to point out that all accounts except those from German sources, stated that the German submarine was not seen at all, and therefore the inference was strong against the story that the Arabic changed her course for the purpose of ramming the submarine.

At the State Department it was admitted Germany's note is hardly clear. Officials were unable to reconcile the defense offered at the recent assurances to Secretary of State Lansing that Germany would give full satisfaction to the United States if it were proved that a German submarine sank the Arabic.

Instead of that Germany has set up the defense that the Arabic attempted to ram the submarine and has indicated that the commander had no proof of that theory, except his own, "that such was the intention of the liner."

Zeppelin Is Lost.

Rotterdam.—A traveler from Brussels confirm the recent loss of a Zeppelin. He saw the Zeppelin over Malines, traveling in the direction of Brussels. Arriving in Brussels a few hours later, he heard that the airship had been destroyed on landing. Thousans of Belgians rushed to the spot to see what to them was a joyful sight. It appears that the Zeppelin was destroyed while attempting to enter a hangar. Two of the crew were killed and others were injured.

Teutons On Strike.

Chicago.—Seventy-five German and Austrian machinists, employed by Toris, Wold & Co., tool manufacturers, struck when they learned the company had taken a contract to make tools to be used in manufacturing shrapnel for the allies. William Toris, president of the company, said: "The men have no reason that we know of for striking. They made no demand for higher wages, shorter hours or changes in working conditions. They just walked out and tied up our plants."

ZEPPELINS STRIKE LONDON

20 Killed 86 Injured In German Air Attack on Historic Center of City.—Damage Done.

London.—The Zeppelin raid on London on the night of Sept. 8 resulted in the death of 20 persons and the injury of 86 others, according to official announcement made here. This makes a total of 33 persons killed and 129 injured in the raids on two successive nights.

The most alarming features of this latest visit of the Zeppelins, however, was that they invaded the heart of the city, the western part—wherein are located such landmarks as St. James Palace, Westminster Abbey, the Parliament buildings, the Charing Cross railroad station, the fashionable residential districts, and, on the edge, the great factories and warehouses.

This fact is not contained in the meager accounts of the raid issued by the official press bureau, and, as heretofore, the newspapers are allowed to publish only such information as is given out. The information, however, is given in the following official German statement received here:

"Our naval airships attacked during the nights of Sept. 8 and 9 the western part of the city of London, the great factories near Norwich and the harbor works and iron works at Middlesboro. There were heavy explosions and numerous fires were observed. Our airships were heavily fired at by hostile batteries, but all returned safely.

"During the previous night other establishments in London and vicinity were bombarded with explosive and incendiary bombs, and the effect was very satisfactory."

The complete casualty list as given out follows:

Killed, 12 men, two women and six children. Injured seriously, eight men, four women and two children; injured slightly, 38 men, 23 women and 11 children. One soldier was killed and three were injured. The American embassy reports that there were no Americans either killed or injured.

WAS HIT BY GLANCING BLOW

Captain of Arabic Was Changing His Course Away From Danger When the Torpedo Struck.

London.—According to the affidavit made by Capt. Finch, commander of the Arabic, before Consul Lee Washington, in Liverpool, the torpedo struck the ship approximately 90 feet forward of the stern on the starboard side, directly beneath the wireless house.

When the torpedo was fired the Arabic's course was approximately at right angles to the submarine, the latter being approximately 300 feet distant.

Simultaneously with the discovery of the wake of the torpedo Capt. Finch starboarded his helm with the result that by the time the torpedo reached the ship the Arabic was pointed away from the submarine. Had the Arabic held her course the torpedo would have struck her a direct blow squarely amidships.

As it was, the torpedo hit about 200 feet aft of amidships, a glancing blow. The course of the Arabic was not changed until the torpedo was actually fired.

CARRANZA REFUSES PARLEY

Mexican First Chief in Note to the United States Claims His Rule Must Be Recognized.

Vera Cruz.—Gen. Venustiano Carranza, first chief of the constitutionalist party, has declined to acquiesce in the invitation of the diplomatic representatives of the United States and the Latin-American countries that he join the leaders of the various factions in Mexico in an endeavor to bring about peace.

The reply of Gen. Carranza, which was handed to John R. Silliman, President Wilson's representative in Mexico, on Sept. 10, said that Gen. Carranza could not consent that the interior affairs of the republic be handled by mediation or by the initiative of any foreign government.

Von Tirpitz Remains.

Amsterdam.—Reports that Admiral Von Tirpitz, German minister of marine, intends to resign are inventions, although it is true that he plans to take a brief vacation. A dispatch from Amsterdam Sept. 3 said it was reported in Berlin that Admiral Von Tirpitz would resign and be succeeded by Admiral Von Pohl, now chief of the admiralty staff and commander of the Baltic fleet.

Greek War Conference On.

Athens.—Conferences have been begun between Premier Venizzelos and King Constantine. Until they have been completed, it is improbable Greece will adopt a definite policy in regard to the international situation

Uncover Arson Syndicate.

St. Louis.—Insurance agents, human "torches" and unnamed prominent business men comprised the personnel of an arson syndicate uncovered by the police. These incendiaries, the police say, are responsible for most of the big fires which have puzzled fire and police departments here for five years, and the profits of the arson syndicate, the police say, run into millions of dollars. So far one insurance agent and four "torches" have been arrested.

FRENCH LINER ON FIRE IN MIDOCEAN

WIRELESS FROM SANT' ANNA SAYS HELP WANTED AT ONCE.

RELIEF SHIPS ON THE WAY

Grave Fears Felt For Seventeen Hundred Italian Reservists Aboard Fabre Line Ship Returning to Join Army.

The steamship Sant' Anna of the Fabre Line, which left New York on Sept. 8 with between 1,600 and 1,700 Italian reservists and about 50 women and children passengers aboard for Marseilles and Naples, has been reported on fire nearly due east of New York and due south of New Foundland.

The wireless station at Cape Race, on the southeast tip of New Foundland, has picked up a wireless message from the Sant' Anna and has sent out a powerful wireless appeal to all steamships to hurry to the aid of the burning steamship.

This wireless message, as received by the Marine Department here at 130 o'clock on the morning of Sept. 13, reads:

"Steamer Sant' Anna in distress, on fire and in need of assistance. Position, latitude 40.23 north; longitude 47.30 west."

It is believed that this message also has been picked up by steamships nearer to the Sant' Anna than the government vessels in the harbor here and that they are on their way to the vessel in distress. However, the government is preparing to send relief vessels from here.

Fear is expressed here that if the fire is so serious that a distress call was sent out the steamship is in the gravest danger, if, indeed, the worst has not happened.

As the Sant' Anna was on the southern route for the Mediterranean she was far from the move traveled route to the north, used by vessels plying between New York and England and therefore may not be in the vicinity of vessels that can aid her or save her passengers.

MAY ASK OTHER RECALLS

German Military Attache, Austrian Consul and Hungarian Editor May Have to Leave United States.

Washington.—The concensus of opinion in official circles is that the request by this government for the recall of Dr. Constantin Theodore Dumba, the Austrian ambassador, will be followed by action against the following persons:

Capt. Franz von Papen of the German army, military attache of the German embassy.

The Austrian consul-general at New York, Alexander Nuber von Pereked.

The editor of the Hungarian newspaper, Szabadsag, a New York publication, who prepared a memorandum for Dr. Dumba on a plan for inciting strikes in certain American factories.

James F. J. Archibald, the bearer of the incriminating correspondence.

The case of Dr. Dumba, therefore, appears to have developed into the most sensational incident of its kind in American diplomatic history.

The growing opinion is that the United States will be forced to ask Germany to recall Capt. von Papen for two reasons:

That he has been shown by the intercepted letter from Dr. Dumba to the Austrian foreign office to have been equally interested in the plan to cause dsiturbances in American munitions factories, and that in a letter he wrote to his wife he referred slurringly to this government.

It is understood Capt. von Papen spoke of a statement he had prepared as something which "Washington officialdom would swallow."

The State Department regards the case of Capt. von Papen as the most important of the four. The highest officials said they would not assume the correctness of newspaper reports concerning the contents of Capt. von Papen's letters. They took the same ground with reference to Ambassador Dumba. His case was cleared up by a personal explanation to the secretary of state and it is extremely likely that a similar course will be pursued with reference to Capt. von Papen.

Insurance Commission For Alabama.

Montgomery.—Alabama is to have an insurance commission, a bill providing for this department of the state government being passed in the legislature.

Order Court-Martial of Colonel.

Washington.—Lieut. Col. L. F. Goodier, U. S. A., stationed at San Francisco, has been ordered before a general court-martial at San Francisco, Oct. 1. The formal charge is conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline.

S. Marines to Haiti.

New Orleans.—Company S, Second Regiment, U. S. marines, will leave the local naval station in the near future for duty in Haiti, according to announcement here.

U. S. ASK RECALL OF DUMBA

Austrian Ambassador, Charged With Fomenting Strikes in U. S., No Longer Acceptable Here.

Washington.—The United States has asked for the recall of Dr. Constantin Theodore Dumba, Austrian ambassador to this country.

"The department has instructed Ambassador Penfield at Vienna to deliver to the minister for foreign affairs the following note:

"'Mr. Constantin Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador at Washington, has admitted that he proposed to his government plans to instigate strikes in American manufacturing plants engaged in the production of munitions of war. The information reached this government through a copy of a letter of the ambassador to his government. The bearer was an American citizen named Archibald, who was traveling under an American passport.

"'By reason of the admitted purpose and intent of Mr. Dumba to conspire to cripple legitimate industries of the people of the United States and to interrupt their legitimate trade, and by reason of the flagrant violation of diplomatic propriety in employing an American citizen, protected by an American passport, as a secret bearer of official dispatches through the lines of the enemy of Austria-Hungary, the president directs me to inform your excellency that Mr. Dumba is no longer acceptable to the government of the United States as the ambassador.

"'Believing that the imperial and royal government will realize that the government of the United States has no alternative but to request the recall of Mr. Dumba, on account of his improper conduct, the government of the United States expresses its deep regret that this course has become necessary, and assures the imperial and royal government that it sincerely desires to continue the cordial and friendly relations which exist between the United States and Austria-Hungary.'"

GERMAN GAIN IN VOSGES

Advance Against French Accomplished by Aid of Gases.—Many Artillery Duels Are Continuous.

London.—The Germans have repeated in the Vosges Mountains and in Artois attempts made to break through the French lines in the Argonne forest. This seemingly indicates that the long expected offensive in the west will not much longer be delayed.

In these attacks the Germans claim that they occupied some French trenches. The French admit this, but say the German progress was accomplished by asphyxiating gases, and that in counter attacks the French regained most of their lost ground at Hartmans-Weilerkopf, and later repulsed another violent attack against that position.

Hartmans-Weilerkopf, which was taken by the French during their spring and summer operations, probably has been the scene of as much hard fighting as any place on the whole front. It has changed hands a dozen times. The Germans by assault on Sept. 9 again got a footing on the summit, but, according to the French, were driven down again during the night. Outside these events, the armies in the west have been engaged in almost continuous artillery duels, bomb throwing and air raids.

TRAGEDY AT CARLISLE, ARK.

Four Dead As Result of Negro Killing Wife.—Murderer Suicides Rather Then Be Captured.

Carlisle, Ark.—Two white men are dead, a third is dying and two negroes are dead here, the result of the murder by her husband of the wife of a negro, Pat Bowers, on Sept. 12, the subsequent chase of the negro, who barricaded himself in his home and took his own life rather than be captured by the mob.

The dead are: Dr. C. L. Crawford, J. K. Johnson, Pat Bowers, negro; Pat Bowers' wife.

Fatally injured: Chester Crawford.

Bowers' wife had left him and was living with a negro named Nichols and the former went to the Nichols' home in an effort to force her to return to his home. Nichols and the Bowers negro quarreled and Nichols drew a gun which Bowers took from him and turned on his wife, killing her instantly. The Nichols negro fled. After the killing Bowers left for the home of his father, three miles north of Carlisle, where he expressed his determination not to be taken alive.

It was in an attempt to place Bowers under arrest that Mr. Johnson and Dr. Crawford were killed by gunfire from windows. When Sheriff Swain arrived and entered the house Bowers was found dead with a bullet through his head.

Try to Crush Villa.

Washington.—Administration officials here are watching closely the military situation in Central Mexico, where Carranza's forces are planning to launch a general attack against the Villa army either at Torreon or Chihuahua.

Unofficial reports have reached Washington that Villa is planning to evacuate Torreon and concentrate his forces at Chihuahua for the struggle with Carranza generals whose recent successes have paved the way for an attemnt to close in and crush Villa.

City's Location.

A woman from the South visiting New York for the first time was much agitated when, after being conveyed through the Hudson tube, she found herself in another subway. Rushing up to a knowing-looking individual, she asked, in an agitated tone:

"Sir, do please tell me where is New York?"

"Lady," said he, with the utmost gravity, "it's right at the top of those stairs."—Harper's Magazine.

The wise man learns from observation rather than from experience.

His Knowledge Limited.

"Do you know all the latest dance steps, Mr. Gayboy?" asked the debutante.

"Certainly."

"Will you teach some of the very latest to me?"

"What I meant was that I know 'em when I see 'em."

The stingy man who gives away the things he can't use or sell, imagines he has a strangle hold on charity.

It's no use in trying to convince a mule that he is stubborn.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and a FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: "*A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death.*" The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

FIXED IT IN HER MEMORY

Ingenious Method by Which Lawrence Hutton Cured Waitress of Her Forgetfulness.

The late Lawrence Hutton used to say that having to take a little trouble would impress a fact on anyone's memory so that he would never be able to forget it. In illustration he would tell this story:

"Our waitress, Maggie, could never remember to put the salt on the table, and time after time Mrs. Hutton would remind her to do it. One morning it was absent, as usual, and I said: 'Maggie, where is the stepladder?'

"'It's in the pantry, sir.'

"'Please bring it in, Maggie,' I said, kindly.

"Maggie brought it in with a look of wonder on her face.

"'Put it right beside the table,' I commanded; and when she had done so I added: 'Now, I want you to climb up to the top of it, look all over the table and see if there is any salt there.'

"Maggie never forgot the salt again."—Youth's Companion.

The Latest.

"You ought to see my new flat."

"Any special features?"

"Well, I should say. A folding stove and a built-in piano."

Lusitania was formerly the name of Portugal.

Pessimism.

"There's something in this world besides money."

"Yes," said the cynic; "there's the poorhouse."—Detroit Free Press.

Too many people are like cider—they become sour with age.

Libby's Vienna Sausage and Sliced Dried Beef

Both contain less heat producing properties than heavy meats.

Try them for summer luncheons and picnic tidbits.

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

Insist on Libby's at your grocer's

10c Worth of DU PONT Will Clear $1.00 Worth of Land

Get rid of the stumps and grow big crops on cleared land. Now is the time to clean up your farm while products bring high prices. Blasting is quickest, cheapest and easiest with Low Freezing Du Pont Explosives. They work in cold weather.

Write for Free Handbook of Explosives No. 69F, and name of nearest dealer.

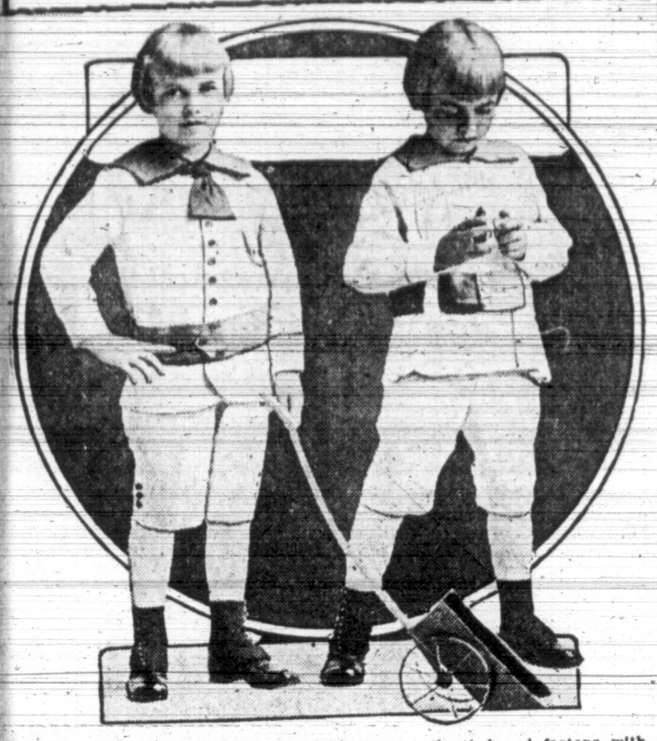
DU PONT POWDER COMPANY
WILMINGTON DELAWARE

A Coffee Pot almost as tall as the Statue of Liberty

To brew all the Arbuckles' Coffee used every week would require a coffee pot almost as tall as the Statue of Liberty—305 feet high.

Get a package of Arbuckles' Coffee, either whole bean or ground, from your grocer today. Learn why it is by far the most popular coffee in America. Arbuckle signatures are good for premiums. Save them. Write for our big free premium catalog. Arbuckle Bros., 71-Y5 Water Street, New York.

Heavy Wash Fabrics for Everyday Suits



Suits for little boys under six, like those for little girls, are made of wash fabrics for both summer and winter. Heavy linens and cottons in strong weaves and in fast colors that stand strenuous wear and much tubbing, are used in the new suits for daily wear which have just been brought out.

When the little gentleman is dressed for a grand occasion he wears velvet and looks princely in it. The simple tub suits for every day make it possible to keep him refreshingly clean in spite of the fact that the small chap is usually oblivious to dirt and has a faculty for gathering it.

Two of the new models for little boys' suits are shown here. They leave nothing to be desired in excellence of design, style or thoroughly practical wearing qualities.

At the right a suit of linen rep is pictured with collar and belt in plain brown. Smocking across the front of the blouse gives it the requisite fullness. Straps of the white linen are stitched to the blouse and support a belt of the brown linen fastening with three bone buttons at the front. The collar is a small sailor pattern in brown linen but the cuffs are made of the same linen as the suit.

At the left a suit in the same color combination is shown finished with black buttons, and a black silk tie. The belt is posed lower on the figure than in the other model and is supported by narrow straps of the brown linen sewed on at each side. A pocket with flap finished with two buttons is a smart and practical item in the detail of the blouse. The small tie does not extend around the neck. It is permanently tied and fastens with a snap fastener under the collar at the right side. The black horn buttons make an especially fine color touch with the black tie, in combination with the white and brown of the suit.

Shoes with cloth tops are shown with these suits. They are more dressy than need be for daily wear. They are broad as to toe and have the lowest of heels like the shoes of plain leather which are the sensible choice for the rough-and-tumble little boy.

Victorian Sleeve Revived.

Another Victorian revival is the puffed sleeve coming midway between shoulder and elbow. Thus far these sleeves adorn only evening gowns, the long sleeve to the wrist being used on all bodices and blouses for day wear. Low-necked waists are filled in at the top with gathered tuckers—another dainty Victorian feature of dress—and the decolletage is growing round instead of V-shaped as the season advances. Dimity and flowered organdie find special favor and lavender—the color of colors in demure Victorian days—is particularly fashionable.

The belle of 1820 veiled herself partly for coquetry and partly to protect her complexion, for tan was considered a disgrace then, as rough, red hands would be now. Over the quaint poke bonnets of this summer will be thrown graceful veils in bordered and vine patterns and from the tiny hat floats a short, flaring veil such as the 1830 belle affected.

Bead Work and Needle Craft in Fall Millinery

Among the really new things that have appeared on the millinery horizon for fall, the bead ornaments and bead work which adorn many of the hats, are the most novel. Also they are very handsome. Now that Americans are learning how to rely upon themselves for artistry in creating headwear, it seems specially appropriate that they should have drawn an inspiration from the original Americans—the red men who have used beads always. And anyone who will examine a collection of headwear or other apparel, of many Indian tribes, will develop a respect for the art of its makers and for their patient work.

Beads and needlework are the new touches appearing on the two fall hats shown here. The shapes are wide-brimmed sailors, covered with velvet.

The hat at the right is in a strong, bright shade of blue velvet. About the crown a heavy silk floss appears in parallel rows of even stitches and this decoration appears in four rows at the edge of the upper brim. At the front many strands of white beads are knotted and fastened to the top crown. The strands terminate in bead-covered balls fastened to the brim at each side.

The black velvet hat at the left is embroidered with a spider's web in woolen yarn. This is spread over the crown and part of the brim. A large and capable-looking fly is held on the web by a pin of which he is the head. Athough provided with jeweled eyes he seems to see no danger of becoming entangled, or if he does he scorns to heed it.

The story of bead ornaments is only just begun and the idea is a good one; therefore there is every reason to believe that we shall see very interesting developments of it as the fall season advances. Among the most attractive of the head ornaments shown so far are those of white and black beads applied to the body of the hat in geometrical figures. White predominates in these figures, and the dark colors that are fashionable for the body of hats make the best of backgrounds for bead embroidery.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

Paquin's Method.

Paquin strikes the military note in his summer collection in his breast plate bodices, gauntlet cuffs, field uniform tailleurs and the cut of his artillery coats and capotes. In his afternoon costumes the civilian reappears, and they are simple and charming and quite in the note of the present styles, with their 1830 outline.

VIGOROUS FIGHT WILL BE RESUMED

NEW SECRETARY TAKES CHARGE OF OFFICE OF STATE TUBERCULOSIS COMMISSION.

CO-OPERATE WITH PHYSICIANS

Prevention and Segregation Are Two Methods Col. Maus Will Adopt to Eradicate Disease.

(Special Frankfort Correspondence.)

Frankfort, Ky.—Assuming charge of the office of the state tuberculosis commission, Col. L. M. Maus, the newly elected secretary of the commission, said that he hopes to co-operate with physicains and health societies of the state in the eradication of this plague.

As soon as possible he expects to have the name of every person in the state afflicted with the disease listed in his office. The rich and moderately wealthy persons suffering from this trouble will be cared for by their own people. The state will be interested in caring for the indigent consumptives.

Tuberculosis conditions in this state are reported to be bad. In Frankfort the tuberculosis nurse has reported that in four blocks of this city she has found 25 open cases. In her search so far she has not gone four blocks from her office. As soon as the list is complete Col. Maus will begin his war on the disease. Another source from which he expects great assistance is the hotel inspector's department. He will learn from this department the precautions that the hotel keepers, boarding houses and public houses are taking to prevent the infection of their guests. Prevention and segregation are the two methods that Col. Maus will adopt to eradicate the disease.

Case Goes Over Till December.

When the September term of the Franklin circuit court convened the case of Thomas Byars, commissioner of motor vehicles, charged with appropriating the state's money, was continued until the December term.

Enoch Waits, former messenger in the state library, was released on $500 bond. He is charged with taking Kentucky reports from the library and selling them.

In charging the grand jury Judge Stout warned the jurors that it is not the province of a grand jury to constitute itself a censor of the morals of a community, but to search out offenses against the law. He cautioned them not to permit the grand jury to be used to accomplish the private ill will or malice of any one. He mentioned bribery in elections as one of the most serious menaces to free institutions. "It has become a practice," he said. "It has reached the point of being almost open." He reminded them that good citizens were sitting by and watching the money power by the purchase of votes offset and overcome their influence in elections. "Debauch the electorate and it must follow that those charged with the administration of government will be corrupt."

Delay Is Justified.

The delay of the Lonisville & Nashville in opening its branch from Winchester to Irvine, of which Winchester citizens have complained, is justified in the opinion of Railroad Commissioner Green Garrett and a committee of leading Winchester men, who took a trip over the new line as guests of the railroad. The unsettled fills and cuts continue to give trouble by sliding, and the committee, in a communication to the state railroad commission, admits that the line is still unsafe for passenger traffic.

Waits' Case Continued.

Announcing in advance that he will plead guilty when his case in the Franklin court is called, Enoch Waits, former messenger in the state library, under indictment for selling Kentucky reports out of the library, asked that he be allowed liberty under bond until he can make arrangements for the care of his wife and infant child. Commonwealth's Attorney Victor Bradley communicated his request to the court with a recommendation that it be granted, and his case was continued until the January term.

Open New Thoroughfare.

A bridge that will cost $14,445 is to be constructed across Tug river at Williamson, W. Va. A. C. Pinson, mayor of Williamson, and Judge H. H. Stallard, of Pike county, were in conference with R. C. Terrell, state road commissioner, to ascertain what assistance the county of Pike would receive from the state in the construction of this bridge. The bridge will open a new thoroughfare from Kentucky into West Virginia.

Go To Farmers' Congress.

Kentucky will be represented at the Farmers' National Congress, which will convene at Omaha, September 28, by the following delegates appointed by Gov. McCreary: William Cook, Bowling Green; C. E. Barker, Pembroke; A. K. Walker, Lancaster; L. L. Byrnes, Uniontown; T. C. Hedges, Taylorsville; James McKee, Versailles; A. H. Cardin, Marion; Robert Estill and John Hughes, Lexington; James Parks, Kingston; Harry B. Hanger, Jacob S. Collins and Burrill Million, Richmond, and Mohte Fox, Danville.

Life Termers Freed.

The Kentucky prison commission has granted the following paroles, which were approved by Gov. McCreary: William Taylor, Jefferson, murder, life; George T. Pierce, Larue, life; Jene Herndon, Jefferson, parole violator; Joe Sterling, Rowan, life; Ernst Hays, Madison, manslaughter, 21 years; John Collins, Rowan, incest, 8 years; Jobe Harper, Carroll, murder, life; Frank Lewis, Fayette, parole violator; Ben Perry, Logan, malicious shooting, two counts, 5 years each; Tom Bryant, Simpson, murder, life; S. L. Bland, Barren, 2 to 10 years for forgery; William Dean, Pendleton, robbery, 2 to 10 years; Sam Hall, Webster, detaining a woman, 2 to 10 years; Austin Shotwell, Campbell, incest, 2 to 21 years; Tom Temple, Barren, manslaughter, 2 to 21 years; C. A. Chapman, Lyon, bigamy, 3 to 9 years; Oliver Alexander, Clark, chicken stealing, 1 to 5 years; Newt Arnold, Pendleton, manslaughter, 2 to 21 years; Wm. Bell, Boone, manslaughter, 2 to 21 years; Lis Burnett, Monroe, malicious shooting; William Lander, Jefferson, malicious shooting, 1 to 5 years; Daniel Mason, Rockcastle, breaking into railroad car, 2 to 10 years; Pat Ewen, Jefferson, grand larceny, 1 to 5 years; Cleveland Moorelock, Letcher, housebreaking, 1 to 5 years; Pen Ford, Calloway, manslaughter, 2 to 21 years; George L. Hall, Bell, manslaughter, 2 to 21 years; Will Isaacs, Letcher, grand larceny, 1 to 5 years; Ray Morton, Campbell, breaking into storehouse, 1 to 5 years, and Thos. Tracy, Breathitt county, perjury, 1 to 5 years

Exhibition of Game Birds.

A wonderful display of game birds will be exhibited at the State fair by the state game and fish commission. It will be one of the best collections in the country, including 12 of the 19 varieties of true pheasants as follows: Silver (aviary), China; English Ringneck (game); Amherst (aviary), China; Swinhoe (aviary), China; Reeves (game), China; Versicolor (game), Japan; Mongolian (game), China; Prince of Wales (game), Afghanistan; Impeyan (aviary), India; Manchurian Eared (aviary), Manchuria; Golden (aviary), China. In large pens will be white peafowl and wild turkeys. Among the ducks will be the blue wing teal, wood and mallard (United States); rosybilled and white faced tree (South America); Australian wild ducks, Mandarin (Japan); Formosan teal (Formosa); Gangany teal and ring teal (South America), and Australian wild geese.

Loses Railway Fight.

Judge A. M. J. Cochran dismissed in the United States district court the petition of W. S. Lougee, of Cleveland, O., to share in the proceeds of the sale of the Frankfort street railway system. He sued James W. Pickrell, John C. Noel, of Frankfort, who was president; J. T. Buckley, who was general manager, and R. D. Armstrong. Lougee claimed an equity in a fourth of the stock, $600,000, and $5,000 commission in a deal with a Cincinnati syndicate to purchase the plant. To secure an outstanding obligation all the stocks and bonds, including Lougee's holdings, were pledged. Then the plant was sold to Guy Mallon for $105,000 and $20,000 in bonds. Lougee demanded an equivalent share in the proceeds, but the court held that the parties defendant had no connection with his transaction and he had no cause of action against them.

School Suit in Appellate Court.

An injunction suit from Fayette county testing the question of whether any common school district containing a high school, or the county board, may select the teachers for the common grades or whether they must select from nominations made by the sub-district trustees. Trustee William Burns, of the Athens district, who recommends for teachers Jessie Lee Tilton and Bessie Riddell secured an injunction before Judge Kerr restraining county superintendent and board from appointing without his recommendation other teachers and the case was submitted to Judge Settle, of the court of appeals, on a motion to dissolve the injunction. J. A. Edge appeared for Burns, Geo. Webb, and J P. Johnston for the board.

Terrell Cuts Pie.

R. C. Terrell, commissioner of public roads, has made the following appointments in his department; Mrs. Frank Freeman, of Louisville, assistant stenographer, $60 a month; C. P. Schneider, transferred from the position of assistant engineer to the position of draftsman at a salary of $90 a month; R. M. Hollinsworth, of this city, assistant draftsman, at a salary of $75 a month.

How To Fill Vacancy.

Inquiries have been made by the Republican county committee of Lewis about the proper method of filling the vacancy of the ticket, due to the death of Dr. H. C. Fultz, candidate for senator in the Thirty-first district, composed of Lewis and Mason.

Col. L. M. Maus Elected.

The state tuberculosis commission met and elected Col. L. M. Maus, U. S. A. Medical corps, retired, who was at the head of the department of health at Manila following the American occupation, as secretary to succeed Roy L. French.

Martin Is Appointed.

Gov. McCreary appointed Col. A. D. Martin, of this city, a delegate to represent Kentucky at the American Prison Congress, which meets in Oakland, Cal., October 9 to 14.

WHO IS WHO NOW

CAMPBELL AS HACK DRIVER

Representative Phillip Pitt Campbell of Kansas has grand manners that surpass those of a lord, or an archduke, or a head waiter.

Campbell's family had occupied a cottage in the country near Washington during the summer, and, one night, desiring to move back into the city, they hired a hack.

On the way Campbell noticed that the man on the box out in front was driving rather recklessly. He investigated and found that the driver was frankly drunk.

It was dangerous to allow him to drive along the road, and even more so to trust him in the thick traffic of the city. So there was only one thing to do. Campbell had to change places with the driver.

So he sought to change clothes with the driver. But the driver's brass-buttoned coat would not fit him. However, the high hat of true coachman design did fit him; and Campbell put it on. He ushered the driver into the carriage, and then he, the congressman, mounted the seat out in front.

"And," says Campbell ruefully, as he relates the episode, "in a way the most disheartening feature of the whole thing was the fact that I was not recognized. Ah, to think that merely by changing my hat I could so easily be accepted as a hack driver!"

"GRANDMOTHER" OF REVOLT

Mme. Catherine Breshkovskaya, seventy-one years old, known as the "grandmother of the Russian revolution," has been exiled to Bulune, last outpost on the icy frontier of the North pole region. Only two political exiles have been sent to Bulune, it is said, in the last 20 years. For seven months of the year the hamlet is cut off from communication, even by post, from the outside world by arctic snows.

Then years ago Mme. Breshkovskaya visited New York and made addresses, including one at Cooper Union, on Russian conditions. She collected $10,000 for the revolutionary cause, and it was said that that was partly responsible for her arrest and imprisonment in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul.

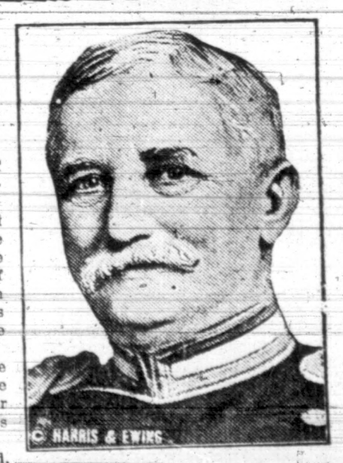
There she remained for two and a half years before being tried with Nicholas Tschaikovsky, another revolutionist. Meanwhile petitions were drawn up here and in other American cities, signed by many well-known persons and forwarded to Czar Nicholas. Mme. Breshkovskaya succeeded in escaping with the aid of a revolutionist named Anfreef, who exchanged clothes with her, but was recaptured four days later near the border. Then she was convicted for trying to escape and sent to Siberia.

ORIGINAL PETE RUSSELL

William W. Russell, who has been appointed minister to the Dominican Republic, was at one time a cadet at the United States Naval academy at Annapolis, where he was known as "Pete." How his fellow middies got Pete out of William is not known, but not only was he Pete, but such was his fame that every boy named Russell who has reported at the academy from that day to this instantly has been dubbed Pete. There are more yarns in the navy among the fairly old timers about Pete Russell than about any other man who ever saw academy service. Pete was pranky, a fact that was given due attention by the authorities. Pete also was popular and so he remains. The tales of his doings as a middy show that diplomacy was not then his marked characteristic, but he is now credited with being one of the best of Uncle Sam's diplomatists.

Mr. Russell is a Maryland man and has been in the diplomatic service nearly twenty years. He was at Caracas during the rule of Cipriano Castro.

DRUMMER BOY OF CHICKAMAUGA



"Johnny Clem, the drummer boy of Chickamauga," was retired recently with the rank of brigadier general. He was the last Civil war veteran to be removed from the active list, on which he had the rank of colonel. He went to the front at the age of ten years.

After he had been in the thick of the battle at Chickamauga he was discovered by a Confederate colonel.

The boy cut a strange figure amid the bloody scenes of that day. He was scarcely twelve years old. He had his drum, and also the sawed-off musket that the soldiers had given him. He presented such a ludicrous appearance that the Confederate laughed.

The boy did not see the joke. He whipped up his musket, fired three shots at the colonel, and, under cover of darkness, made his way back to his regiment.

From that day his fame spread, and he has been known ever since as the Drummer Boy of Chickamauga.

He was made a sergeant just after the battle of Chickamauga and was the youngest noncommissioned officer who ever served in the United States army.

His service won the attention of General Grant, who, when he became president, gave him a commission without making him take the course at West Point. In 1874 he was made first lieutenant; in 1882 he became a captain, a major in 1895, a lieutenant colonel in 1901, and a colonel in 1903.

There is talk of introducing in congress a bill to make him a major gene

EASTERN BATTLES ARE UNABATING

AUSTRO-GERMAN FORCES MAKE SLOW PROGRESS AGAINST STRONG DEFENSIVE.

WEATHER HELPS RUSSIANS

Swollen Rivers and Soggy Marshes Caused by Heavy Rains Retarde Invaders' Progress.—Entire Line Active.

London.—There is still no sign of waning in the battles which are being fought along the eastern front that now runs almost directly north and south from Riga to the Roumanian frontier. From Riga southward to the Galician border, the Germans and Austrians, who are continually receiving reenforcements and supplies of munitions by railway and river, are endeavoring to force their way to the Dvina, and the main trunk of the important railway lines.

The Russians continue their offensive and, according to their accounts, with excellent results. The Austro-German offensive is making slow but steady headway, particularly along the road to Glonim and Pinsk. Elsewhere, the German official reports daily recount the capture of a few thousand prisoners with machine guns.

The Germans' big effort, however, it is expected, will be made against Vilna and Dvinsk, westward of which town heavy engagements are being fought. Having reached the Dvina at Friedrichstadt, and drive the Russians across the river, the Germans are in a better position to advance on Dvinsk, as there is no danger of any outflanking movement. The slowness of the operations probably is due largely to the condition of the country and the heavy roads.

Every day's delay is giving the Russians a breathing space and enables them to make preparations for great resistance on chosen lines protected by marshes and swollen rivers.

SITUATION IS AGAIN TENSE

Washington Does Not Accept German Explanation and Refused to Indemnify Arabic Losses.

Washington.—The sinking of the Arabic by a German submarine looms up again as an incident which still may be denounced by this government as a "deliberately unfriendly act."

This possibility has caused a revival of the suggestion that diplomatic relations with Germany may have to be broken off. The State Department has yet no official information that Germany is about to send a second note of explanation of the incident.

The reply of Germany on the Arabic was received with amazement and intense dissatisfaction by the highest officials and the president himself considered it for several hours. It was ascertained that the official text differed very slightly from the text as published in the newspapers.

The general comment is that Germany has made a very serious mistake by offering an explanation which can scarcely be accepted. Officials were not slow to point out that all accounts except those from German sources, stated that the German submarine was not seen at all, and therefore the inference was strong against the story that the Arabic changed her course for the purpose of ramming the submarine.

At the State Department it was admitted Germany's note is hardly clear. Officials were unable to reconcile the defense offered at the recent assurances to Secretary of State Lansing that Germany would give full satisfaction to the United States if it were proved that a German submarine sank the Arabic.

Instead of that Germany has set up the defense that the Arabic attempted to ram the submarine and has indicated that the commander had no proof of that theory, except his own, "that such was the intention of the liner."

Zeppelin Is Lost.

Rotterdam.—A traveler from Brussels confirm the recent loss of a Zeppelin. He saw the Zeppelin over Malines, traveling in the direction of Brussels. Arriving in Brussels a few hours later, he heard that the airship had been destroyed on landing. Thousans of Belgians rushed to the spot to see what to them was a joyful sight. It appears that the Zeppelin was destroyed while attempting to enter a hangar. Two of the crew were killed and others were injured.

Teutons On Strike.

Chicago.—Seventy-five German and Austrian machinists employed by Toris, Weld & Co., tool manufacturers, struck when they learned the company had taken a contract to make tools to be used in manufacturing shrapnel for the allies. William Cameron, president of the company, said: "The men have no reason that we know of for striking. They made no demand for higher wages, shorter hours or changes in working conditions. They just walked out and tied up our plants."

ZEPPELINS STRIKE LONDON

20 Killed 86 Injured In German Air Attack on Historic Center of City.—Damage Done.

London.—The Zeppelin raid on London on the night of Sept. 8 resulted in the death of 20 persons and the injury of 86 others, according to official announcement made here. This makes a total of 33 persons killed and 129 injured in the raids on two successive nights.

The most alarming features of this latest visit of the Zeppelins, however, was that they invaded the heart of the city—the western part—wherein are located such landmarks as St. James Palace, Westminster Abbey, the Parliament buildings, the Charing Cross railroad station, the fashionable residential districts, and, on the edge, the great factories and warehouses.

This fact is not contained in the meager accounts of the raid issued by the official press bureau, and, as heretofore, the newspapers are allowed to publish only such information as is given out. The information, however, is given in the following official German statement received here:

"Our naval airships attacked during the nights of Sept. 8 and 9 the western part of the city of London, the great factories near Norwich and the harbor works and iron works at Middlesboro. There were heavy explosions and numerous fires were observed. Our airships were heavily fired at by hostile batteries, but all returned safely.

"During the previous night other establishments in London and vicinity were bombarded with explosive and incendiary bombs, and the effect was very satisfactory."

The complete casualty list as given out follows:

Killed, 12 men, two women and six children; injured seriously, eight men, four women and two children; injured slightly, 38 men, 23 women and 11 children. One soldier was killed and three were injured. The American embassy reports that there were no Americans either killed or injured.

WAS HIT BY GLANCING BLOW

Captain of Arabic Was Changing His Course Away From Danger When the Torpedo Struck.

London.—According to the affidavit made by Capt. Finch, commander of the Arabic, before Consul Lee Washington, in Liverpool, the torpedo struck the ship approximately 90 feet forward of the stern on the starboard side, directly beneath the wireless house.

When the torpedo was fired the Arabic's course was approximately at right angles to the submarine, the latter being approximately 300 feet distant.

Simultaneously with the discovery of the wake of the torpedo Capt. Finch starboarded his helm with the result that by the time the torpedo reached the ship the Arabic was pointed away from the submarine. Had the Arabic held her course the torpedo would have struck her a direct blow squarely amidships.

As it was, the torpedo hit about 200 feet aft of amidships, a glancing blow. The course of the Arabic was not changed until the torpedo was actually fired.

CARRANZA REFUSES PARLEY

Mexican First Chief in Note to the United States Claims His Rule Must Be Recognized.

Vera Cruz.—Gen. Venustiano Carranza, first chief of the constitutionalist party, has declined to acquiesce in the invitation of the diplomatic representatives of the United States and the Latin-American countries that he join the leaders of the various factions in Mexico in an endeavor to bring about peace.

The reply of Gen. Carranza, which was handed to John R. Silliman, President Wilson's representative in Mexico, on Sept. 10, said that Gen. Carranza could not consent that the interior affairs of the republic be handled by mediation or by the initiative of any foreign government.

Von Tirpitz Remains.

Amsterdam.—Reports that Admiral Von Tirpitz, German minister of marine, intends to resign are inventions, although it is true that he plans to take a brief vacation. A dispatch from Amsterdam Sept. 3 said it was reported in Berlin that Admiral Von Tirpitz would resign and be succeeded by Admiral Von Pohl, now chief of the admiralty staff and commander of the Baltic fleet.

Greek War Conference On.

Athens.—Conferences have been begun between Premier Venizzelos and King Constantine. Until they have been completed, it is improbable Greece will adopt a definite policy in regard to the international situation

Uncover Arson Syndicate.

St. Louis.—Insurance agents, human "torches" and unnamed prominent business men comprised the personnel of an arson syndicate uncovered by the police. These incendiaries, the police say, are responsible for most of the big fires which have baffled fire and police departments here for five years, and the profits of the arson syndicate, the police say, run into millions of dollars. So far one insurance agent and four "torches" have been arrested.

FRENCH LINER ON FIRE IN MIDOCEAN

WIRELESS FROM SANT' ANNA SAYS HELP WANTED AT ONCE.

RELIEF SHIPS ON THE WAY

Grave Fears Felt For Seventeen Hundred Italian Reservists Aboard Fabre Line Ship Returning to Join Army.

The steamship Sant' Anna of the Fabre Line, which left New York on Sept. 8 with between 1,600 and 1,700 Italian reservists and about 50 women and children passengers aboard for Marseilles and Naples, has been reported on fire nearly due east of New York and due south of New Foundland.

The wireless station at Cape Race, on the southeast tip of New Foundland, has picked up a wireless message from the Sant' Anna and has sent out a powerful wireless appeal to all steamships to hurry to the aid of the burning steamship.

This wireless message, as received by the Marine Department here at 130 o'clock on the morning of Sept. 13, reads:

"Steamer Sant' Anna in distress, on fire and in need of assistance. Position, latitude 40.23 north; longitude 47.30 west."

It is believed that this message also has been picked up by steamships nearer to the San't Anna than the government vessels in the harbor here and that they are on their way to the vessel in distress. However, the government is preparing to send relief vessels from here.

Fear is expressed here that if the fire is so serious that a distress call was sent out the steamship is in the gravest danger, if, indeed, the worst has not happened.

As the Sant' Anna was on the southern route for the Mediterranean she was far from the move traveled route to the north, used by vessels plying between New York and England and therefore may not be in the vicinity of vessels that can aid her or save her passengers.

MAY ASK OTHER RECALLS

German Military Attache, Austrian Consul and Hungarian Editor May Have to Leave United States.

Washington. — The concensus of opinion in official circles is that the request by this government for the recall of Dr. Constantin Theodore Dumba, the Austrian ambassador, will be followed by actiorf against the following persons:

Capt. Franz von Papen of the German army, military attache of the German embassy.

The Austrian consul-general at New York, Alexander Nuber von Pereked.

The editor of the Hungarian newspaper, Szabadsag, a New York publication, who prepared a memorandum for Dr. Dumba on a plan for inciting strikes in certain American factories.

James F. J. Archibald, the bearer of the incriminating correspondence.

The case of Dr. Dumba, therefore, appears to have developed into the most sensational incident of its kind in American diplomatic history.

The growing opinion is that the United States will be forced to ask Germany to recall Capt. von Papen for two reasons:

That he has been shown by the intercepted letter from Dr. Dumba to the Austrian foreign office to have been equally interested in the plan to cause dsiturbances in American munitions factories, and that in a letter he wrote to his wife he referred slurringly to this government.

It is understood Capt. von Papen spoke of a statement he had prepared as something which "Washington officialdom would swallow."

The State Department regards the case of Capt. von Papen as the most important of the four. The highest officials said they would not assume the correctness of newspaper reports concerning the contents of Capt. von Papen's letters. They took the same ground with reference to Ambassador Dumba. His case was cleared up by a personal explanation to the secretary of state and it is extremely likely that a similar course will be pursued with reference to Capt. von Papen.

Insurance Commission For Alabama.

Montgomery.—Alabama is to have an insurance commission, a bill providing for this department of the state government being passed in the legislature.

Order Court-Martial of Colonel.

Washington.—Lieut. Col. L. F. Goodier, U. S. A., stationed at San Francisco, has been ordered before a general court-martial at San Francisco, Oct. 1. The formal charge is conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline.

U. S. Marines to Haiti.

New Orleans. — Company S, Second Regiment, U. S. marines, will leave the local naval station in the near future for duty in Haiti, according to announcement here.

U. S. ASK RECALL OF DUMBA

Austrian Ambassador, Charged With Fomenting Strikes in U. S., No Longer Acceptable Here.

Washington.—The United States has asked for the recall of Dr. Constantin Theodore Dumba, Austrian ambassador to this country.

"The department has instructed Ambassador Penfield at Vienna to deliver to the minister for foreign affairs the following note:

"'Mr. Constantin Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador at Washington, has admitted that he proposed to his government plans to instigate strikes in American manufacturing plants engaged in the production of munitions of war. The information reached this government through a copy of a letter of the ambassador to his government. The bearer was an American citizen named Archibald, who was traveling under an American passport.

"'By reason of the admitted purpose and intent of Mr. Dumba to conspire to cripple legitimate industries of the people of the United States and to interrupt their legitimate trade, and by reason of the flagrant violation of diplomatic propriety in employing an American citizen, protected by an American passport, as a secret bearer of official dispatches through the lines of the enemy of Austria-Hungary, the president directs me to inform your excellency that Mr. Dumba is no longer acceptable to the government of the United States as the ambassador

"'Believing that the imperial and royal government will realize that the government of the United States has no alternative but to request the recall of Mr. Dumba, on account of his improper conduct, the government of the United States expresses its deep regret that this course has become necessary, and assures the imperial and royal government that it sincerely desires to continue the cordial and friendly relations which exist between the United States and Austria-Hungary.'"

GERMAN GAIN IN VOSGES

Advance Against French Accomplished by Aid of Gases.—Many Artillery Duels Are Continuous.

London.—The Germans have repeated in the Vosges Mountains and in Artois attempts made to break through the French lines in the Argonne forest. This seemingly indicates that the long expected offensive in the west will not much longer be delayed.

In these attacks the Germans claim that they occupied some French trenches. The French admit this, but say the German progress was accomplished by asphyxiating gases, and that in counter attacks the French regained most of their lost ground at Hartmans-Wellerkopf, and later repulsed another violent attack against that position.

Hartmans-Wellerkopf, which was taken by the French during their spring and summer operations, probably has been the scene of as much hard fighting as any place on the whole front. It has changed hands a dozen times. The Germans by assault on Sept. 9 again got a footing on the summit, but, according to the French, were driven down again during the night. Outside these events, the armies in the west have been engaged in almost continuous artillery duels, bomb throwing and air raids.

TRAGEDY AT CARLISLE, ARK.

Four Dead As Result of Negro Killing Wife.—Murderer Suicides Rathen Then Be Captured.

Carlisle, Ark.—Two white men are dead, a third is dying and two negroes are dead here, the result of the murder by her husband of the wife of a negro, Pat Bowers, on Sept. 12, the subsequent chase of the negro, who barricaded himself in his home and took his own life rather than be captured by the mob.

The dead are: Dr. C. L. Crawford, J. K. Johnson, Pat Bowers, negro; Pat Bowers' wife.

Fatally injured: Chester Crawford.

Bowers' wife had left him and was living with a negro named Nichols and the former went to the Nichols' home in an effort to force her to return to his home. Nichols and the Bowers negro quarreled and Nichols drew a gun which Bowers took from him and turned on his wife, killing her instantly. The Nichols negro fled. After the killing Bowers left for the home of his father, three miles north of Carlisle, where he expressed his determination not to be taken alive.

It was in an attempt to place Bowers under arrest that Mr. Johnson and Dr. Crawford were killed by gunfire from windows. When Sheriff Swain arrived and entered the house Bowers was found dead with a bullet through his head.

Try to Crush Villa.

Washington. — Administration officials here are watching closely the military situation in Central Mexico, where Carranza's forces are planning to launch a general attack against the Villa army either at Torreon or Chihuahua.

Unofficial reports have reached Washington that Villa is planning to evacuate Torreon and concentrate his forces at Chihuahua for the struggle with Carranza generals whose recent successes have paved the way for an attamnt to close in and crush Villa.

City's Location.

A woman from the South visiting New York for the first time was much agitated when, after being conveyed through the Hudson tube, she found herself in another subway. Rushing up to a knowing-looking individual, she asked, in an agitated tone:

"Sir, do please tell me where is New York?"

"Lady," said he, with the utmost gravity, "it's right at the top of those stairs."—Harper's Magazine.

The wise man learns from observation rather than from experience.

His Knowledge Limited.

"Do you know all the latest dance steps, Mr. Gayboy?" asked the debutante.

"Certainly."

"Will you teach some of the very latest to me?"

"What I meant was that I know 'em when I see 'em."

The stingy man who gives away the things he can't use or sell, imagines he has a strangle hold on charity.

It's no use in trying to convince a mule that he is stubborn.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and a FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

FIXED IT IN HER MEMORY

Ingenious Method by Which Lawrence Hutton Cured Waitress of Her Forgetfulness.

The late Lawrence Hutton used to say that having to take a little trouble would impress a fact on anyone's memory so that he would never be able to forget it. In illustration he would tell this story:

"Our waitress, Maggie, could never remember to put the salt on the table, and time after time Mrs. Hutton would remind her to do it. One morning it was absent, as usual, and I said: 'Maggie, where is the stepladder?'

"'It's in the pantry, sir.'

"'Please bring it in, Maggie,' I said, kindly.

"Maggie brought it in with a look of wonder on her face.

"'Put it right beside the table,' I commanded; and when she had done so I added: 'Now, I want you to climb up to the top of it, look all over the table and see if there is any salt there.'

"Maggie never forgot the salt again."—Youth's Companion.

The Latest.

"You ought to see my new flat."

"Any special features?"

"Well, I should say. A folding stove and a built-in piano."

Lusitania was formerly the name of Portugal.

Pessimism.

"There's something in this world besides money."

"Yes," said the cynic; "there's the poorhouse."—Detroit Free Press.

Too many people are like cider—they become sour with age.

Libby's Vienna Sausage and Sliced Dried Beef

Both contain less heat producing properties than heavy meats.

Try them for summer luncheons and picnic tidbits.

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

Insist on Libby's at your grocer's

10c Worth of DU PONT Will Clear $1.00 Worth of Land

Get rid of the stumps and grow big crops on cleared land. Now is the time to clean up your farm while products bring high prices. Blasting is quickest, cheapest and easiest with Low Freezing Du Pont Explosives. They work in cold weather.

Write for Free Handbook of Explosives No. 69F, and name of nearest dealer.

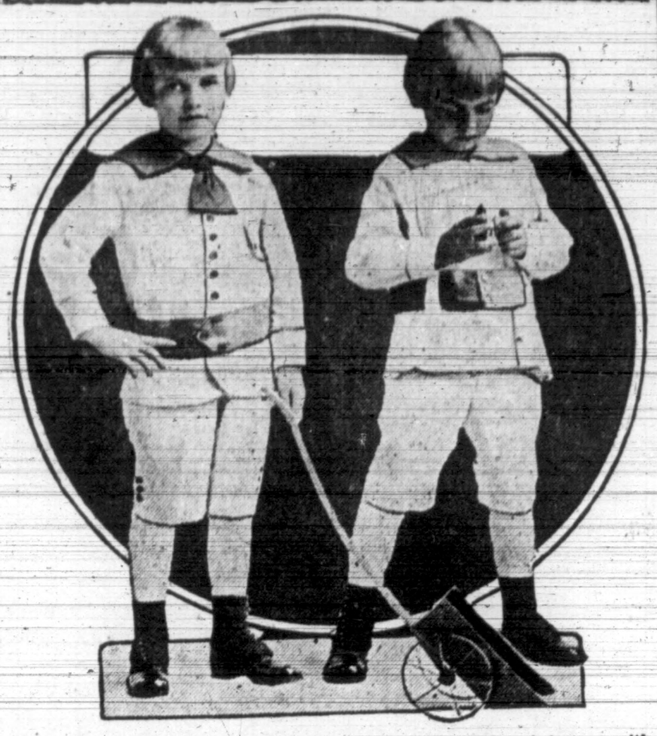
DU PONT POWDER COMPANY
WILMINGTON DELAWARE

A Coffee Pot almost as tall as the Statue of Liberty

To brew all the Arbuckles' Coffee used every week would require a coffee pot almost as tall as the Statue of Liberty—305 feet high.

Get a package of Arbuckles' Coffee, either whole bean or ground, from your grocer today. Learn why it is by far the most popular coffee in America. Arbuckle signatures are good for premiums. Save them. Write for our big free premium catalog. Arbuckle Bros., 71-Y5 Water Street, New York.

Heavy Wash Fabrics for Everyday Suits



Suits for little boys under six, like those for little girls, are made of wash fabrics for both summer and winter. Heavy linens and cottons in strong weaves and in fast colors that stand strenuous wear and much tubbing, are used in the new suits for daily wear which have just been brought out.

When the little gentleman is dressed for a grand occasion he wears velvet and looks princely in it. The simple tub suits for every day make it possible to keep him refreshingly clean in spite of the fact that the small chap is usually oblivious to dirt and has a faculty for gathering it.

Two of the new models for little boys' suits are shown here. They leave nothing to be desired in excellence of design, style or thoroughly practical wearing qualities.

At the right a suit of linen rep is pictured with collar and belt in plain brown. Smocking across the front of the blouse gives it the requisite fullness. Straps of the white linen are stitched to the blouse and support a belt of the brown linen fastening with three bone buttons at the front. The collar is a small sailor pattern in brown linen but the cuffs are made of the same linen as the suit.

At the left a suit in the same color combination is shown finished with black buttons, and a black silk tie. The belt is posed lower on the figure than in the other model and is supported by narrow straps of the brown linen sewed on at each side. A pocket with flap finished with two buttons is a smart and practical item in the detail of the blouse. The small tie does not extend around the neck. It is permanently tied and fastens with a snap fastener under the collar at the right side. The black horn buttons make an especially fine color touch with the black tie, in combination with the white and brown of the suit.

Shoes with cloth tops are shown with these suits. They are more dressy than need be for daily wear. They are broad as to toe and have the lowest of heels like the shoes of plain leather which are the sensible choice for the rough-and-tumble little boy.

Victorian Sleeve Revived.

Another Victorian revival is the puffed sleeve coming midway between shoulder and elbow. Thus far these sleeves adorn only evening gowns, the long sleeve to the wrist being used on all bodices and blouses for day wear. Low necked waists are filled in at the top with gathered tuckers—another dainty Victorian feature of dress—and the decolletage is growing round instead of V-shaped as the season advances. Dimity and flowered organdie find special favor and lavender—the color of colors in demure Victorian days—is particularly fashionable.

The belle of 1820 veiled herself partly for coquetry and partly to protect her complexion, for tan was considered a disgrace then, as rough, red hands would be now. Over the quaint poke bonnets of this summer will be thrown graceful veils in bordered and vine patterns and from the tiny hat floats a short, flaring veil such as the 1830 belle affected.

Bead Work and Needle Craft in Fall Millinery

Among the really new things that have appeared on the millinery horizon for fall, the bead ornaments and bead work which adorn many of the hats, are the most novel. Also they are very handsome. Now that Americans are learning how to rely upon themselves for artistry in creating headwear, it seems specially appropriate that they should have drawn an inspiration from the original Americans—the red men who have used beads always. And anyone who will examine a collection of headwear or other apparel, of many Indian tribes, will develop a respect for the art of its makers and for their patient work.

Beads and needlework are the new touches appearing on the two fall hats shown here. The shapes are wide-brimmed sailors, covered with velvet.

The hat at the right is in a strong, bright shade of blue velvet. About the crown a heavy silk floss appears in parallel rows of even stitches and this decoration appears in four rows at the edge of the upper brim. At the front many strands of white beads are knotted and fastened to the top crown. The strands terminate in bead-covered balls fastened to the brim at each side.

The black velvet hat at the left is embroidered with a spider's [illegible] with their 1830 outline.

woolen yarn. This is spread over the crown and part of the brim. A large and capable-looking fly is held on the web by a pin of which he is the head. Athough provided with jeweled eyes he seems to see no danger of becoming entangled, or if he does he scorns to heed it.

The story of bead ornaments is only just begun and the idea is a good one; therefore there is every reason to believe that we shall see very interesting developments of it as the fall season advances. Among the most attractive of the head ornaments shown so far are those of white and black beads applied to the body of the hat in geometrical figures. White predominates in these figures, and the dark colors that are fashionable for the body of hats make the best of back grounds for bead embroidery.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

Paquin's Method.

Paquin strikes the military note in his summer collection in his breastplate bodices, gauntlet cuffs, field uniform tailleurs and the cut of his artillery coats and capotes. In his afternoon costumes the civilian reappears, and they are simple and charming and quite in the note of the present styles.

VIGOROUS FIGHT WILL BE RESUMED

NEW SECRETARY TAKES CHARGE OF OFFICE OF STATE TUBERCULOSIS COMMISSION.

CO-OPERATE WITH PHYSICIANS

Prevention and Segregation Are Two Methods Col. Maus Will Adopt to Eradicate Disease.

(Special Frankfort Correspondence.)

Frankfort, Ky.—Assuming charge of the office of the state tuberculosis commission, Col. L. M. Maus, the newly elected secretary of the commission, said that he hopes to co-operate with physicains and health societies of the state in the eradication of this plague.

As soon as possible he expects to have the name of every person in the state afflicted with the disease listed in his office. The rich and moderately wealthy persons suffering from this trouble will be cared for by their own people. The state will be interested in caring for the indigent consumptives.

Tuberculosis conditions in this state are reported to be bad. In Frankfort the tuberculosis nurse has reported that in four blocks of this city she has found 25 open cases. In her search so far she has not gone four blocks from her office. As soon as the list is complete Col. Maus will begin his war on the disease. Another source from which he expects great assistance is the hotel inspector's department. He will learn from this department the precautions that the hotel keepers, boarding houses and public houses are taking to prevent the infection of their guests. Prevention and segregation are the two methods that Col. Maus will adopt to eradicate the disease.

Case Goes Over Till December.

When the September term of the Franklin circuit court convened the case of Thomas Byars, commissioner of motor vehicles, charged with appropriating the state's money, was continued until the December term.

Enoch Waits, former messenger in the state library, was released on $500 bond. He is charged with taking Kentucky reports from the library and selling them.

In charging the grand jury Judge Stout warned the jurors that it is not the province of a grand jury to constitute itself a censor of the morals of a community, but to search out offenses against the law. He cautioned them not to permit the grand jury to be used to accomplish the private ill will or malice of any one. He mentioned bribery in elections as one of the most serious menaces to free institutions. "It has become a practice," he said. "It has reached the point of being almost open." He reminded them that good citizens were sitting by and watching the money power by the purchase of votes offset and overcome their influence in elections. "Debauch the electorate and it must follow that those charged with the administration of government will be corrupt."

Delay Is Justified.

The delay of the Louisville & Nashville in opening its branch from Winchester to Irvine, of which Winchester citizens have complained, is justified in the opinion of Railroad Commissioner Green Garrett and a committee of leading Winchester men, who took a trip over the new line as guests of the railroad. The unsettled fills and cuts continue to give trouble by sliding, and the committee, in a communication to the state railroad commission, admits that the line is still unsafe for passenger traffic.

Waits' Case Continued.

Announcing in advance that he will plead guilty when his case in the Franklin court is called, Enoch Waits, former messenger in the state library, under indictment for selling Kentucky reports out of the library, asked that he be allowed liberty under bond until he can make arrangements for the care of his wife and infant child. Commonwealth's Attorney Victor Bradley communicated his request to the court with a recommendation that it be granted, and his case was continued until the January term.

Open New Thoroughfare.

A bridge that will cost $14,445 is to be constructed across Tug river at Williamson, W. Va. A. C. Pinson, mayor of Williamson, and Judge H. H. Stallard, of Pike county, were in conference with R. C. Terrell, state road commissioner, to ascertain what assistance the county of Pike would receive from the state in the construction of this bridge. The bridge will open a new thoroughfare from Kentucky into West Virginia.

Go To Farmers' Congress.

Kentucky will be represented at the Farmers' National Congress, which will convene at Omaha, September 28, by the following delegates appointed by Gov. McCreary: William Cook, Bowling Green; C. E. Barker, Pembroke; A. K. Walker, Lancaster; L. L. Byrnes, Uniontown; T. C. Hedges, Taylorsville; James McKee, Versailles; A. H. Cardin, Marion; Robert Estill and John Hughes, Lexington; James Parks, Kingston; Harry B. Hanger, Jacob S. Collins and Burrill Million, Richmond, and Monte Fox, Danville.

Life Termers Freed.

The Kentucky prison commission has granted the following paroles, which were approved by Gov. McCreary: William Taylor, Jefferson, murder, life; George T. Pierce, Larue, life; Jene Herndon, Jefferson, parole violator; Joe Sterling, Rowan, life; Ernst Hays, Madison, manslaughter, 21 years; John Collins, Rowan, incest, 8 years; Jobe Harper, Carroll, murder, life; Frank Lewis, Fayette, parole violator; Ben Perry, Logan, malicious shooting, two counts, 5 years each; Tom Bryant, Simpson, murder, life; S. L. Bland, Barren, 2 to 10 years for forgery; William Dean, Pendleton, robbery, 2 to 10 years; Sam Hall, Webster, detaining a woman, 2 to 10 years; Austin Shotwell, Campbell, incest, 2 to 21 years; Tom Temple, Barren, manslaughter, 2 to 21 years; C. A. Chapman, Lyon, bigamy, 3 to 9 years; Oliver Alexander, Clark, chicken stealing, 1 to 5 years; Newt Arnold, Pendleton, manslaughter, 2 to 21 years; Wm. Bell, Boone, manslaughter, 2 to 21 years; Lis Burnett, Monroe, malicious shooting; William Lander, Jefferson, malicious shooting, 1 to 5 years; Daniel Mason, Rockcastle, breaking into railroad car, 2 to 10 years; Pat Ewen, Jefferson, grand larceny, 1 to 5 years; Cleveland Moorelock, Letcher, housebreaking, 1 to 5 years; Pen Ford, Calloway, manslaughter, 2 to 21 years; George L. Hall, Bell, manslaughter, 2 to 21 years; Will Isaacs, Letcher, grand larceny, 1 to 5 years; Ray Morton, Campbell, breaking into storehouse, 1 to 5 years, and Thos. Tracy, Breathitt county, perjury, 1 to 5 years.

Exhibition of Game Birds.

A wonderful display of game birds will be exhibited at the State fair by the state game and fish commission. It will be one of the best collections in the country, including 12 of the 19 varieties of true pheasants as follows: Silver (aviary), China; English Ringneck (game); Amherst (aviary), China; Swinhoe (aviary), China; Reeves (game), China; Versicolor (game), Japan; Mongolian (game), China; Prince of Wales (game), Afghanistan; Impeyan (aviary), India; Manchurian Eared (aviary), Manchuria; Golden (aviary), China. In large pens will be white peafowl and wild turkeys. Among the ducks will be the blue wing teal, wood and mallard (United States); rosybilled and white faced tree (South America); Australian wild ducks, Mandarin (Japan); Formosan teal (Formosa); Gangany teal and ring teal (South America), and Australian wild geese.

Loses Railway Fight.

Judge A. M. J. Cochran dismissed in the United States district court the petition of W. S. Lougee, of Cleveland, O., to share in the proceeds of the sale of the Frankfort street railway system. He sued James W. Pickrell, John C. Noel, of Frankfort, who was president; J. T. Buckley, who was general manager, and R. D. Armstrong. Lougee claimed an equity in a fourth of the stock, $800,000, and $5,000 commission in a deal with a Cincinnati syndicate to purchase the plant. To secure an outstanding obligation all the stocks and bonds, including Lougee's holdings, were pledged. Then the plant was sold to Guy Mallon for $105,000 and $20,000 in bonds. Lougee demanded an equivalent share in the proceeds, but the court held that the parties defendant had no connection with his transaction and he had no cause of action against them.

School Suit in Appellate Court.

An injunction suit from Fayette county testing the question of whether any common school district containing a high school, or the county board, may select the teachers for the common grades or whether they must select from nominations made by the sub-district trustees. Trustee William Burns, of the Athens district, who recommends for teachers Jessie Lee Tilton and Bessie Riddell secured an injunction before Judge Kerr restraining county superintendent and board from appointing without his recommendation other teachers and the case was submitted to Judge Settle, of the court of appeals, on a motion to dissolve the injunction. J. A. Edge appeared for Burns, Geo. Webb, and J. P. Johnston for the board.

Terrell Cuts Pie.

R. C. Terrell, commissioner of public roads, has made the following appointments in his department; Mrs. Frank Freeman, of Louisville, assistant stenographer, $60 a month; C. P. Schneider, transferred from the position of assistant engineer to the position of draftsman at a salary of $90 a month; R. M. Hollinsworth, of this city, assistant draftsman, at a salary of $75 a month.

How To Fill Vacancy.

Inquiries have been made by the Republican county committee of Lewis about the proper method of filling the vacancy of the ticket, due to the death of Dr. H. C. Fultz, candidate for senator in the Thirty-first district, composed of Lewis and Mason.

Col. L. M. Maus Elected.

The state tuberculosis commission met and elected Col. L. M. Maus, U. S. A. Medical corps, retired, who was at the head of the department of health at Manila following the American occupation, as secretary to succeed Roy L. French.

Martin Is Appointed.

Gov. McCreary appointed Col. A. D. Martin, of this city, a delegate to represent Kentucky at the American Prison Congress, which meets in Oakland, Cal., October 9 to 14.

WHO IS WHO NOW

CAMPBELL AS HACK DRIVER

Representative Phillip Pitt Campbell of Kansas has grand manners that surpass those of a lord, or an archduke, or a head waiter.

Campbell's family had occupied a cottage in the country near Washington during the summer, and one night, desiring to move back into the city, they hired a hack.

On the way Campbell noticed that the man on the box out in front was driving rather recklessly. He investigated and found that the driver was frankly drunk.

It was dangerous to allow him to drive along the road, and even more so to trust him in the thick traffic of the city. So there was only one thing to do. Campbell had to change places with the driver.

So he sought to change clothes with the driver. But the driver's brass-buttoned coat would not fit him. However, the high hat of true coachman design did fit him, and Campbell put it on. He ushered the driver into the carriage, and then he, the congressman, mounted the seat out in front.

"And," says Campbell ruefully, as he relates the episode, "in a way the most disheartening feature of the whole thing was the fact that I was not recognized. Ah, to think that merely by changing my hat I could so easily be accepted as a hack driver!"

"GRANDMOTHER" OF REVOLT

Mme. Catherine Breshkovskaya, seventy-one years old, known as the "grandmother of the Russian revolution," has been exiled to Bulune, last outpost on the icy frontier of the North pole region. Only two political exiles have been sent to Bulune, it is said, in the last 20 years. For seven months of the year the hamlet is cut off from communication, even by post, from the outside world by arctic snows.

Then years ago Mme. Breshkovskaya visited New York and made addresses, including one at Cooper Union, on Russian conditions. She collected $10,000 for the revolutionary cause, and it was said that that was partly responsible for her arrest and imprisonment in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul.

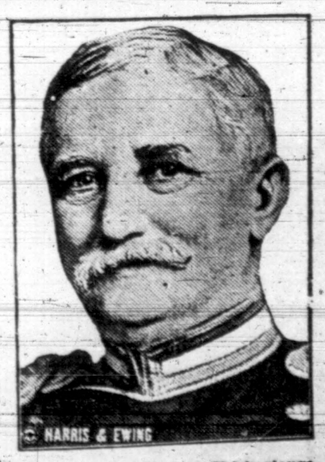
There she remained for two and a half years before being tried with Nicholas Tschaikovsky, another revolutionist. Meanwhile petitions were drawn up here and in other American cities, signed by many well-known persons and forwarded to Czar Nicholas. Mme. Breshkovskaya succeeded in escaping with the aid of a revolutionist named Anfreef, who exchanged clothes with her, but was recaptured four days later near the border. Then she was convicted for trying to escape and sent to Siberia.

ORIGINAL PETE RUSSELL

William W. Russell, who has been appointed minister to the Dominican Republic, was at one time a cadet at the United States Naval academy at Annapolis, where he was known as "Pete." How his fellow middies got Pete out of William is not known, but not only was he Pete, but such was his fame that every boy named Russell who has reported at the academy from that day to this instantly has been dubbed Pete. There are more yarns in the navy among the fairly old timers about Pete Russell than about any other man who ever saw academy service. Pete was pranky, a fact that was given due attention by the authorities. Pete also was popular and so he remains. The tales of his doings as a middy show that diplomacy was not then his marked characteristic, but he is now credited with being one of the best of Uncle Sam's diplomatists.

Mr. Russell is a Maryland man and has been in the diplomatic service nearly twenty years. He was at Caracas during the rule of Cipriano Castro.

DRUMMER BOY OF CHICKAMAUGA



"Johnny Clem, the drummer boy of Chickamauga," was retired recently with the rank of brigadier general. He was the last Civil war veteran to be removed from the active list, on which he had the rank of colonel. He went to the front at the age of ten years.

After he had been in the thick of the battle at Chickamauga he was discovered by a Confederate colonel.

The boy cut a strange figure amid the bloody scenes of that day. He was scarcely twelve years old. He had his drum, and also the sawed-off musket that the soldiers had given him. He presented such a ludicrous appearance that the Confederate laughed.

The boy did not see the joke. He whipped up his musket, fired three shots at the colonel, and, under cover of darkness, made his way back to his regiment.

From that day his fame spread, and he has been known ever since as the Drummer Boy of Chickamauga.

He was made a sergeant just after the battle of Chickamauga and was the youngest noncommissioned officer who ever served in the United States army.

His service won the attention of General Grant, who, when he became president, gave him a commission without making him take the course at West Point. In 1874 he was made first lieutenant, in 1882 he became a captain, a major in 1895, a lieutenant colonel in 1901, and a colonel in 1903.

There is talk of introducing in congress a bill to make him a major gene

THE MURRAY LEDGER

O. J. JENNINGS, EDITOR.

Entered at the postoffice at Murray, Kentucky, for transmission through the mails as second class matter.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1915

New-Way Wonder for Corns, "Gets-It"

The Big Surprise for Corn Owners. It's Sure, Simple, Safe, Quick.

Listen to the wee story of "Gets-It," the world's greatest corn remedy. It's a short story,—only about two feet,—"Mary had a little 'Gets-It,' and corns upon her toe; and every time

Stop Misery and Embarrassment Like This With Simple, Easy "Gets-It."

she put on 'Gets-It,' the corn was sure to go." Mary, like thousands of others, used to be a heroine, suffering martyrdom, using painful bandages, irritating salves, sticky tape, peg-harnesses, blood-bringing razors and scissors! She says now there's no sense in it. Use "Gets-It," applied in 2 seconds. Easy, simple, new way—just painless common sense! Millions are doing it. Never fails. You can wear smaller shoes now. You don't have to limp around any more, or walk on the side of your shoes to try to get away from your corns! You know for sure before you use "Gets-It" that the corn or callus is going away. For corns, calluses, warts and bunions.

"Gets-It" is sold by all druggists, 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Murray and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by H. P. Wear.

Poultry For The Fair.

All parties in the county with fancy poultry or pet stock should not fail to exhibit same at the county fair on Oct. 6-7-8-9. There are liberal premiums paid on all specimens and varieties. Besides the premiums offered by the fair association there are quite a list of special premiums offered for best specimens of poultry shown by our country people. These special premiums are offered by the merchants of Murray in order to induce our people to increase and enlarge the splendid poultry department of this most brilliant of all the fairs held at Murray. Some of of the doners of special prizes are named in our fair book, others whose names were secured after publication will be published at the poultry department on the grounds.

So bring on your poultry, one and all, and secure these premiums and the great advertisement this grand opportunity offers you for your business. Don't be afraid you will not get a premium and possibly a lot of sale orders for your stock, for I have been superintendent of this poultry department for two seasons before this one and I never saw a pen, pair of birds or pet stock shown at the fair that did not get some premium, and more than enough to pay all expenses; besides, numbers of sales have been made there that ran up into large figures.

Put your poultry in nice light coops and bring them on, if you haven't the coops bring the birds anyway, the coops will be furnished you free.

Make this the largest exhibit ever and secure the great benefit that comes from this great advertising opportunity.

C. D. Holt, Supt.

Ledger ads pay 100 per cent.

School Notes.

The enrollment of Murray Graded and High school has gone above 480, not counting those who have changed their minds about going to school since school strated. The High School enrollment is 130, not including graduates who are taking some special work. Others are planning to enter at an early date.

There are four more pupils in the district this year than there were last year, but the enrollment of this year exceeds last year's enrollment of same date by more than fifty.

Judging by the conduct of some pupils after school hours some parents are not interested in the education of their posterity and care very little whether they make progres this year. The parents who permit their daughters to receive company during the school week or go to the show for a couple of hours and then have a beau walk home with them and stay another hour have room to blame the teacher when Mary fails to make her grade or drops out of school.

Some boys may be seen on the street at all hours of the time after school and every night and yet their parents blame the teacher because Johnny makes low grades and fails to pass. Some children are naturally studious, but the majority need external stimuli to produce a lesson worth while and unless the parents see to it that their children study at home they may expect small returns. Parents, your children will get out of school just what they put into it and most of them will put very little into it unless the parents help.

The 5th commandment has been turned about in some hands and is rigidly observed so—"parent obey your children for this is the way to get along easiest. "Many parents never strike their children—except in self-defense" and wont permit the teacher to either—if they have their way about it.

The Home has just as important a part to play in the education of the child—yea, more so than the school. The public school has been criticized and often justly so, but most indictments of the public schools have proven in the last analysis to be serious indictments of our American homes. Recent investigation of delinquents (pupils who fail to make their grades) reveals the fact that nearly seventy per cent of the delinquents spent as many as two nights per week away from home and make a practice of doing no home study.

Frank Dixon said last summer, "the boy is to be pitied whose parents are so ignorant that they will let him go out into the world without a high school education". If that is true several folks in Murray are to be pitied. Get these figures. The senior class has 19 members, only four of these are boys, and every one of them came to high school from the country, and three of them live in the country and one moved to town last March.

The junior class has 27 members with 12 boys and only three of them from town, (three of the girls are from the country.) This ratio is about the same for other towns. It is time parents were waking up to the situation and making more effort to educate the boys. Man's boasted superiority is gone. Women are better educated as a rulethan men—or the next generation will be—and better informed on publie topics, with men reading only the headlines and base ball sheet of newspapers.

Eggs, 16 cents per doz. at W. L. Baucum & Son, Cherry.

E. S. DIUGUID H. O. DIUGUID

...TAKE NOTICE...

In order to make room for our new Fall Stock of Furniture we are offering some remarkably CLOSE PRICES ON

Bedroom Suites. Oak and Iron Beds. Dining Tables and Chairs. Cooking Stoves and Ranges. Dressers. Wash Stands. Davenports and Davenettes. Rugs and Druggetts. Window Shades. Queensware and Tableware. Library Tables.

It will Pay You to see our line of Sewing Machines

We are going to run for a while---
ONE AT $9.90, WITH A 5 YEAR GUARANTEE.
ONE AT $16.00, WITH A 10 YEAR GUARANTEE.

These two Sewing Machines as strictly First-Class in every respect and machines that we will gladly recommend to you to be easy running and long life.

COME TO SEE US BEFORE YOU BUY.

RESPECTFULLY,

E. S. Diuguid & Son

Only Big Show This Season

MURRAY
One Big Day
Tuesday, Sep. **28**

"GET READY"

ONLY TENTED ATTRACTION OF IMPORTANCE COMING THIS YEAR.

SUN BROTHER'S

WORLD'S PROGRESSIVE

SHOWS (INC.)

ALLIED TRAINED
WILD ANIMAL TOURNEY

BIGGER BETTER BRIGHTER

THE WORLD'S WONDERS AT YOUR DOORS

Two Performances Daily **Matinee and Night**

KY. STATE OFFICIAL SAYS SYSTEM RIGHT

STATE PUBLIC PRINTER GLENN AN ENTHUSIAST.

HE CHOSE TANLAC INSTEAD OF FLORIDA.

NOW IS A WELL MAN.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept 15.—Seldom do men of prominence, especially men who hold high office, publicly express their indebtedness to proprietary medicine. But, so notable were the results secured from use of Tanlac by Moses R. Glenn, state superintendent of public printing, that a statement given out at the state capital yesterday, he gave this new medicine full credit for his remarkable return to robust health. Mr. Glenn, who has been true to his friends and true to every trust ever reposed in him, said:

I am a conversative man and have especially been skeptical regarding endorsements of medicines of any character, although I have used much of them in an endeavor to rid myself of catarrhal effection of the head, nose and throat.

"I believe I had used everything imaginable before I obtained Tanlac.

"At night when I slept, as poor as my sleep was, I evidently swallowed the acumulations of mucous from my nose and throat, as I invaribly awakened in the morning experiencing a choaking, sickening sensation. My head was full and hawked and expectorated throughout the morning.

"The itching in my ears became unbearable, and then there was a roaring noise also. I had an unpleasant taste in my mouth and scarcely any appetite at all.

"My condition was so distressing that I almost determined several times to go to a dry salt atmosphere, perferably Florida.

"I watched the introduction of Tanlac in the state of Kentucky with interest and finally decided, if others used the medicine and said they were helped, that it was worth my time to get it, though I had little faith in the preparation to help me.

"I was surprised, however, I began to improve rapidly. My whole system is now right, the accumulations in my nose and throat have disappeared and I feel physically able to throw off any other symptom. I am a well man and I propose telling others of the good this medicine has done me. I feel that it is my duty to do so."

Tanlac, the master medicine of which Mr. Glenn speaks with such enthusiasm has broken all records for large sales at Dale & Stubblefield's drug store where J. L. Cooper's assistance may be found any day, explaining the merits of the new preparation to interested groups of people.

Mrs. Susan Kelso, aged about 70 years and who resided in the Lynn Grove section of the county, died Wednesday after a lingering illness. She was a well known christian woman.

The infant child of Cletus Charlton and wife has been very low the past few days of tetanus. Mrs. Charlton and the baby are at the home of her sister, Mrs. Pierce, on Price street. She was enroute to Bowling Green where Mr. Charlton is attending a business college when the child was taken ill.

For any itchiness of the skin, for skin rashes, chap, pimples, etc., try Doan's Ointment. 50c at all drug stores.

For Fresh, Clean Groceries, go to McElrath's.

"BETTER THAN EVER"

McCRACKEN COUNTY

FAIR AND RACES

$10,000 in Purses and Premiums

LARGER PREMIUMS—MORE EXHIBITS
FAST RACING

—Special Features—

Livestock, Poultry, Agricultural Exhibits

OCTOBER 5, 6, 7 and 8

LOCAL and PERSONAL

Eggs, 16 cents per doz. at W. L. Baucum & Son, Cherry.

A son was born the past week to Rich Waters and wife.

E. E. Harris and family have returned to Murray to reside.

Come to Cherry Saturday night and enjoy yourself.

Spitz Pups for sale.—See R. E. Clayton.

Don't fail to hear the orchestra at Cherry Saturday night.

T. V. Rowlett spent the week in Louisville attending the state fair and visiting his daughter.

Seed Wheat.—Good grade of seed wheat for sale at $1.25 per bushel. See Geo. W. Overby.

Henry County Fair dates have been set for September 22, 23, 24 and 25, at Paris.

Hal Jennings left last Sunday for Lexington, Ky., where he will enter the State University for the ensueing year.

Dr. C. O. Gingles and family are now occupying their handsome new home recently completed just west of the city.

Mrs. Con Linn, of Tulsa, Ok., is in the city this week the guest of her sister, Mrs. Tom Williams, and other relatives.

Miss Mary Owen, of Lakeland, Fla., has been in the city the past several days the guest of her uncle, J. E. Owen, and family.

A lazy liver leads to chronic dyspepsia and constipation—weakens the whole system. Doan's Regulets (25c per box) act mildly on the liver and bowels. At all drug stores.

Races, Midway, Floral Hall, Agriculture, Poultry, Live Stock and big new Merchants' and Ladies' building are attractions at the 1915 Henry County Fair to be held at Paris, Tenn., September 22, 23, 24 and 25.

Miss Marion Dale left the past week for Alamagorda N. M., where she will join her mother and spend the winter.

Miss Elizabeth Parker left the past week for a trip to Texas and San Francisco, Cal., expecting to be absent for some time.

Mrs. F. R. Ferguson left the past week for Portales, N. M., where she will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. E. T. Dunaway, and family.

Stanley Houston left the first of the week for Georgetown, Ky., where he will attend college this year.

A. J. Carter and wife, of Mayfield, were in the county the past week the guests of Dick Wilcox and family.

Special invitation to everybody. Big Moonlight at Cherry, Saturday night Sept. 18th. Come and bring your friends.

W. R. Weatheaford has moved his blacksmith shop and grist mill from Newberg, this county, to Cooksville, where he will make his future home.

Curley Washam is a patient in the Murray Surgical Hospital where he underwent an operation the first of the week for appendicitis. He is improving rapidly.

Mrs. Marvin Whitnell, who left the past week with her mother for Dalton, Ga., to visit relatives, was called home the day of her arrival in Dalton on account of the illness of her son.

W. T. Sledd & Co. are now occupying their new store just east of the building they have been using for several years. They now have one of the best equipped and modern store buildings in this section of the state.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Street and his sister, Miss Donna and Miss Lillian Kellow left Tuesday morning for Nashville and Chattanooga, Tenn., where they will spend several days.—Hardin Enterprise.

WADLINGTON & CO'S.

Annual Fall Opening

Sept. 28rd, 29th and 30th

On these days you will find all that is *new* on display in our store. We have spared neither time or expense in trying to make this our third opening in Murray the greatest feast for those who love the new things in

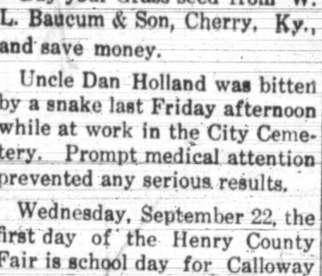
Woolens, Silks, White Goods, Shoes, Millinery Goods and Ladies' and Children's Ready-to-wear.

We want you to come and spend these three days with us whether you are ready to buy or not. We want to make these three days of pleasure for every one as well as business for our store. Good music all day on Thursday.

THE STORE THAT NEVER DISAPPOINTS the PEOPLE

Wadlington & Co.

Ultra-Violet and Infra-Red



That's what scientists call the dangerous, invisible rays in light that cause eye-strain. Sir William Crookes, the famous British scientist, has invented a remarkable glass of barely perceptible tint that shields the eyes from these harmful light rays. We can make spectacle and eyeglass lenses of Sir William Crookes' glass, no matter what your prescription may be.

ORVIS C. WELLS, Optometrist
—OFFICE—
Fulton Jewelry Company

Buy your Grass seed from W. L. Baucum & Son, Cherry, Ky., and save money.

Uncle Dan Holland was bitten by a snake last Friday afternoon while at work in the City Cemetery. Prompt medical attention prevented any serious results.

Wednesday, September 22, the first day of the Henry County Fair is school day for Calloway county. All children, under 18 years, attending school in Calloway county will be admitted free on this day. Fair dates are September 22, 23, 24 and 25.

W. S. Swann commenced work the first of the week remodeling the N. T. Hale residence on Institute street. When the improvements are completed he will have one of the handsomest homes in the city, and expects to occupy the place as soon as the work is finished.

The Murray Furniture & Undertaking Co. make announcement through the Ledger this week of a special ten days' sale, during which time rare opportunity will be given the public to purchase desirable merchandise at greatly reduced prices. Read the announcement and be convinced that this statement is correct.

J. M. Counts, eastern division manager of the tobacco association, will speak next Saturday afternoon at the residence of I. T. Crawford and at Howard school house the same day at night. He speaks in the interest of the association and every tobacco grower in that section is invited to be present at each speaking.

Tom Morris recently purchased the lots on the south side of the square formerly owned by A. J. Davis and has let the contract for the erection of a modern garage. The building will be occupied by the Forman Auto Co., of Paducah, district agents for the Ford car. Mr. E. J. Beale is in charge of the local office. Work will be commenced on the building at once.

The four year old son of J. V. Adams and wife, of near Coldwater bridge, died Monday night of this week after a brief illness of diptheria. The many friends of the father and mother extend heartfelt sympathy in their sad bereavement. The burial took place Tuesday in the West Fork grave yard.

Clyde Vaughn and Miss Erma Willis were united in marriage Wednesday night of this week at the home of the bride's parents, Alva Willis and wife, a few miles south of the city on the Hazel road. Elder Garvin Curd officiated. The couple are popular young people and have many friends to extend happiest congratulations for a long wedded life.

LUMBER TALK

We have bought the J. B. Hay & Company stock of Lumber and will continue to do business at both places.

NOW A WORD:

By combining the two we are in position to serve you better. If the best of treatment and the prices get your business, WE ARE AFTER YOU.

LUMBER IS CHEAP---YOU KNOW IT. BUY IT NOW and BUY IT FROM US.

Here's a Few Specials While They Last:

Ceiling $1.15. Flooring $1.25. Shingles $1.90.

Hood, Hughes & Irvan Lumber Co.

MURRAY, -:- KENTUCKY

THE
Popular Cash Grocery
HAS SOME VERY CHEAP PRICES TO OFFER THE PUBLIC

100 pounds of Sugar - - -	$5.90
10-pound bucket of Snow Drift Lard - - - - -	.90
5 pound bucket of Snow Drift Lard - - - - -	.45
50-pound can of compound Lard - - - - - -	3.85
50-pound can of pure hog Lard - - - - - -	4.50
1 bag of Omega Flour - -	.90
1 bag of half patent Flour -	.70
1 bag of best patent Flour	.75
1 gal. pure Apple Vinegar -	.20
9 pounds of Keg Soda - -	.10

We Pay 20c per dozen for Eggs.

See us for all kinds of Field Seeds.
OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT

— Yours to Serve, —
Parker & Perdue

Burley Scott, son of Dumas Scott, keeper of the county farm, left the past week for Clayton, N. M., to spend the winter, in hopes that the climate of that country will improve his health. Mr. Scott is a splendid young man and for the past two years has been engaged with his father in the mercantile business and during the time won the confidence and esteem of the people of that section of the county. He has many friends who hope that he will be much benefitted by the trip.

Colic in Horses.

Farris Horse Colic Remedy is simply dropped on the tongue through a medicine dropper. It has a proven record of 59 cures in sixty cases. The women folks can give it. Get a 50c bottle and be safe.—Sexton Bros.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas county }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, CO.

Sold by all druggist. 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

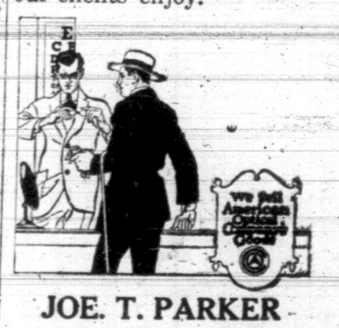
City Taxes.

The city tax books for 1915 are now in my hands for collection. Come as early as you can and pay your taxes as the city needs the money.—P. F. Waterfield, City Marshal.

Reduced rates on all railroads to the great Henry County Fair to be held at Paris, Tenn., September 22, 23, 24 and 25.

Comfort in Glasses.

Part of the Comfort you get out of wearing glasses comes of their fitting accurately and securely. Occasional adjustment, for which we make no charge, is a part of the optical service that our clients enjoy.



JOE. T. PARKER
Jeweler and Optician
MURRAY, KY.

Notice.

All persons who have not paid their 1914 taxes must come and arrange this matter by Sept. 1, 1915, or I will proceed to collect as the law directs.—P. F. Waterfield, City Marshal.

Trimmed and Tailored Hats

Displayed **September 18th,** at Hazel, Ky., at the store of

J. E. Owen & Company

MISS HATTIE HARTY

HIS LOVE STORY

By MARIE VAN VORST

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

COPYRIGHT BY THE BOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY

SYNOPSIS.

—2—

Le Comte de Sabron, captain of French cavalry, takes to his quarters to raise by hand a motherless Irish terrier pup, and names it Pitchoune. He dines with the Marquise d'Esclignac and meets Miss Julia Redmond, American heiress, who sings for him an English ballad that lingers in his memory.

CHAPTER III—Continued.

That evening the Marquise d'Esclignac read aloud to her niece the news that the Count de Sabron was not coming to dinner. He was "absolutely desolated" and had no words to express his regret and disappointment. The pleasure of dining with them both, a pleasure to which he had looked forward for a fortnight, must be renounced because he was obliged to sit up with a very sick friend, as there was no one else to take his place. In expressing his undying devotion and his renewed excuses he put his homage at their feet and kissed their hands.

The Marquise d'Esclignac, wearing another very beautiful dress, looked up at her niece, who was playing at the piano.

"A very poor excuse, my dear Julia, and a very late one."

"It sounds true, however. I believe him, don't you, ma tante?"

"I do not," said the marquise emphatically. "A Frenchman of good education is not supposed to refuse a dinner invitation an hour before he is expected. Nothing but a case of life and death would excuse it."

"He says a 'very sick friend.'"

"Nonsense," exclaimed the marquise.

Miss Redmond played a few bars of the tune Sabron had hummed and which more than once had soothed Pitchoune, and which, did she know, Sabron was actually humming at that moment.

"I am rather disappointed," said the young girl, "but if we find it is a matter of life and death, ma tante, we will forgive him?"

The Marquise d'Esclignac had invited the Count de Sabron because she had been asked to do so by his colonel, who was an old and valued friend. She had other plans for her niece.

"I feel, my dear," she answered her now, "quite safe in promising that if it is a question of life and death we shall forgive him. I shall see his colonel tomorrow and ask him pointblank."

Miss Redmond rose from the piano and came over to her aunt, for dinner had been announced.

"Well, what do you think," she slipped her hand in her aunt's arm, "really, what do you think could be the reason?"

"Please don't ask me," exclaimed the Marquise d'Esclignac impatiently. "The reasons for young men's caprices are sometimes just as well not inquired into."

If Sabron, smoking in his bachelor quarters, lonely and disappointed, watching with an extraordinary fidelity by his "sick friend," could have seen the two ladies at their grand solitary dinner, his unfilled place between them, he might have felt the picture charming enough to have added to his collection.

CHAPTER IV.

The Dog Pays.

Pitchoune repaid what was given him.

He did not think that by getting well, reserving the right for the rest of his life to a distinguished limp in his right leg, that he had done all that was expected of him. He developed an ecstatic devotion to the captain, impossible for any human heart adequately to return. He followed Sabron like a shadow and when he could not follow him, took his place on a chair in the window, there to sit, his sharp profile against the light, his pointed ears forward, watching for the uniform he knew and admired extravagantly.

Pitchoune was a thoroughbred, and every muscle and fiber showed it, every hair and point asserted it, and he loved as only thoroughbreds can. You may say what you like about mongrel attachments, the thoroughbred in all cases reserves his brilliancy for crises.

Sabron, who had only seen Miss Redmond twice and thought about her countless times, never quite forgave his friend for the illness that kept him from the chateau. There was in Sabron's mind, much as he loved Pitchoune, the feeling that if he had gone that night

There was never another invitation!

"Voyons, mon cher," his colonel had said to him kindly the next time he met him, "what stupidity have you been guilty of at the Chateau d'Esclignac?"

Poor Sabron blushed and shrugged his shoulders.

"I assure you," said the colonel, "that I did you harm there without knowing it. Madame d'Esclignac, who is a very clever woman, asked me with interest and sympathy, who your very sick friend could be. As no one was very sick according to my knowledge I told her so. She seemed triumphant and I saw at once that I had put you in the wrong."

It would have been simple to have explained to the colonel, but Sabron, reticent and reserved, did not choose to do so. He made a very insufficient excuse, and the colonel, as well as the marquise, thought ill of him. He learned later, with chagrin, that his friends were gone from the Midi. Rooted to the spot himself by his duties, he could not follow them. Meanwhile Pitchoune thrived, grew, cheered his loneliness, jumped over a stick, learned a trick or two from Brunet and a great many fascinating wiles and ways, no doubt inherited from his mother. He had a sense of humor truly Irish, a power of devotion that we designate as "canine," no doubt because no member of the human race has ever deserved it.

CHAPTER V.

The Golden Autumn.

Sabron longed for a change with autumn, when the falling leaves made the roads golden roundabout the Chateau d'Esclignac. He thought he would like to go away. He rode his horse one day up to the property of the hard-hearted unforgiving lady and, finding the gate open, rode through the grounds up to the terrace. Seeing no one, he sat in his saddle looking over the golden country to the Rhone and the castle of the good King Rene, where the autumn mists were like banners floating from towers.

There was a solitary beauty around the lovely place that spoke to the young officer with a sweet melancholy. He fancied that Miss Redmond must often have looked out from one of the windows, and he wondered which one. The terrace was deserted and leaves from the vines strewed it with red and golden spectres. Pitchoune raced after them, for the wind started them flying, and he rolled his tawny little body over and over in the rustling leaves. Then a rabbit, which before the arrival of Sabron had been sitting comfortably on the terrace stones, scuttled away like mad, and Pitchoune, somewhat hindered by his limp, tore after it.

The deserted chateau, the fact that there was nothing in his military life beyond the routine to interest him now in Tarascon, made Sabron eagerly look forward to a change, and he waited for letters from the minister of war which would send him to a new post.

The following day after his visit to the chateau he took a walk, Pitchoune at his heels, and stood aside in the highroad to let a yellow motor pass him, but the yellow motor at that moment drew up to the side of the road while the chauffeur got out to adjust some portion of the mechanism. Someone leaned from the yellow motor window and Sabron came forward to speak to the Marquise d'Esclignac and another lady by her side.

Stood Aside to Let a Motor Pass Him.

"How do you do, Monsieur? Do you remember us?"

(Had he ever forgotten them?) He regretted so very much not having been able to dine with them in the spring.

"And your sick friend?" asked Madame d'Esclignac keenly, "did he recover?"

"Yes," said Sabron, and Miss Redmond, who leaned forward, smiled at him and extended her pretty hand. Sabron opened the motor door.

"What a darling dog!" Miss Redmond cried. "What a bewitching face he has! He's an Irish terrier, isn't he?"

Sabron called Pitchoune, who diverted his attention from the chauffeur to come and be hauled up by the collar and presented. Sabron shook off his reticence.

"Let me make a confession," he said with a courteous bow. "This is my very sick friend." Pitchoune was at the point of death the night of your dinner and I was just leaving the house when I realized that the helpless little chap could not weather the breeze without me. He had been run over by a bicycle and he needed some very special care."

Miss Redmond's hand was on Pitchoune's head between his pointed ears. She looked sympathetic. She looked amused. She smiled.

"It was a question of 'life and death,' wasn't it?" she said eagerly to Sabron.

"Really, it was just that," answered the young officer, not knowing how significant the words were to the two ladies.

Then Madame d'Esclignac knew that she was beaten and that she owed something and was ready to pay. The chauffeur got upon his seat and she asked suavely:

"Won't you let us take you home, Monsieur Sabron?"

He thanked them. He was walking and had not finished his exercise.

"At all events," she pursued, "now that your excuse is no longer a good one, you will come this week to dinner, will you not?"

He would, of course, and watched the yellow motor drive away in the autumn sunlight, wishing rather less for the order from the minister of war to change his quarters than he had before.

CHAPTER VI.

Ordered Away.

He had received his letter from the minister of war. Like many things we wish for, set our hopes upon, when they come we find that we do not want them at any price. The order was unwelcome. Sabron was to go to Algiers.

Winter is never very ugly around Tarascon. Like a lovely bunch of fruit in the brightest corner of a happy vineyard, the Midi is sheltered from the rude experiences that the seasons know farther north. Nevertheless, rains and winds, sea-born and vigorous, had swept in and upon the little town. The mistral came whistling and Sabron, from his window, looked down on his little garden from which summer had entirely flown. Pitchoune, by his side, looked down as well, but his expression, different from his master's, was ecstatic, for he saw sliding along the brick wall, a cat with which he was on the most excited terms. His body tense, his ears forward, he gave a sharp series of barks and little soft growls, while his master tapped the window-pane to the tune of Miss Redmond's song.

Although Sabron had heard it several times, he did not know the words or that they were of a semi-religious, extremely sentimental character which would have been difficult to translate into French. He did not know that they ran something like this:

God keep you safe, my love,
All through the night;
Rest close in his encircling arms
Until the light.

And there was more of it. He only knew that there was a pathos in the tune which spoke to his warm heart; which caressed and captivated him and which made him long deeply for a happiness he thought it most unlikely he would ever know.

There had been many pictures added to his collection: Miss Redmond at dinner, Miss Julia Redmond—he knew her first name now—before the piano; Miss Redmond in a smart coat, walking with him down the alley, while Pitchoune chased flying leaves and apparitions of rabbits hither and thither.

The Count de Sabron had always dreaded just what happened to him. He had fallen in love with a woman beyond his reach, for he had no fortune whatsoever, nothing but his captain's pay and his hard soldier's life, a wanderer's life and one which he hesitated to ask a woman to share. In spite of the fact that Madame d'Esclignac was agreeable to him, she was not cordial, and he understood that she did not consider him a parti for her niece. Other guests, as well as he, had shared her hospitality. He had been jealous of them, though he could not help seeing Miss Redmond's preference for himself. Not that he wanted to help it. He recalled that she had really sung to him, decidedly walked by his side when there had been more than the quartette, and he felt, in short, her sympathy.

"Pitchoune," he said to his companion, "we are better off in Algiers, mon vieux. The desert is the place for us. We shall get rid of fancies there and do some hard fighting one way or another."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Worth While Quotation.

The pleasure that we take in beautiful nature is essentially capricious. It comes sometimes when we least look for it, and sometimes, when we expect it most certainly, it leaves us to gape joylessly for days together. We may have passed a place a thousand times and one, and on the thousand and second it will be transfigured, and stand forth in a certain splendor of reality from the dull circle of surroundings, so that we see it "with a child's first pleasure," as Wordsworth saw the daffodils by the lakeside.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Sure to Get What He Wanted.

The doctor told him he needed carbohydrates, proteids, and above all, something nitrogenous. The doctor mentioned a long list of foods for him to eat. He staggered out and wabbled into a restaurant.

"How about beefsteak?" he asked the waiter. "Is that nitrogenous?"

The waiter didn't know.

"Are fried potatoes rich in carbohydrates or not?"

The waiter couldn't say.

"Well, I'll risk it," declared the poor man in despair. "Bring me a large plate of hash."

Folk We Touch In Passing

By Julia Chandler Manz

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THE PRICE

When The Wife found out about The Other Woman, The Man made no attempt at denial.

"Love," he told her, "does not come at our volition. I cannot help it. I did not seek this thing that has come to me and I cannot lay it aside."

Whereupon The Wife voiced the misery of her heart; made an effort to revive the affection which she was sure had been hers in an earlier year, and at last, seeing that her appeal was in vain, she spoke of honor.

"Honor!" exclaimed The Man in a wondering tone. "I do not know where honor should begin or leave off, my dear. You see, our marriage was all a mistake. From playmates in childhood we drifted into comradeship in youth, and finally went on, just drifting pleasantly along to the altar. All of which might have been well enough had I never awakened. But I have awakened. I know the difference now between love and a pleasant affection, and to my mind our union has become but a desecration of marriage."

"What are you going to do?" questioned The Wife, in that quiet way she has when the knife in her heart is turning slowly.

"There is but one thing TO DO," answered The Man.

"And that?" she asked.

"Why," he said, "we must end this farce which you and I call marriage."

And as he spoke a peal of childish laughter rang through the house, sending a spasm of pain across The Wife's features—answering the words The Man had spoken as she could never have done.

Love for The Other Woman coursed through The Man's veins like a mad thing. There were moments when he was alone that he was haunted by the laughter of the Boy Person in his home, but when he was with the object of his heart's desire he quite lost it from his consciousness.

Time came when The Wife seldom saw The Man, and finally she made up her mind that she would go to see The Other Woman, taking the Boy Person with her.

The Other Woman's candor might have disarmed The Wife had it not been for the Boy Person's presence in the room, for the woman loved told the woman unloved that she knew her errand; knew the terrible hurt she had brought her; declared her own suffering through it, but ended with the same assurance that The Man had given—the frank assertion that the thing which possessed her was bigger than her will and that she had no power to dispel the force of love.

"But what are you going to do?" asked The Wife again.

"We are going away," came the frank reply.

Whereupon The Wife assured The Other Woman that she could not hope to build happiness on another's misery; that she could not hope to forget the small Boy Person whose laughter was even then like music in her ear; that the love she cherished for The Man would eventually prove a curse to them both, and when her auditor answered her nothing The Wife told her that when she went away with The Man it would be to live an ostracized life of shame all her days.

"For," said The Wife, "I will never divorce him."

Despite the fact that The Wife kept her word, and that society frowned its disapproval on the action of The Man and The Other Woman, their love was sufficient unto them, and little by little The Other Woman forgot the curse which The Wife had promised should follow her to the end of her days, and when a little girl came to her home she determined to put it out of her mind forever. And time came when the folk in the distant city to which The Man had taken The Other Woman to live were more charitably disposed toward them, and some there were who even felt that The Wife was hard and vindictive, and extended their sympathy in courteous action to The Man and The Other Woman.

But once in a while the words of The Wife knocked sharply at The Other Woman's conscience, and then she was afraid, and once in awhile The Little Maid made her think of the Boy Person and his wondrous laughter, whereupon she was still more afraid. But always The Man cherished her, and with his tenderness dispelled the shadows of the past.

The years slipped gently by, and The Little Maid became a woman grown. The Other Woman often wondered if her daughter knew the truth, but the girl gave no sign, and so The Other Woman trusted to fate and was silent. And the little household was a very happy one.

Then, on a day, The Little Maid was missing. The Man and The Other Woman had never dreamed that harm could befall the quiet, gentle presence in their home. For a little while they knew not where to seek her, and when at last they learned that she had gone away with a married man who was reputed the most disreputable roue of the town, they followed quickly to bring her home.

But when The Other Woman found The Little Maid in her shame the girl met her agonized appeal quite coolly.

"Love does not come at our volition. I cannot help it. I did not seek this thing that has come to me and I had no power to avoid it. YOU should understand."

The girl spoke the words her father had said to the mother of the small Boy Person; the words The Other Woman had told The Wife and the sentence with which she concluded her statement was illuminating to The Other Woman, who stood watching the beautiful daughter to whom she had given life—and her inheritance—and as she watched the veil was lifted from her eyes and she saw that the thing which The Wife had told her in that far gone yesteryear was the inevitable truth, and that the present was the price which The Wife had promised she should pay.

"Love," He Told Her, "Does Not Come at Our Volition."

RAIN OR SHINE

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Overalls, Shirts or Jumpers

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STIFEL'S INDIGO CLOTH

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OVERALLS are cooler, more serviceable and economical the year 'round for farm work than pants.

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Regiment of Renown.

The Sixtieth rifles, for which Sir Herbert Raphael is recruiting an "Arts and Crafts Battalion," is better known by its old name than as the King's Royal Rifle corps. Next to the Guards it is the most sought after of infantry regiments, and has always a number of famous names on its muster. No regiment has a finer list of battle honors. — London Evening Standard.

Easily Settled.

"What's the trouble about the program?"

"This prima donna insists that her name be in larger letters than that of the trained chimpanzee."

"Let her have it that way," directed the vaudeville manager. "The monk is intelligent, but he hasn't arrived at the point where he is going to kick about the way we print his name."

Keen Financiering.

Lady—What will you charge me for the use of a horse and buggy for a few hours?

Liveryman—It will cost you two dollars for the first hour and one dollar for each additional hour.

Lady—Well, I'll use the two additional hours. I've got some shopping to do and will not require it for the first hour.

Women Life-Savers.

The National Women's Life-Saving league announces that with the opening of the coming indoor season they will inaugurate a new branch of work in the form of a junior branch for girls under the age of sixteen. No child will be considered too young to learn the rudiments of swimming, and practically all of the crack swimmers of the league have promised their aid to Miss K. F. Mehrtens, its president, in developing the younger members.—New York Evening Post.

IT SLUGS HARD.

Coffee a Sure and Powerful Bruiser.

"Let your coffee slave be denied his cup at its appointed time! Headache—sick stomach—fatigue. I know it all in myself, and have seen it in others. Strange that thinking, reasoning beings will persist in its use," says a Topeka man.

He says further that he did not begin drinking coffee until he was twenty years old, and that slowly it began to poison him, and affect his hearing through his nervous system.

"Finally, I quit coffee and the conditions slowly disappeared, but one cold morning the smell of my wife's coffee was too much for me and I took a cup. Soon I was drinking my regular allowance, tearing down brain and nerves by the daily dose of the nefarious beverage.

"Later, I found my breath coming hard, had frequent fits of nausea, and then I was taken down with bilious fever.

"Common sense came to me, and I quit coffee for good and went back to Postum. I at once began to gain and have had no returns of my bilious symptoms, headache, dizziness or vertigo.

"I now have health, bright thoughts, and added weight, where before there was invalidism and the blues.

"My brother quit coffee because of its effect on his health and now uses Postum. He could not stand the nervous strain while using coffee, but keeps well on Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum comes in two forms:

Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled, 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

AIDS ALL BUSINESS

New Currency System Great Help to Country.

President Wilson Explains the Good Effects Which Must Result From Operation of Law for Which Democrats Are Responsible.

Let bankers explain the technical features of the new currency system. Suffice it here to say that it provides a currency which expands as it is needed, and contracts when it is not needed; a currency which comes into existence in response to the call of every man who can show a going business and a concrete basis for extending credit to him, however obscure or prominent he may be, however big or little his business transactions.

More than that, the power to direct this system of credits is put into the hands of a public board of disinterested officers of the government itself who can make no money out of anything they do in connection with it. No group of bankers anywhere can get control; no part of the country can concentrate the advantages and conveniences of the system upon itself for its own selfish advantage. The board can oblige the banks of one region to go to the assistance of the banks of another. The whole resources of the country are mobilized, to be employed where they are most needed. I think we are justified in speaking of this as a democracy credit. Credit is at the disposal of every man who can show energy and assets. Each region of the country is set to study its own needs and opportunities and the whole country stands by to assist. It is self-government as well as democracy.—President Wilson.

STATUS OF THE RIGGS BANK

Affidavits Seem to Have Made Out Strong Case Against Conduct of the Institution.

Affidavits describe the Riggs bank, through its officials, as persistently breaking the banking laws; as unlawfully conducting a brokerage and land-loan business; as making illegal loans to its own officials and to clerks on stock collateral; as swearing false oaths; as gaining government favors from those about to enter its employment.

They paint a blacker picture. They charge that illegal and improper loans were made to Senators Bailey, Quay and Proctor; to the late Representative J. D. Richardson, who could favor Standard Oil traction interests; to Frank A. Vanderlip, now president of the Standard Oil bank in New York, whose services to it in the purchase of the old customhouse are well remembered; to former treasury officials, among them Comptroller Ridgely, and various assistant secretaries; even to a secretary of the treasury, Leslie M. Shaw.

If these sworn statements stand test we shall have disclosed a veritable alliance between Big Business and the government of the United States under administrations more lenient with lawbreakers than the present. We shall see laid bare the secret course of pipelines that led from the treasury straight to the lair of Standard Oil.

DEMOCRATS TO KEEP POWER

Record of Legislative Achievements Will Assure Party Future Victory at the Polls.

Frank E. Doremus, congressman from Michigan and chairman of the Democratic congressional campaign committee, said recently:

"The revision of the tariff, the new banking and currency law, the income tax, the development and extension of the parcel post, and numerous other constructive measures have increased the confidence of the people in the Democratic party, and have formed a record of constructive legislation unparalleled in the history of the country.

"What will it profit the people to return the Republican party to power?

"What constructive program has it to announce?

"How much of the great work of this administration will it undo?

"The American people have confidence in Woodrow Wilson. They rejoice in his patriotism and unselfish devotion to duty. They will in the coming election return a Democratic congress to support him in his constructive policies of progress and reform. They will not elect a Republican congress that for two years would only embarrass, harass and antagonize him in the great work of restoring this government to the people."

Need Democratic Senate.

In any event, with a Democratic senate the president will be assured of the opportunity to put men of his own partisan faith in the places of greatest public trust throughout the country.

President Wilson's Position.

President Wilson, like President Cleveland, has found some members of his party in congress who are not in accord with the avowed Democratic tariff policy. As a matter of political fact, the commercial development of a part of the solid South resulted in aligning a few Democratic senators with the most effective champions of the protective policy. The president has declared that he is not a free trader and, in effect, that he sought no more than reasonable tariff revision.

FLAVOR FOR WINTER MENUS

Few Things Are Better Than the Elderberry—How to Use It to the Best Advantage.

Elderberries are not eaten very widely, but they possess a delightful flavor, and the housekeeper with time—and elderberries—on her hands will do well to preserve them in several different ways, for they will furnish an unusual flavor to her winter menus.

Grape and Elderberry Preserve.—This is delicious. To make it allow equal quantities of elderberries and grapes and use a grape with decided, even tart, flavor, for the sweetness of the elderberry makes up for much tartness of grape. The grapes must be opened with a very sharp knife and the seeds must be removed. Allow as much sugar as the elderberries and grapes together weigh. Put the fruit in a preserving kettle and barely cover with cold water. Bring to the boiling point, skim and add a fourth of the sugar. Bring to the boiling point again, add another quarter of the sugar and boil for 20 minutes. Repeat until the sugar is all used and then boil until a little of the sirup jellies on a plate on the ice.

Pack into jars. Be careful not to break the grapes more than is absolutely necessary in the cooking.

Elderberry Jelly.—For this use half as much wild green grape juice as elderberry juice. Use a pound of sugar to each of juice and cook, skimming as the sirup simmers, until it jellies when tested on ice.

Elder Blossom Wine.—Pick from the stems enough blossoms to fill a quart measure when pressed down; add one gallon of cold water and steep 24 hours. Strain and add four pounds of sugar, three sliced lemons and one cup of yeast. Set away for two weeks, then strain carefully, pour into a jug and, after several months, bottle.

Canned Elderberries.—One peck of firm, ripe elderberries and one pint of strong vinegar, three pounds of brown sugar and one quart of molasses. Boil all together for five or ten minutes and bottle. The elderberries should be measured after picking from the stems.

SIMPLE PUDDINGS THE BEST

Housekeepers Are Coming to Appreciate the Merits of Dishes That Are Plain and Inexpensive.

The American housekeeper is learning to appreciate the value of simple puddings. She finds them much less expensive and more wholesome for the daily menu than rich creams and other elaborate desserts.

Puddings of rice and macaroni are easily made and inexpensive. Rice is a valuable item in the daily dietary and a pleasant one if properly cooked. Ordinary rice puddings should never be made with eggs; the addition of eggs turns the pudding into a custard, and as a rice pudding needs such long cooking the custard becomes hardened. Rice needs slow cooking for two and a half to three hours. Adding milk is an improvement and makes the pudding more nourishing.

Skim milk is often used for these puddings, but in this case suet or a good piece of butter should be put in, as when the cream has been taken from the milk it loses in fat and nourishment, though it retains much of its strengthening properties. Smaller grains, such as semolina, fine sago and ground rice will cook in a much shorter time than rice—about 12 minutes will do. Large sago or tapioca takes about 20 minutes.

A good recipe for rice pudding is: Four cupfuls milk, one-third cupful rice, one-half cupful seeded raisins if desired, one-third cupful sugar, one-half teaspoonful salt. Mix ingredients in a baking dish and cook in a very slow over for four or five hours. It will be necessary to stir occasionally to prevent rice and raisins from settling to bottom of dish. If raisins are not used some flavoring should be added.

Poor Man's Pudding.

Two quarts of sweet milk, two-thirds of a cupful of whole rice, one cupful of sugar, butter the size of a walnut, a little salt and grated nutmeg or a section of lemon peel. Put all together in a baking dish and bake until the rice is cooked through. A shorter way to make this pudding is to boil the rice first. The sweet can also be covered with a meringue flavored with lemon juice if the peel is used in the pudding.

Pineapple Peel Juice.

Cut the peel of the pineapple into small pieces. Weigh and take same quantity of sugar. Make a sirup of one cupful of water to each pound of sugar, then add pineapple or sirup. Boil 15 minutes, slow, steady boiling. Let stand over night, then strain and squeeze in cheesecloth. Bottle and put on ice, or in a cool place. This makes a fine pudding sauce and is delicious on boiled rice.

Mint Cup.

Into a bowl pour a quart of claret and a bottle of soda water, a wine glassful of curacao and enough sugar to sweeten. Add a handful of picked and bruised mint leaves and two pounds of crushed ice. Stir briskly and serve.

Cream Cheese Salad.

Mash a cake of cream cheese, and add to it a few chopped walnuts and some chopped chives, also a dash of paprika. Make into balls with butter paddles, serve on lettuce leaves with French dressing.

CALOMEL SICKENS! IT SALIVATES! DON'T STAY BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED

I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Don't Lose a Day's Work!

Calomel makes you sick; you lose a day's work. Calomel is quicksilver and it salivates; calomel injures your liver.

If you are bilious, feel lazy, sluggish and all knocked out, if your bowels are constipated and your head aches or stomach is sour, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone instead of using sickening, salivating calomel. Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working. You'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal guarantee that it will clean your sluggish liver better than nasty calomel; it won't make you sick and you can eat anything you want without being salivated. Your druggist guarantees that each spoonful will start your liver, clean your bowels and straighten you up by morning or you can have your money back. Children gladly take Dodson's Liver Tone because it is pleasant tasting and doesn't gripe or cramp or make them sick.

I am selling millions of bottles of Dodson's Liver Tone to people who have found that this pleasant, vegetable, liver medicine takes the place of dangerous calomel. Buy one bottle on my sound, reliable guarantee. Ask your druggist or storekeeper about me.

His Trouble.

A stenographer was out of a job. He was discussing the best ways and means of rehabilitating his ebbing bank roll with a friend who also was listed among the unemployed. Said the friend:

"If I were you I'd write a letter for money."

"I have already done so," replied the steno.

"For how much?"

"Oh, three thousand dollars."

"Well—" replied the shorthand man sadly, "the letter asking for the three thousand dollars is all ready to mail, but I'll be darned if I can think of anybody to mail it to."

DO NOT HESITATE

To Use Cuticura on Skin-Tortured Babies. Trial Free.

A hot bath with Cuticura Soap and gentle application of Cuticura Ointment at once relieve, permit rest and sleep and point to speedy healment of eczemas, rashes, itchings and irritations of infants and children even in severe cases.

Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. XY, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

News From the Front.

Vicar (who had called to read a letter to one of his parishioners from her son at the front)—Your son, Mrs. Codling, has been fighting in the trenches. For a whole week he was standing up to his neck in water!

Mrs. Codling—Well, I never! This war is doing some funny things, sir, to be sure. We couldn't get 'im to put water anywhere near 'is neck when 'e wos at 'ome!—London Tit-Bits.

Cleanses the Wounds.

For injuries from rusty nails or any other external hurts, apply Hanford's Balsam. It should kill any germs, cleanse the wound and remove soreness. Then quick healing will follow. Adv.

Lights Out!

Sergeant—Now, then, how many times do you chaps want telling to put the light out?

Voice From Tent—It ain't a light, sergeant, it's the moon.

Sergeant—I don't care a tinker's clank, blash what it is; put it out!"—London Opinion.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents. Adv.

A Cool Request.

"It was a hard swim, mum," said the life guard who had just effected a difficult rescue. "But we made it."

"Quite so," said the lady calmly. "Thank you very much. And now would you mind going back for my bathing cap?"

For chronic pain in the back apply Hanford's Balsam. Rub it on and rub it in thoroughly. Adv.

Efficient One.

"Can you tell me the quickest way to get up in the world?"

"Sure I can. Pat a mule on the hind leg."

Better than a plaster—Hanford's Balsam when thoroughly applied. Adv.

Comparative Fun.

"That fellow had the nerve to tell me to bant."

"Oh, that was only his banter."

Birch veneer is being sought in Canada by London manufacturers of tea chests.

Hanford's Balsam. Economy in large sizes. Adv.

Some men are like umbrellas; they have so many ups and downs.

He who is able to hold his tongue can sidetrack a lot of trouble.

STOP WRITER'S PEN

Many Gentle Distractions in Summer's Garden.

Some Reasons Why It Is Difficult to Work Out of Doors—Observation of the Birds One of the Greatest.

In summer I write every morning in a summer house at the extreme rear of my garden—a house which is, in reality, a cow shed converted by Virginia creepers, side trellises, great openings sawed in all four sides and a small plaster cast of a section of the Parthenon frieze, painted with white enamel paint to resist the rain.

But I find it difficult to work out of doors, even in the summer. There are so many distractions. I am disturbed incessantly by the tiny clamors of little things, making their sweet, insidious appeal for attention.

There is, for instance—or, rather, there has been—a chick-a-dee's nest on my summer house, in a box tacked there to attract the wrens. All my life I have desired to have a chick-a-dee's nest under observation, and this year my wish was granted. Every morning while Mrs. Chick-a-dee was sitting on her eggs I saluted her when I came down to work.

Then, after I had settled down, and had just got a paragraph well under way, Mr. Chick-a-dee would appear with a worm or bug in his mouth to feed her, and I would have to lay down my pen to watch him. First he would perch on a twig twenty or thirty feet away and, without dropping the food from his mouth, say "chick-a-dee" two or three times softly—a pretty, wiry, tinkling sound. He never on any occasion added the remaining "dee-dee-dees" of the familiar call. After repeating his announcement he would then fly to a strip of the trellis, beside the bird box, and sitting there once more give his wiry little "chick-a-dee." Then he would suddenly give a hop to the perch below the hole in the box, transfer the food to the waiting bill of his wife, who would have her head out ready, and depart.

Another disturber of my labors is a bluebird whose family inhabits a box in my eighbor's yard, but who prefers to hunt in mine. I can never resist watching the flash of his blue wings over the flower beds. Still another disturber is a Baltimore oriole. He feeds in the orchard, swallowing down a bug or caterpillar and then fairly dancing on a spray while he emits a musical grace after meat.

Sometimes a yellow butterfly invades my privacy, fluttering across my vision to attract attention, and then winging in circles over the potato field or the flower beds. I watch it in its flight.

When I look back at my paper an ant is crawling over it. The ant makes me think of my young apple trees set out this spring, for the ants crawl up young apple trees and evidently devour the green aphis on the leaves. Have my new trees any aphis? I must get up and investigate. Yes, they have. I must get the hose and spray them off.

Back at last at my table I am free to resume my work, and another paragraph gets completed. Then I hear a meadow lark or perhaps a wood thrush and, arrested by the sound, pause to listen, and my ear catches clearly the various noises of the summer day, which so often we hear without hearing, and would only be aware of if they stopped altogether. To sink back and just listen—to feel the touch of the breeze on your cheek, to watch the great, lazy, beautiful white cloud, to smell the warm scents of the garden—that is better than working!—Walter Prichard Eaton in the Philadelphia Evening Ledger.

Despite what the dealers say, the only way to save $200 on a piano is not to buy it.

Lots of girls put on airs, even the air of innocence.

PLAN TO EXCHANGE IDEAS

Conferences Are to Be Held to Discuss the Best Means of Fighting Tuberculosis Plague.

How to munition and carry on the war against tuberculosis during the coming year will be discussed at sectional conferences on this subject being called by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, in Indianapolis, Ind.; El Paso, Tex.; Columbia, S. C.; Springfield, Mass., and Albany, N. Y.

The Indianapolis meeting, to be held September 29th, 30th and October 1st, will be known as the Mississippi Valley Tuberculosis Conference and will take in the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, Wyoming and Colorado.

At El Paso the southwestern health conference will meet September 27th to October 1st and will discuss not only tuberculosis, but other health subjects. This conference includes Texas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Nevada, Utah and Colorado.

Would Outlaw Canoes.

Burning of the canoes at Camp Tekakwitha is a good example. The use of these extremely frail, unstable and therefore dangerous craft should be everywhere restricted to expert swimmers. Any others who go out in them risk their lives, since the least incautious movement is likely to cause an upset even when the water is quiet.

While canoes may still be used by those who are fitted and ready at any moment to swim ashore, it would be better if they were put out of use altogether. There is always the danger, as long as they are kept at hand, that boys who cannot swim may seize an opportunity to venture out in them.

They serve no purpose that is worth while. An expert may derive some pleasure from paddling a canoe about, but to persons who want to enjoy a ride upon the water they offer neither security nor comfort.—Albany Journal.

European News.

"Got the paper, my dear?"

"Yes."

"Well, what's the Russian news from Timbuctoo and the German news from Tokyo?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Not Free.

"The ocean should be free to everybody."

"I'm," replied the man who always differs; "evidently you never went bathing from a beashore summer hotel."

In the United States last year 10,175 new books were published, and there were 1,833 new editions of old works.

OH! MY BACK

A stubborn backache is cause to suspect kidney trouble. When the kidneys are inflamed and swollen, stooping brings a sharp twinge in the small of the back, that almost takes the breath away. Soon there may be other symptoms; scanty, painful or too frequent urination, headaches, dizziness, or rheumatic pains. Don't wait for these troubles to become serious—use Doan's Kidney Pills at once. You'll find no better-recommended remedy.

A Mississippi Case

Mrs. J. A. Shute, 621 Main St., Greenwood, Miss., says: "My kidneys were badly disordered and my health was all run down. I felt tired, had headaches and my body was badly swollen. At times I could hardly see. Doan's Kidney Pills rid me of these pains and other ailments and restored me to the best of health."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

TRY THE OLD RELIABLE

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

For MALARIA CHILLS & FEVER

A FINE GENERAL STRENGTHENING TONIC

PERFECT HEALTH.

Tutt's Pills keep the system in perfect order. They regulate the bowels and produce

A VIGOROUS BODY.

Remedy for sick headache, constipation,

Tutt's Pills

W. N. U., MEMPHIS, NO. 38-1915.

5 Women Avoid Operations

For years we have been stating in the newspapers of the country that a great many women have escaped serious operations by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it is true.

We are permitted to publish in this announcement extracts from the letters of five women. All have been recently received unsolicited. Could any evidence be more convincing?

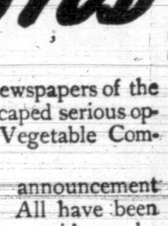
1. Hodgdon, Me.—"I had pains in both sides and such a soreness I could scarcely straighten up at times. My back ached and I was so nervous I could not sleep, and I thought I never would be any better until I submitted to an operation, but I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt like a new woman."—Mrs. Hayward Sowers, Hodgdon, Me.

2. Shelbyville, Ky.—"I suffered from a severe female trouble. My right side hurt me badly—it was finally decided that I must be operated upon. When my husband learned this he got a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me, and after taking it a few days I got better and continued to improve until I am now well."—Mrs. Mollie Smith, R.F.D., Shelbyville, Ky.

3. Hanover, Pa.—"The doctor advised a severe operation, but my husband got me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I experienced great relief in a short time. Now I feel like a new person and can do a hard day's work and not mind it."—Mrs. Ada Wilt, 303 Walnut St., Hanover, Pa.

4. Decatur, Ill.—"I was sick in bed and three of the best physicians said I would have to be taken to the hospital for an operation as I had something growing in my left side. I refused to submit to the operation and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—and it worked a miracle in my case, and I tell other women what it has done for me."—Mrs. Laura A. Griswold, 2437 East William Street, Decatur, Ill.

5. Cleveland, Ohio.—"I was very irregular and for several years my side pained me so that I expected to have to undergo an operation. Doctors said they knew of nothing that would help me. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I became regular and free from pain. I am thankful for such a good medicine and will always give it the highest praise."—Mrs. C. H. Griffith, 1568 Constant St., Cleveland, O.



Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

50c A BOX

FOR HALF A CENTURY

WOOD'S FEVER PILLS have stood the test as the best remedy for Chills and Fever and all Bilious and Malarial Diseases. Once tried always used. Sold by your druggist.

DR. WM. WOOD & SONS, CAIRO, ILL.

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA CREOLE" HAIR DRESSING. PRICE, $1.00, retail.

GREAT TEN DAYS SALE

The Murray Furniture & Undertaking Company will open their doors to the buying public **Thursday Morning at 6:00 O'clock.** ¶ In this store will be found some of the most wonderful bargains ever offered in Calloway county. If you want to get the cream,

Come Early With the Cash in Your Pockets

Dressers, $4.00 up. Bedsteads, $1.90 up. Rocking Chairs, $1.00 up.

Dining Tables, Library Tables, Buffetts, Kitchen Cabinets, Kitchen Safes, Bed Springs, Mattresses, Davenports.

Duifolds. - Chairs of all kinds.

—STOVES—

If you are going to need a Stove or Range in a year it will pay you to buy NOW.

This sale will be a great feast for Newly Married People, as they can get everything they need for housekeeping, so awfully cheap.

—SEE THE—

Dish Pans for 15 and 20 cents. Spoons, Knives and Forks, Cups and Saucers, Plates at 20c per set, Lamps, Lanterns and Clocks.

Everything in Tinware, Graniteware, Glassware and Tinware.

Get you a set of Tumblers for 40 cents.

Druggetts, Rugs; Linoleum 2 yards wide. Now is the time to buy your Heating Stoves, Stove Pipes, etc.

Six inch Stove Pipe for 5c per joint. You haven't been paying over 15c per joint, have you?

We must quit; the other man will "cuss us blue." See if they don't—listen.

You must come now, and come early as the stock is not going to last long and we postively will not put on another sale like this one again.

The Store of Quality

Murray Furniture & Undertaking Company

B. F. SCHROADER, MANAGER

A Good Tip.

THERE are just two ways of getting the finest candies. One is to ask for **Nunnally's,** and the other is to have Nunnally's offered you.

No other candies are received here so constantly from the manufacturers direct by express.

We are glad to add our guarantee to **Nunnally's,** that every box purchased at this store will be found in perfect condition.

H. P. WEAR

924

Browns Grove.

An epidemic of diptheria has made its appearance among the children of this community. Mr. John T. Turnbow lost one child while two more are very low.

Mr. Bud Brown is going to the Woodruff place this fall.

Mr. J. W. McKeel and wife. of near Murray, visited W. R. Singleton and wife last week. Mr. McKeel has sold out and is going to Arkansas.

About one half of the tobacco is in the barn.

J. W. Anderson has returned te Oklahoma after visiting relatives in this section.

Luther Adams child is recovering from diptheria.

J. L. Singleton aims to attend the reunion at Hazel next Saturdap.

Toy Pullen has just recovered from a case of typhoid fever.

Elder P. P. Pullen, of Paris, Tenn., attended the burial of his nephew, Henry Chunn, which took place at Antioch cemetery. —Billy.

Get Rid of Those Poisons in Your System.

You will find Dr. King's New Life Pills a mast satisfactory laxitive in releasisg the poisons from your system. Accumulated waste and poisons cause manifold ailments unless released. Dizziness, spots before the eyes, blackness and a miserable feeling generally are indications that you need Dr. King's New Life Pills. Take a dose to-night and you will experience a greatful relief by morning. 25c.

Teacher's Examination.

The teacher's examination will be held September 17th and 18th at the court house. This is the date for both State and County examination this year.

The examination for colored teachers will be held September 24th and 25th, which will be the last examination for the year of 1915.

Applicants, please be present at 7:30 prompt.—Lucile Grogan Jones, County Superintendent.

Big Circus Coming.

The Big Show is coming. Yep! Sun Brothers. This show will come by train bright and early, with a long string of handsome steel cars and will bring a retinue of the World's latest and strongest wonders.

The advertising car and advance agents have been to town and have billed the attraction very heavily for two performance to be given at Murrry on Tuesday, September 28.

The equestrian and riding seals and sea lions are also among the new novelties this season. The big show programme is rich and fairly teems with the finest foreign and American feature aerialists, jugglers, contortionists, equilibrists and general performers.

As a special free attraction the Sun Brother's will present at noontime, on the show grounds, a great European "thriller," said to be the greatest free attraction ever offered by a tented aggregation.

RHEUMATISM ARRESTED

Many people suffer the tortures of lame muscles and stiffened joints because of impurities in the blood, and each succeeding attack seems more acute until rheumatism has invaded the whole system.

To arrest rheumatism it is quite as important to improve your general health as to purify your blood, and the cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is nature's great blood-maker, while its medicinal nourishment strengthens the organs to expel the impurities and upbuild your strength.

Scott's Emulsion is helping thousands every day who could not find other relief. Refuse the alcoholic substitutes. ©

Feel languid, weak, run down? Headache? Stomach "off?" A good remedy is Burdock Blood Bitters. Ask your druggist. Price $1.00.

Cures Hog Cholera.

B. A. Thomas Hog Powders has a record of 95 cures out of every one hundred. The makers of this medicine say they know what it will do and authorize us to guarantee a 90 per cent cure. This means that if B. A. Thomas Hog Powders do not cure 90 per cent of your hogs, it does not cost you a penny. Better look into this right now. Remember we do the guaranteeing. —Sexton Bros.

Clint Drinkard's pacing horse, "X-ray" was entered at the Fulton fair the past week and won three straight heats in the 2:17 pace, pulling down $250, first money, for his owner. Mr. Drinkard has entered him at the Union City races this week and is expecting favorable results at that place also.

Great Paris Revival Ends.

Paris, Tenn., Sept. 13.—The great revival held by the Rev. Burke Culpepper came to a close Sunday night. The services were largely attended by many people from the county twenty miles around. Seats had to be placed in the streets for the accommodation of the crowds.

There were about 500 conversions in all and on Sunday morning, when the doors of the different churches were opened came in. The Methodist church took in 150 to 175, the Baptist 21, Christian 25, and Presbyterian 12.

Great Calloway County Fair

OCTOBER 6-7-8-9, 1915

Section Two

THE MURRAY LEDGER.

Pages 9 to 10

VOL. 37. NO 75. MURRAY, KENTUCKY THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1915 $1.00 PER YEAR.

WEDNESDAY
THURSDAY
FRIDAY

Fall Style Show

3 BIG DAYS
FOUR BIG
NIGHTS

September 22, 23, 24

PADUCAH'S

Third Annual Fall Style Show

Every store in Paducah will be ready with a display that will emphasize anew the advantages the people of this section enjoy in having such a splendid market within their convenient reach. The newest, the best, the most stylish, will be here for you to see; it's a real opportunity to post yourself on what the world of Fashion is doing.

ENTERTAINMENT EVERY MINUTE

All Paducah will be on tiptoe to make you have a good time throughout your visit. Your friends and acquaintances from all over this section will be here.

On the night of September 21st, a giant FLORAL AUTOMOBILE PARADE and HARVEST PAGEANT has been arranged, in which everyone is invited to participate. King Carnival will hold sway—the SNOLLYGOSTERS will be here in fancy costumes—there will be confetti and good fellowship everywhere.

COMPLIMENTARY BALL NIGHT OF 22ND

The most spacious Ball Room in the city has been reserved for a Ball, on the night of the 22nd, in compliment to visitors to The Style Show. Music will be furnished by the famous SAXAPHONE ORCHESTRA. Guests tickets may be procured, without cost, upon application in person to any of the merchants, during The Style Show. Come! We're expecting you!

Fares Refunded Visiting Buyers

Commissioners Sale

Calloway Circuit Court, Kentucky

T. B. Thurmond, Administrator of T. G. Thurmond, deceased, Plaintiff.

VS. Judgment.

C. A. Ellison and G. W. Wallis, Defendants.

By virtue of a Judgment and Order of Sale of the Calloway Circuit Court rendered at the August term thereof, 1915, in the above cause for the purpose of paying debts of $594,-76, accrued interest and costs herein expended.

I shall proceed to offer for sale at the court house door in Murray, Kentucky, to the highest bidder at public auction on the 27th day of September, 1915, between the hours of 1:00 and 3:00 o'clock p. m., being county court day, upon a credit of six months, the following described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the above judgment, same lying in Calloway county, Kentucky, towit:

A part of the southwest quarter of section 16, township 2, range 4 east; beginning at the southeast corner of said quarter, thence north 61¼ poles to a corner, thence west 80¼ poles to a corner, thence south 62 poles to a corner, thence east 80¼ poles to the beginning; containing 31 acres and 10 poles. Also 20 acres of land lying due east and adjoining the said 31 acres and 10 poles tract.

For the purchase price purchaser with approved surety or securities must execute bond, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply promptly with these terms.

J. A. Edwards, Commissioner.

Commissioners Sale

Calloway Circuit Court, Kentucky

Farmers National Bank, of Madisonville, Ky., Plaintiffs,

VS. Supplemental Interlocutory Judgment.

H. B. Gilbert, L. Y. Woodruff and Citizens Bank of Murray, Kentucky, Defendants.

By virtue of a Judgment and Order of Sale of the Calloway Circuit Court, rendered at the August term thereof, 1915 in the above cause for the purpose of paying debt amounting to $4,837.60 and accrued interest, and costs herein expended.

I shall proceed to offer for sale at the court house door in Murray, Kentucky, to the highest bidder at public auction on the 27thday of September, 1915, between the hours of 1:00 o'clock p. m., and 3:00 o'clock p. m., being county court day, upon a credit of 6 months, the following described property, or as much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the above named judgment, towit:

Lying north of the city limits of Murray, Kentucky, and bounded on the south by the land of N. L. Gilbert, on the east by the property of D. W. Morris, on the north by the property of D. W. Morris and on the west by the Murray and Wadesboro road, and being the same land which was bequeathed to the said H. B. Gilbert under paragraph 7 of the last will and testament of J. W. Gilbert, dated May 24, 1909, and recorded in Will Book "D," page 273, in the office of the clerk of the Calloway county court.

For the purchase price, purchaser with approved surety or securities, must execute bond, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply promptly with these terms.

J. A. Edwards, Commissioner.

Cane Mills, Pans, Furnaces, Jugs, etc. "Gold Medal" field seeds, consisting of the best Red Top, Timothy, Rye and Winter Turf Oats. Ox Brand Fertilizer for wheat and grass. Prices right on all of above named goods, also see us if you are in the market for a good buggy.—Sexton Bros. 992

Colt Show.—I will hold my annual colt show at my home the fourth Saturday in September. Persons indebted to me must come prepared to make settlement of the amout. Please bear this in mind.—J. F. Seaford. 923*

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. For burns, scalds, cuts and emergencies. All druggists sell it. 25c and 50c.

Commissioners Sale

Calloway Circuit Court, Kentucky

A. D. Thompson, Executor of A. J. Slaughter, deceased, Plaintiff.

VS. Judgement.

Margaret Slaughter, et al, Defendants.

By virtue of a Judgment and Order of Sale of the Calloway Circuit Court rendered at the August term thereof, 1915 in the above cause for the purpose of paying debt a of $1,-700.04, interest and costs herein expended.

I shall proceed to offer for sale at the court house door in Murray, Kentucky to the highest bidder at public auction on the 27th day of Sept. 1915, between the hours of 1:00 and 3:00 o'clock p. m., being county court day, upon a credit six months the following described property, or as much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the above named judgment, same lying in Calloway county, Kentucky, towit:

A part of the southwest quarter of section 23, township 2, range 4 east; beginning at a point on the Wadesboro and Murray road at the northeast corner of the M. L. Slaughter (now L. D. Slaughter) lot; thence north with said road 125 feet, more or less, to an alley or passway to the brickyard, thence west 21 poles more or less, thence south 21 poles more or less to the north line of the J. W. Gilbert three-acre tract, thence east 7 poles more or less to the southwest corner of the said M. L. Slaughter (now L. D. Slaughter) lot; thence north 13 poles more or less to the northwest corner of said M. L. Slaughter lot, thence east 13 poles more or less to the point of beginning, containing the brick residence of the said A. J. Slaughter, deceased, and which place was the home tract of the said decedent at the time of his death.

For the purchase price, purchaser with approved surety or securities, must execute bond, bearing legal interest from the date of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply promptly with these terms.

J. A. Edwards, Commissioner.

Buy your Grass seed from W. L. Baucum & Son, Cherry, Ky., and save money.

AFTER FOUR YEARS

Mayfield Testimony Remains Unshaken

Time is the best test of truth. Here is a Mayfield story that has stood the test of time. It is a story with a point which will come straight home to many of us.

Mrs. Harriet Davis, Ann St., Mayfield, Ky., says: "I had backaches and could hardly get up after sitting for awhile. I could not attend to my work and my head bothered me. I kept growing worse and in the spring of 1903 was taken with hemorrages of the kidneys. That trouble continued for four weeks and I was in a critical condition. Doctors failed to help me. Finally I used Doan's Kidney Pills and before long, was cured." (Statement given May 13th, 1907)

OVER FOUR YEARS LATER, Mrs. Davis said: "I still use Doan's Kidney Pills and find that there is nothing better for kidney trouble."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedey—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Davis had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Farm Sales.—Mr. Farmer, why not go South, where crop failure is practically unknown; alfalfa grows naturally 6 tons per acre; corn 80 to 100 bushels; oats 135 bushels; wheat, cotton, etc., in proportion; hogs and cattle big money makers; send for descriptive literature of farms for sale and lease on easy terms in Alabama and Mississippi. The A. C. Burnett Company, Cadiz, Ky. Agents Wanted. 924

RACE PROGRAM OF COUNTY FAIR

October 6th.—First Day.

3:00 Mixed Race (6 counties)	$100.00
2:25 Trot	200.00
2:15 Pace	250.00
3-4 Mile Run	50.00

October 7th.—Second Day.

Roadster Pace (Calloway county only) best 2 in 3	35.00
2:15 Trot	250.00
2:20 Pace	200.00
5-8 Mile Run	50.00

October 8th.—Third Day.

Roadster Trot (Calloway county only) best 2 in 3	35.00
Free for all Trot	200.00
2:25 Pace	200.00
Murray Derby, 1⅛ mile	100.00

October 9th.—Fourth Day.

2:20 Trot	200.00
Free for all Pace	200.00
Consolation Run, for horses that have not been 1-2	50.00

Only horses owned in the counties of Calloway, Graves and Marshall, Ky., and in Henry, Weakley and Stewart, Tenn., elgible to start in the 3:00 race, and must have been owned in one of these counties at least three months previous to entry.

In the roadster races, horses are to be driven to buggy by owner. Horses that have been trained for professional racing are not elgible to this class.

No horse can win more than one money in any event.

Fourth Day, Continued.

Mule Race (Calloway county only) 1-2 mile	$5.00
Green Horse Run (Calloway county only) 1-2 mile	5.00

Money divided $3.00-$2.00.

No entrance money; must be at least five starters.

Farms for Sale.—The J. H. Ellis home place, 80 acres, 7-room house, 2 barns, stables, outbuildings. See J. H. Ellis, Ross Paschall or Leslie Ellis. Also 68 acres at South Pleasant Grove, 40 acres open, all fenced, no other improvements. See J. H. or Duncan Ellis. 993

Colt Show.—I will hold my colt show Saturday, September the 18th, at my house 6 miles east of Murray. Come on boys and bring your colt to the show whether paid for or not. Come on and be at home with us.—F. T. Rogers.

Farm for Sale.

A farm of about 37½ acres, located about 1 mile from Cherry, Ky., on R. F. D. No. 7; in graded school district; near Methodist, Baptist and Christian churches, in good neighborhood; with a new 3-room house, new stable; all under fence, lies well and all tenable; some timber and wood may be had near it for the cutting. This place is worth $1,200, but will take $900 for a quick sale. Address, J. H. Yarbrough, 403 Jackson St., Paris, Tenn., or see C. C. Yarbrough, ½ mile east of Cherry, Ky. 924

W. L. Baucum & Son have just received a car of Universal Wire Fencing, get their prices before buying.

Bright Bros.

PADUCAH, KY.

317 BROADWAY

First of the Autumn BLOUSES

We are featuring Crepe, Lace and Taffeta Blouses, possessing much individuality, at $3.95

What is probably the most extensive showing of Misses' and Women's

Suits, Coats and Dresses

Ever brought to Paducah

—and *by far the most beautiful*—is now awaiting your visit.

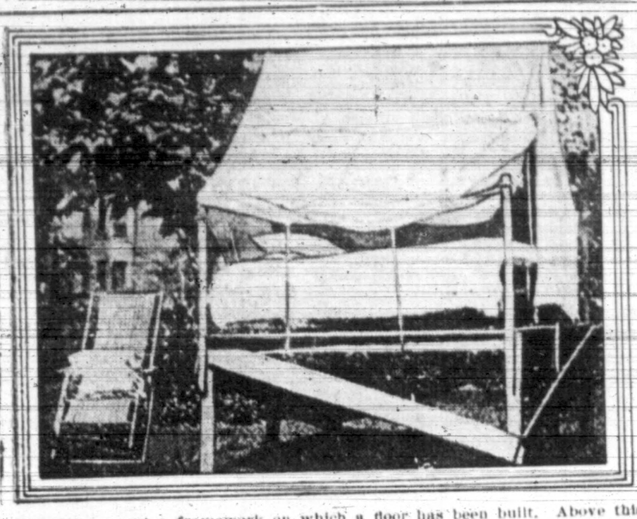
In bringing forth such a magnificent display as this is, we are only in keeping with the rapid progress of our fair city. And we assure you—if you have seen displayed in any city of the entire south, the rich looking autumn apparel—upon visiting our store you will be astonished at the magnitude of our showing.

FALL SUITS $15.00 to $95.00

FALL DRESSES $6.75 to $42.50

FALL COATS $7.50 to $87.50

ALMOST ANY CONSUMPTIVE MIGHT HAVE THIS



POSTS support a framework on which a floor has been built. Above this is a tent. A mosquito netting surrounds the sides. Inside, this room is large enough for a bed and a chair. This can be used in any except the severest winter weather. A double canvas top with eight inches space between will make it cooler in summer than the single tent. Any practical builder can erect this cheaply.

OUR PUBLIC FORUM

Peter Radford
On Church and State

The recent action of one of the leading churches of this nation, in annual convention, demanding that the laymen vote only for candidates for office whose views coincide with those of the clergy on one of the leading political issues, and direct and indirect efforts of other church organizations to interfere with the freedom of the ballot, make one of the greatest perils of this age, and present a problem that should receive thoughtful consideration of both laymen and citizens.

Suckling babes may well squirm in their cradles when ministers in convention assembled release the hearts of men and grab them by the throat, for Christianity has broken down, religion has become a farce and the pulpit a failure. When the church substitutes force for persuasion, command for conviction and coercion for reason, the sheriff had as well pass the sacrament, plain-clothes men take charge of the altar and policemen bury the dead, for why a church?

It is as dastardly a crime against government for a minister to undertake to deliver the votes of his parishioners to a candidate, as it is for a ward heeler to deliver a block of votes to a political boss, and both ought to be prosecuted, for the law should be no respecter of persons.

It is as objectionable for a convention of ministers to seek by canonical law to control the votes of church members as it would be for a convention of manufacturers to issue orders for their employees to vote for a certain candidate. Such conduct is offensive to decency, business morals and a crime against society. Any convention, whether composed of saints or sinners, rich or poor, white or black, that seeks to prostitute power and coerce conscience ought to be broken up by the police and its leaders arrested for treason.

A crime by any other name is a crime just the same. An ecclesiastical robe cannot sanctify treason, authority to preach does not carry with it license to become a political ringster, or the right to teach us how to pray give a permit to tell us how to vote. No man in joining the church should sacrifice his citizenship, forfeit his constitutional liberties or subordinate his duty to the state. The earth many times has been drenched with the blood of our forefathers fighting to throw off the ecclesiastical yoke from the state, and the suggestion of a return to these medieval conditions with their horror and their torture should not be tolerated for a moment.

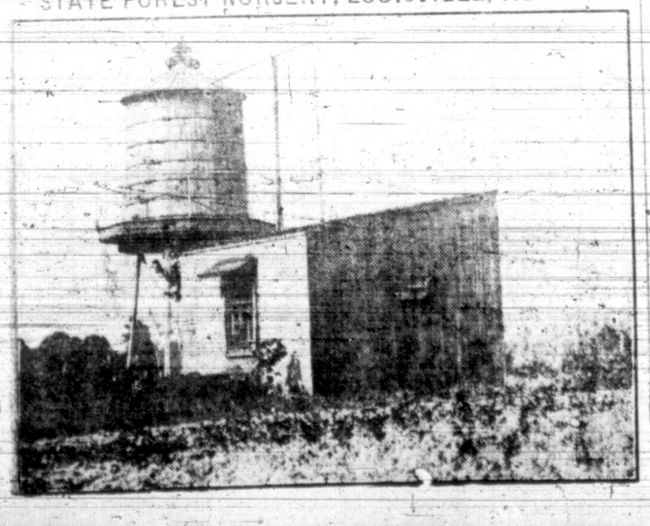
Laws should be passed prohibiting any preacher, or combination of preachers, from delivering or attempting to deliver their membership or congregation to any candidate for office, and suitable legislation should be passed preserving the sanctity of the pulpit from political vandalism. It is as much a menace to church and state for a politician to occupy the pulpit as for a minister to preach a political sermon. He has no more right to preach his politics from the pulpit than a teacher has to teach his politics to his pupils. A preacher cannot make political trickery righteous by usage any more than he can make profanity respectable by practice. It is one of the ironies of fate that a preacher may become a scandal as well as a glory to civilization.

TREE PLANTING ALONG PUBLIC ROADS

Remarkable Development of Good Roads Sentiment in Kentucky Has Created a Demand For Shade Trees Along the Roads

The last year in Kentucky has seen lead to a great deal of good in the a wonderful agitation for good roads community is the planting of nut bearing throughout the State and at the pres- ing and fruit trees along the roads ent time a large number of highways It is felt that in this way the trees are being constructed under the State along the highways could be made to aid plan. There is no doubt but what produce a product of sufficient value number of good roads in Kentucky to aid in the maintenance of the road will increase each year. The con- this has been successfully done in struction of good roads and the stand several instances, particularly in the ardization of roads has created a de- rope. With this end in view the State Forester has been experimenting with

WATER TANK AND PUMPING STATION, KENTUCKY STATE FOREST NURSERY, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY



OUR PUBLIC FORUM

R. P. Schwerin
On the Seamen's Bill

The American plowmen are interested in sea commerce. It is expensive and likewise humiliating to have to salute a foreign flag every time a farmer wants to ship a bushel of wheat, a bale of cotton or a pound of farm products across the ocean. The American farmer is entitled to the protection of his flag in sending his products across the sea, and Congress should give such encouragement to shipping interests as is necessary to meet foreign competition in ocean commerce. A recent bill known as the Seaman's Bill became a law under the President's signature and Mr. R. P. Schwerin, vice-president of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, when asked to define this law and outline its effect upon American steamship lines, said in part:

"The bill provides that no ship of any nationality shall be permitted to depart from any port of the United States unless she has on board a crew not less than seventy-five per centum of which, in each department thereof, is able to understand any order given by the officers of such vessel, nor unless forty per centum in the first year, forty-five per centum in the second year, fifty per centum in the third year, fifty-five per centum in the fourth year after the passage of this Act, and, thereafter sixty-five per centum of her deck crew, exclusive of licensed officers and apprentices, are of a rating not less than able seamen.

"The oversea trade of the world is competitive, therefore the original cost of the ship and the operation of the ship have to be reckoned with in the keen competition of these rival nations with one another. The Oriental sailor is obedient and competent and is the cheapest sailor in the world. It is therefore manifestly clear that if this law applied to all nationalities in the transpacific traffic, all would be on the same economic basis, but it works a single hardship to all the ships of the world, except the Japanese and American ships, and with the latter it works two hardships. With the European, the cost of constructing a ship is no higher than the cost of constructing a Japanese ship, but if they had to provide European crews, while the Japanese operated with Japanese crews, the condition of competition would be such that they could not overcome the handicap and they would be driven off. But the American ship would have to contend not only with the tremendous increase of cost of wage in the substitution of the European crew for the Chinese crew, but also the greater initial cost of the ship. As the Japanese have now done away with their European officers and Japanese crews, all of whom speak a common language, there is no difficulty for them to comply with all the conditions of the bill and continue their Japanese crews, with Oriental wages.

"The law, therefore, instead of assisting the American ship, adds another heavy burden, while it places none whatever upon the Japanese ship, but, on the contrary, turns over to the Japanese the traffic of the Pacific Ocean, which the American ship is forced to forego by act of Congress of the United States."

FOREST EXTENSION, STATE NURSERIES

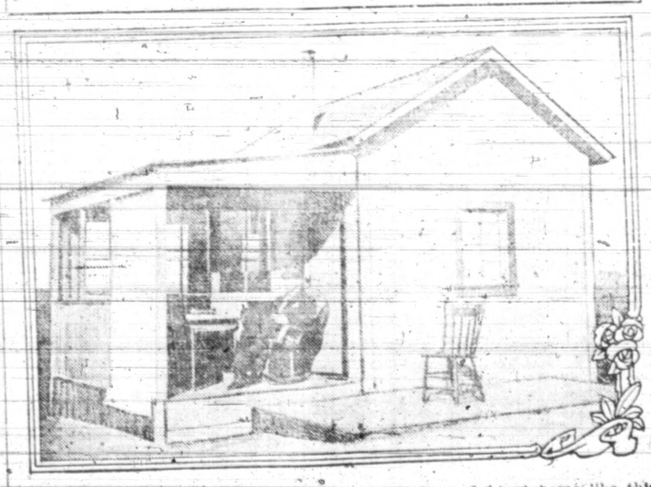
Demand For Material at State Nurseries Shows That Kentucky People Are Beginning to Plant Trees As Well As Cut Them Down

Frankfort, Ky.—(Special)—It is patent to those individuals who have made a study of the matter that there are certain areas of Kentucky which are more valuable for the production of forests than for agriculture or pasturage. In fact, there are certain areas which never will produce anything except timber crops. In order to encourage the planting of these areas to timber, and also encourage the planting of timber on worn out lands for regenerative purposes and to prevent erosion, the State Board of Forestry, early in its work, provided for two nurseries, one at Louisville (which is the larger) and one at Frankfort, which is hardly a year old at the present time. The nursery at Louisville was started early in the fall of 1912, and has been gradually increasing its capacity. Last fall the first sale of stock was made from the Louisville nursery, amounting to one thousand black locusts and one hundred catalpa seedlings. That such nursery supplies are wanted in the State is shown by the fact that, if available, at least ten thousand black locusts could have been sold and an indefinite number of other species. There is no doubt but what, as the existence and extent of the nursery is realized throughout the State, a large and continuous demand will spring up for seedlings and transplants which the State can furnish, since these seedlings will be sold at cost to individuals who desire them. The nursery will pay for itself in time and the cost of the stock will be reduced as the capacity of the nursery increases. At the present time there are considerably over six thousand transplants in the beds at the nursery at Louisville. The species which were planted in the Louisville nursery this spring were as follows: Box elder, white ash, blue ash, apple stock, apricot, American beech, buckeye, catalpa, chestnut, Kentucky coffee tree, wild cherry, sweet cherry, American elm, gingko, sweet gum, shell bark hickory, mockernut hickory, pignut hickory, black locust, sugar maple, red maple, cucumber magnolia, white oak, red oak, black oak, bur oak, pin oak, yellow poplar, black walnut, Japanese walnut.

There were sown in the Frankfort nursery twelve seed beds 24x4 feet, with the following species: Chestnut, red oak, black walnut, pin oak, yellow poplar, shell bark hickory, sugar maple, white ash. Each spring and fall sees the capacity of the nurseries very materially increased.

The varieties which have been planted in the nurseries have been (with the exception of some species with which it was decided to experiment) confined almost entirely to native Kentucky trees of special commercial importance. Just what number of seedlings will be available this fall for distribution and sale it is impossible at this time to determine on account of the earliness of the season. The seed beds were very materially increased within the year. One feature of the nursery work at Louisville was the planting of one-half bushel of apple seed. It is eventually expected that the Louisville nursery will be able to furnish apple stock of standard variety to individuals around the State and that the orcharding which is becoming a feature of agricultural work in Kentucky will in this way be materially assisted. Also the nursery is experimenting with varieties of walnuts, chestnut, pecans and other nut trees which produce commercial orchards.

Home Care of Consumption



HAVE you tuberculosis, and must you make your fight at home like this fellow? Then here is help for you.

THE STATE TUBERCULOSIS COMMISSION AT THE CAPITOL BUILDING, FRANKFORT, HAS PREPARED A BOOK ON THE HOME CARE OF CONSUMPTION WHICH IT WILL SEND ON REQUEST FREE TO ANY CONSUMPTIVE OR TO ANY PHYSICIAN OR HEALTH OFFICER IN THE STATE. THIS BOOK WILL NOT TAKE THE PLACE OF THE PHYSICIAN IN ANY CASE. IT IS INTENDED TO HELP THE DOCTOR AND THE PATIENT.

The book gives helpful suggestions about how to use fresh air; how to prepare attractive dishes for the patient; how to protect the family, so that the disease will not spread to others. Prominent physicians, nurses and social workers have written and approved the book. Any one who needs the book can secure a copy by writing the Commission at its office in Frankfort.

For all N., C. & St. L. Trains

SEPTEMBER 22

ONLY

$2.50 ROUND TRIP MURRAY TO TENNESSEE STATE FAIR.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 20-25, 1915.

Tickets at this rate will have return limit of Sept. 24, 1915.

$4.45 IS USUAL RATE. Tickets on sale Sept. 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25.

RETURN LIMIT SEPTEMBER 27, 1915.

For Further Particulars Address

O. L. BOREN, Agent N,. C. & St. L. Ry., Murray, Kentucky.

PUBLIC SALE

On the third Saturday, September 18th, at 2 p. m., at my home 6 miles west of Murray, Ky., I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on six months' time, without interest, some registered studs, year old and weanling colts; will make horses about 16 hands high. Sired by Artist Charmer 2391, out of registered Squirrell and Denmark mares; some nice jacks. One registered Starlight jack 4 years old, black with white points, 15 1-2 hands. Indian and Shetland ponies; pair of twin mule colts.

I will have my colt show at 3 p. m., same day. I am not going out of the stock business, but I am raising the young stock for sale. If you want to buy some fine blooded stock come to this sale.

I. T. CRAWFORD

LYNN GROVE, - - - KENTUCKY

TAXES

The Tax Books are Now in my Hands for

1915 TAXES

I will say to the people that under the law the taxes must and will be collected. Make your arrangements to meet them promptly. Make deposit with your sheriff and get your tax receipt.

I or One of my Deputies Will be at the Following Places and Dates:

Dexter, Hico and Taylors Store, Saturday, September 4, and Saturday October 2.

Hazel, Concord and Lynn Grove, Saturday, September 11, and Saturday, October 9.

Almo, Brandon and Backusburg, Saturday, September 18, and Saturday, October 16.

Crossland, Faxon and Kirksey, Saturday, September 25, and Saturday, October 23.

Respectfully yours,

W. A. PATTERSON

Sheriff of Calloway County

Great Calloway County Fair, October 6-7-8-9.