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## The Murray Ledger, August 3, 1916

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# THE MURRAY LEDGER.

VOL. 28, NO. 19.

MURRAY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, AUGUST 3, 1916

\$4.00 PER YEAR

## BREEDERS HOLD SALE AT JACKSON

Hats off to the St. Francois County (Mo.) Hereford Breeders' Association! Organized less than two years ago, and composed of a group of breeders in a community isolated from the rest of the Hereford breeding world, with little opportunity to mix in the big events in Hereford breeding circles, this live wire organization pulled off a public sale at Jackson, Tenn., recently, in which the entire offering was from the herds of its members, and on which a very creditable average of \$146.00 was made. Hereafter St. Francois county—it is in Missouri—will be known to fame for something besides zinc. It will be zinc and Herefords—or perhaps Herefords and zinc in the future.

In staging this successful sale the St. Francois county bunch worked in connection with some other live wires. One of these was L. P. Bellah, general industrial agent of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway, who has done as much as any other man, to say the least, to improve the quality of the livestock in the south. For several years Mr. Bellah has been promoting sales of pure bred beef cattle in the territory tributary to the N. C. & St. L., and he has been ably backed up by his road which has lent every inducement to the farmers in the territory to grow better livestock. A few weeks ago Mr. Bellah, who reads the Hereford Journal and keeps posted as to what is doing in Hereforddom, dropped in at Farmington, the center of Hereford activity in St. Francois county and suggested to C. B. Denham, the wide-awake secretary of the association, that it would be a good plan to hold a Hereford sale over at Jackson, Tenn. Secretary R. J. Kinzer, of the Hereford association, who had worked with Mr. Bellah before, and who had recently visited the St. Francois county breeders, was communicated with, and promptly agreed to cooperate to make the sale a success. The Madison County Livestock Association and the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Ass'n. of Jackson got into the game and the above summary is the result.

Oh yes! Col. Fred Ruppert was there. The sale was gotten up on a short notice and practically all the cattle were just rounded up off the grass and put aboard the cars at Jackson. At that they passed a very creditable appearance, as Herefords always do, and were the object of much interest to the farmers and stockmen of Western Tennessee. All of the buyers were from that section and most of them from Madison county. The N. C. & St. L. Railway purchased three bulls which will be kept for the accommodation of the farmers in its territory.

A couple of years ago St. Francois county was missionary territory for Hereford breeders and not very promising territory at that. And now it is out doing missionary work for the breed on its own account. Three rousing cheers for St. Francois county.—American Hereford Journal.

### Trigg County News.

Mr. Louis Terrell, a clever young man twenty-four years of age, died last Friday afternoon late at his home near Oak Grove church, five miles south of Cadiz, of typhoid fever. He had been sick only two weeks.

Mr. James W. Marlow, a

young man about twenty-six years of age, died Tuesday at the home of his sister, Mrs. Melvin Fuller, four miles east of Cadiz of tuberculosis. He had been a sufferer for a year or more and for three months past had been confined to his bed.

Mr. Joe Clark, a prominent citizen living in Calloway county, ten miles north-east of Murray, headed a party that passed through Cadiz last Saturday morning to Hopkinsville. There were two car loads in the party, and they were to visit Lafayette also, Mr. Clark being a brother-in-law of Dr. Stone, of Lafayette.

Mr. Joe Page, a well-known citizen living near Pleasant Hill, between the rivers, died suddenly on Tuesday afternoon of last week. He and his son were at work in the tie woods. Mr. Page turning sick, called for his son to bring him a drink of water. This the son did, but the father seemed to sink rapidly and died before medical aid could reach him. The deceased was about fifty-five years of age and had many friends. He is survived by a wife and several children.—Cadiz Record.

### No Agreement on Insurance Rates.

Frankfort, Ky., July 28.—No agreement was reached Wednesday between representatives of the fire insurance companies and the insurance rating board concerning proposals of the companies to raise rates on three and five-year policies and the construction of the 1916 insurance law.

Chairman Grey said last night the board is opposed to increase in rates. Before a final answer is given the companies the board will ask Attorney General Logan for a construction of the law.

## TOWBOAT BLUE SPOT IS BURNED

Paducah, Ky., July 29.—Fire of unknown origin totally destroyed the towboat Blue Spot, owned by Capt. W. L. Berry, of Paducah, at the mouth of Jonathan Creek, 35 miles up the Tennessee river at 2:00 o'clock this morning. Capt. T. E. Buckingham and the crew numbering 35 barely escaped with their lives.

Capt. Berry was notified of the disaster by telephone and details of the burning were brought back this morning by Capt. Buckingham who returned in a gasoline boat. The boat was partially insured.

The Blue Spot, with three barges loaded with ties and an empty barge, was enroute out of the Tennessee and tied up at Jonathan Creek at 6:00 o'clock Friday evening for the night. She was to have loaded the fourth barge today. About 2:00 o'clock this morning, while Ed Higgins, the negro watchman, was busy attending the furnace, he saw flames leap from the stern of the boat, which was soon enveloped. He spread the alarm but the flames spread so rapidly that the crew was barely awakened in time to make their escape. Most of them departed without their clothes. The burning boat was cut loose from her barges, but there was no chance to save her. She was completely burned and her hull sank.

"We haven't the least idea how the fire started," Capt. Buckingham said. "It must have originated in the engine room or the store room on the boiler deck because the whole back end of her was burning when the watchman discovered the fire."

The Blue Spot was one of the best type of tie boats operating out of this port and was valued

## SENSATION FOR GRAVES CITIZENS

Mayfield, Ky., Aug. 1.—The Byrd Choate case promises to be one of the most sensational that has been tried in many years in the Graves circuit court. It will be scheduled for trial at the March term. The principal witness for the defense at that trial will be Mrs. Dunnigan, a grass widow, who has been making her home at the residence of Byrd Choate.

She was in Mayfield Wednesday, and County Attorney Martin had her in his office during the entire morning, getting information in the case. It is said she signed a lengthy affidavit.

In the afternoon she was in consultation for several hours in the office of M. B. Hollifield with Mr. Hollifield, Judge Robbins, and defendant Choate, where she made another affidavit, or gave information that they could use in their case.

While none of the information presented to either side by Mrs. Dunnigan was given for publication, it was learned that she will give through her affidavit in behalf of the defense some very sensational evidence of a character which touches upon the morals of those connected with the case. In substance, her testimony will deal at length with the incidents of a certain fishing trip, which was made to the lakes a few months ago by the Choates and the Campbells, and probably others of the neighborhood. On this trip, and while in camp, it is said the woman will testify to certain occurrences which do not come entirely within the bounds of propriety. In fact, they are of such a nature according to her testimony, as to not be admissible for publication and circulation through the mails.

The prosecution will contend that it has ample evidence to disprove any evidence of unbecoming conduct on the part of anybody connected with the case, except Choate himself.

Mrs. Duenigan, it is said, will not be put on the stand during the examining trial, if such is had on August 16th.

at \$12,000. She was originally built at Point Pleasant, W. Va., but was rebuilt here five years ago. She was a sister boat of the White Spot which left Paducah at 9:00 o'clock this morning in charge of Capt. Berry to bring out the tow of the burned boat.

The Blue Spot left Paducah last Saturday and went 140 miles up the Tennessee before turning back.

## Possibly Lives Were Lost in Tennessee River During Rise

The carcasses of two horses were found on the small island in the Tennessee river near Highland by persons who visited the place one day the first of the present week. On the bodies were a set of fine harness and near where the animals were found were parts of a survey that had been badly demolished in the high waters. Owing to the badly decomposed condition of the horses it was not possible to remove the harness.

During the recent rise in the river this small island was almost completely submerged and remained under water for nearly two weeks, and after the waters receded persons who visited the island made the discovery. No clue has been obtained regarding where the animals were drowned or where they came from, and it is very likely that the vehicle contained persons at the time the animals were drowned. Rivermen have been notified of the find and asked to keep a lookout for the bodies of persons who might have met a similar fate to the horses.

## NEW CLUBS ARE BEING ORGANIZED

The week ending July 29th, 1916, was a very progressive one for the Calloway County Development Association. The farmers and business men of the county working shoulder to shoulder in this great move for the general uplift and prosperity of the community at large.

Senator G. T. Wyatt, superintendent of Agricultural Extension work being done by the co-operation of the federal government and the state of Kentucky, and whose work covers the western division of Kentucky beginning with Logan county, arrived on the noon train, on Thursday the 27th. He addressed a picnic crowd near Martin's Chapel in the afternoon and spoke to the business men at the court house at night of the same date. At the close of the speech the following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved that we ask the fiscal court to co-operate with the federal government for the purpose of securing an agricultural agent for Calloway county and further that said fiscal court take action upon this matter at its next regular monthly meeting."

Senator Wyatt next addressed an enthusiastic crowd of farmers and business men at Kirksey on Friday afternoon July 28. At the Kirksey meeting L. Y. Woodruff gave a general discussion of his agricultural experiments and the general need of more scientific methods of farming, stock raising, etc. Esq. Radford gave his personal experience in the use of lime, phosphates, etc., which were very satisfactory indeed. Charlie Clark also spoke of favorable results he had received from the use of the same. After Senator Wyatt's speech the people of Kirksey and community organized the Kirksey Development Club, with the following officers: Chas. Clark, president; R. L. Williams, vice president; W. P. Dulaney, secretary; R. L. Ross, treasurer. On Friday night of the 28th Senator Wyatt addressed the citizens of Lynn Grove community and effected an organization of the Lynn Grove Development club, with the following officers: Lee Clark, president; Chas. Williams, vice president; Grady Miller, secretary; Chas. Story, treasurer.

On Saturday afternoon, July 29th, the senator spoke to a crowd of farmers and business men at the court house in Murray. His speech was one of great interest to the people, showing that he thoroughly understood the agricultural needs of the people and was heartily in sympathy

with the Calloway Development Association in its effort to get upon a higher plane of agriculture and general prosperity among our people. He advised that the fiscal court of the county cooperate with the national government in securing an agricultural agent for the county.

Judge Langston, Esq. Woodall, Esq. Yarbrough and Esq. Willis of the fiscal court were present and expressed themselves as favorable to any move for the betterment of the general conditions of our county, and that they would be glad to know the wishes of the people as regards the employment of a county agent. Many other enthusiastic speeches were made by farmers and business men.

Senator Wyatt seems very much impressed with Calloway county and her people, and promises as a representative of the National Government to do all that he can in a co-operative way for the development of our resources.

Other places in the county have asked for organization of clubs, which will be effected in the near future.—H. G. Wadlington, president and W. H. Finney, secretary.

### Catholic Priest Found Dead.

Father D. W. Clark, aged 41 years, a Catholic priest of New Madrid, Mo., was found dead on Dogwood Island, twelve miles above Paducah in the Ohio river, where he is supposed to have expired from exhaustion during the storm of last Thursday night. The priest had been a member of a camping party, and had left for Paducah for supplies, when over taken by the storm.

## RURAL CREDITS BILL PROVISIONS

Washington, July 20.—Here is what a farmer who needs money can do under the rural credits bill, which was signed Monday by the President:

First, he must join what is to be known as a National Farm Loan Association, paying in \$5 for one of its shares for each \$100 he wishes to borrow. He has one vote a share, but not to exceed 10 votes in all.

Next, he applies to the association for the loan, giving his personal note therefor, secured by a first mortgage on his farm. If the association approves the loan, it turns the note-mortgage to a land bank, which hands the money to the farmer. No commission, brokerage or rake-off is charged the borrower.

No single loan is to be for less than \$100 or more than \$10,000; nor for less than five years or more than forty years. The loan must not exceed 60 per cent and preferably should not go beyond 50 per cent of the market value of the land covered by the mortgage.

The borrower pays semi-annually the interest of his note, plus an installment of the principal. He must not be charged over 6 per cent interest.

Each National Farm Loan Association must have at least ten members, and it cannot begin business with less than \$20,000 in loans applied for.

It is illegal, under severe penalties for any officer, committee man or member to accept any commission, fee or perquisite of any kind for granting any loan. The only paid officer is a secretary-treasurer.

Money can be borrowed by this system in order to pay for agricultural land, equipment,

## ESCORT TO PRESIDENT IS NAMED

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 1.—Selection of state members of the general committee to act as an escort to President Woodrow Wilson and in the reception to him at Hodgenville and Lincoln farm Monday, September 4th, when the historic birthplace of Abraham Lincoln is formally accepted by the president on behalf of the nation, was completed by William Marshall Bullitt, chairman of the general committee, yesterday.

The members of the committee from the state, as finally selected, are two representative citizens from each county, with the exception of Jefferson and Larrue counties, the members from these counties having heretofore been selected and made public by Chairman Bullitt. Each member of the committee is expected to attend the ceremonies at the farm and badges will be sent to each member during the next few days. The members of the committee who have to pass through Louisville to get to Hodgenville will be invited to join the Louisville committee and journey to Hodgenville on the special train carrying President Wilson and the other Washington officials and United States senators who will be on the train and who will speak during the ceremonies. The personnel of the First Congressional District members of the committee follows:

Ballard.—J. S. Corbett and James A. Miller, Wickliffe.

Caldwell.—John W. Hollowell and S. T. Moore, Princeton.

Calloway.—A. J. G. Wells and Dr. Will Mason, Jr., Murray.

Carlisle.—T. T. Gardner and Geo. W. Boswell, Bardwell.

Crittenden.—Sam Guggenheim and Carl Henderson, Marion.

Fulton.—J. T. Stephens, Hickman, and Herbert Carr, Fulton.

Livingston.—J. L. Grayot and Tom M. Davis, Smithland.

Lyon.—S. R. Glenn and James F. Ramey, Eddyville.

Marshall.—E. L. Cooper and W. L. Prince, Benton.

McCracken.—W. M. Reed and T. N. Hazlip, Paducah.

Trigg.—Tom Turner and G. P. Thomas, Cadiz.

Graves.—Bunk Gardner and J. C. Speight, Mayfield.

Hickman.—E. P. Bullock, Clinton, and J. P. Deboe, Columbus.

Judge Hanberry is in serious condition.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Aug. 2.—Judge J. T. Hanberry, circuit judge of the Third judicial district, is much worse from the cancerous affection from which he has been incapacitated and has suffered greatly for several weeks past. For some time he took treatment in an Evansville sanitarium, but this failed to restore him to health, and he was brought home about two weeks ago. Since then his condition has steadily grown worse, and he is now delirious most of the time. Also his primary trouble is now complicated with uraemic poisoning, which adds to the gravity of his case.

He is being given every possible attention, but hope has been abandoned that he will ever be better.

fertilizers, live stock, buildings and improvements, or to discharge a prior mortgage.

The land bank may charge the borrowing farmer only 1 per cent more than the rate it gets on its bonds. This margin of one point is to cover expenses and profits.





## CHIEF EVENTS OF WAR'S SECOND YEAR

Aug. 1—Teutons take Lublin.  
 Aug. 2—Teutons take Cholm; announce 170,000 Russians captured in July.  
 Aug. 6—Germans capture Warsaw.  
 Aug. 7—Teutons take Ivangorod.  
 Aug. 9—Germans take Serock.  
 Aug. 10—Great Britain starts register of all men.  
 Aug. 11—Germans take Lomsa.  
 Aug. 12—Allies land 50,000 more men on Gallipoli.  
 Aug. 14—Germans take Siedle and Sokolow.  
 Aug. 16—Teutons start Belgrade bombardment.  
 Aug. 19—Russians lose Kovno. Zeppelins kill Jan in London suburb.  
 Aug. 20—U-boat sinks liner Arabic, two Americans killed.  
 Aug. 21—German seize Novogorodsk.  
 Aug. 24—Germans capture Ossowice.  
 Aug. 25—Germans take Kovel.  
 Aug. 27—East-Litovsk falls.  
 Aug. 28—Germans take Olita.  
 Aug. 29—Teutons cross Zlota Lipa.  
 Sept. 2—Germany announces 1,100,000 Russians captured since May 1. Lutsk is taken. New York sterling exchange drops to \$4.60.  
 Sept. 3—Russians lose Brody.  
 Sept. 4—Russians give up Grodno. British slaughtered in attempt to storm Hill 70.  
 Sept. 6—Hesperian torpedoed, 3 Americans killed. Russians check Teutons on the Dvina and Sereth rivers.  
 Sept. 8—Car Nicholas takes command of all the Russian armies in the field.  
 Sept. 14—Two Zeppelins raid on London; 20 killed.  
 Sept. 15—As Teutons take Dubno, czar wins victory near Tarnopol and Trembowla.  
 Sept. 17—Russians drive Teutons back 14 miles in Galicia.  
 Sept. 17—Von Mackensen seizes Pinsk.  
 Sept. 20—Germans take Vilna.  
 Sept. 20—Russians recapture Lutsk.  
 Sept. 22—French in two day battle advance on wide front in Champagne, while British attack south of La Bassée Canal.  
 Oct. 2—Germans announce 85,000 Russians captured in September.  
 Oct. 5—Germans estimate allied loss in futile West front offensive at 190,000 men.  
 Oct. 7—Bulgaria sends ultimatum to Serbia.  
 Oct. 8—Teutons begin great invasion of Serbia.  
 Oct. 10—Teutons occupy Belgrade.  
 Oct. 13—Bulgaria invades Serbia at three points. Fifty-five killed by Zeppelin raid on London.  
 Oct. 20—Russian capture Czaritsyn. Serbians lose Vranja.  
 Oct. 22—Brand Whitlock, U. S. minister to Belgium, reports hurried execution of Edith Cavell, English nurse.  
 Oct. 23—Bulgarians capture Uskub.  
 Oct. 25—Germans storm Iliuxt.  
 Oct. 25—Bulgarians and Teutons effect junction in Serbia.  
 Nov. 2—Austro-Germans take Kragujevac.  
 Nov. 4—First of German "no meat" days.  
 Nov. 7—Bulgarians take Nish, Serbian war capital.  
 Nov. 10—Italian liner Alcyon sunk with large loss of life.  
 Nov. 22—Serbians begin retreat into Montenegro.  
 Nov. 15—British defeated 15 miles from Bagdad.  
 Nov. 17—Italians land at Avlona, Albania.  
 Nov. 23—Germans announce operations against Serbia have ended in complete success.  
 Dec. 7—New war council with all allies represented meets at Paris.  
 Dec. 10—Gergal chancellor makes peace bid in Reichstag speech.  
 Dec. 10—Turks begin siege of Kut-el-Amara.  
 Dec. 16—Sir Douglas Haig assumes command of British in France.  
 Dec. 20—Ford peace band reaches Christiania with delegates quarreling.  
 Dec. 21—Lloyd-George declares Britain faces defeat unless greater efforts are made.  
 Dec. 25—Lloyd-George threatens to resign unless conscription is adopted.  
 Dec. 31—Italians occupy Durazzo, Albania.  
 Jan. 2, 1916—Word received liner Persia sunk in Mediterranean; two Americans lost.  
 Jan. 4—Germans abandon Cameroon colony, West Africa. Russians take Czernowitz.  
 Jan. 6—Conscription bill passes first reading in house of commons.  
 Jan. 11—British complete evacuation of Gallipoli.  
 Jan. 14—Russians take Czaritsyn.  
 Jan. 20—Zeppelins kill 23 in Paris. Germans take two miles of trenches at Peronne.  
 Feb. 1—Zeppelins raid Liverpool and other British cities; kill 59.  
 Feb. 3—Germans bring British prize steamer Appam into Hampton Roads.  
 Feb. 17—Russians capture Erzerum.  
 Feb. 21—German drive at Verdun begins.  
 Feb. 23—Czar visits Duma for first time in history.  
 Feb. 24—Germans announce two mile advance at Verdun.  
 Feb. 25—Germans capture Fort Douaumont.

## EXPLOSION SHAKES GREATER NEW YORK

\$25,000,000 LOST IN MUNITION EXPLOSION; TWO DEAD AND SCORES HURT.

### FIVE STATES FELT SHOCK

Ammunition Awaiting Shipment To the Allies Is Destroyed—Bursting Shrapnel Showered New York Territory.

New York.—All Manhattan Island, Brooklyn and cities in New Jersey were shaken shortly after 2 o'clock Sunday morning by a terrific explosion.

The force of the explosion was so great that thousands of heavy plate glass windows in office buildings in Lower Manhattan and Brooklyn were shattered. Streets for many blocks in the downtown section were literally strewn with broken glass.

Thousands of persons swarmed into the streets in all parts of the city from buildings, subway exits and railway stations, running about in a panic. Many women became hysterical. Police whistles were blown frantically. Property loss estimated at \$25,000,000 was caused by a series of terrific explosions of ammunition awaiting shipment to the entente allies and stored on Black Tom Island, a small strip of land jutting into New York Bay off Jersey City. The loss of life still is problematical. It will not be determined definitely until there has been opportunity to check up the workmen on the island and on boats moored nearby.

Two are known to be dead and at least two more are missing. Scores of persons were injured, some of them probably mortally.

The detonations, which were felt in five states, began with a continuous rapid fire of small shells, then the blowing up of great quantities of dynamite, trinitrotoluene and other high explosives, followed by the bursting of thousands of shrapnel shells which showered the surrounding country and water for miles around.

Fire that started soon after the first great crash destroyed 13 of the huge warehouses of the National Storage Company on Black Tom Island, in which were stored merchandise valued at between \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000. The flames, shooting into the clouds, were reflected against New York's "sky line" of towering office buildings, which only a few moments before were shaken to their foundations as if by an earthquake. Miles of streets in Manhattan were strewn with broken glass and shattered signs.

Early reports of heavy loss of life were impossible of verification, and the authorities asserted the number of deaths probably would be small. It was said that, owing to the extent of the wreckage, it might be several days before the exact figures could be obtained.

The cause of the disaster had not been determined. Officials of the National Storage Company and the Lehigh Valley Railway, which also suffered heavily through loss of property, declared reports to them showed a fire started shortly after 1 a. m. on a barge belonging to an independent towing company that had been moored alongside a dock used by the railroad company to transfer ammunition shipments from trains to vessels in the harbor.

The barge, it was said, was there without authority either of the railroad or the storage company. The officials refused to disclose the name of the independent towing company, saying they were investigating "to ascertain whether the barge purposely had been set on fire as the result of a plot."

A statement issued by the Lehigh Valley Railway Company said: "Thirteen brick storage houses out of 24 owned and operated by the National Storage Company, and six piers owned by the storage company, and leased to the Lehigh Valley road, were destroyed. Several others of the brick warehouses were badly damaged, and some minor damage was done to the Lehigh Valley grain elevators. In addition, as far as is known, 55 loaded cars were destroyed."

"According to the evidence obtained by officials of the railroad, the fire started in a barge belonging to an independent towing company which had been moored alongside the railroad company's dock expressly against orders."

6,250 TEUTONS TAKEN.

Russians Continue Pursuit of Turks in Caucasus.  
 Petrograd.—In the battle on July 25 on the Russian western front 6,250 Teutons were taken prisoner, says the official statement issued by the Russian war department. The Russians also captured five guns and 22 machine guns.  
 Russian forces operating in the Caucasus are continuing their pursuit of the retreating Turks, it is reported.

## MANY DIE IN CANADIAN FIRE

Four Towns Destroyed By Forest Fires Raging in Northern Ontario. Scores Are Injured.

Englehart, Ont.—Forest fires raging in Northern Ontario are believed to have resulted in the loss of from 150 to 200 lives. Scores of persons have been injured, and it is feared many of them will die.

Several small towns have been wiped out by the flames that raged for 48 hours. Reports received show that 50 perished at Nushka, a French Canadian settlement, and 34 at Matheson. Cochrane has 18 dead and 34 injured, Iroquois Falls, 15 dead and many injured, and Ramore 15 dead.

The number killed at Porcupine Junction is not known, but the entire town was destroyed except the railroad station.

The death list will be materially increased, it is feared, by victims in outlying districts.

There are apparently well authenticated reports that many prospectors have been trapped at Tazewell and Kewash. One farmer and his 10 children are known to have been burned, while the man's wife was vainly seeking aid to check the onrushing flames.

Nashka, a hamlet consisting of a score of frame buildings and stores, suffered worst. It had been threatened for several days, but the residents lingered in the hope they might save their homes. They waited too long, and walls of fire cut off escape.

## MEMBERS FARM LOAN BOARD

President Names Four Men To Act With Secretary McAdoo—Board To Locate Banks.

Washington.—Division of the country into 12 federal land bank districts and location of federal land banks in each of them under the new rural credits law will be undertaken soon by the federal farm loan board, four of whose members were nominated by President Wilson.

Secretary McAdoo, who is an ex-officio member, completes the board, said that he believed it would be impossible to conclude organization of the system in less than six months, and that it might not be in actual operation before spring.

The four men nominated as members of the board are Charles E. Lobbell of Kansas, George W. Norris of Pennsylvania, W. S. A. Smith of Iowa and Herbert Quick of West Virginia. The president is expected to designate either Mr. Norris or Mr. Quick, the Democratic members of the board, to act as farm loan commissioner and executive head of the farm loan system.

## THIRTY-TWO BOMBS DROPPED.

London Says None Killed in Zeppelin Raid on East Coast.

London.—Three Zeppelin dirigible balloons participated in the raid early on the morning of July 29 on the east coast of England. The statement adds:

"Three airships raided the east coast and 32 bombs were dropped in Lincolnshire and Norfolk. There was no material damage and there were no casualties. Many other bombs are reported to have fallen in the sea."

"At one place anti-aircraft guns were in action and, succeeded in driving off five aircraft from their objective. The raiders appear to have been greatly hampered by fog."

## PREPARED FOR BANDITS.

Gaston Confident His Force Can Cope With Raiders.

El Paso, Texas.—Cpl. Joseph A. Gaston, commanding the American border patrol in the Big Bend district of Texas, is confident that his force is so disposed as to be ample to cope with any bandit band, which might attempt a raid across the border, according to word reaching here from Marfa.

The Sixth United States Cavalry is supported in patrolling the district by contingents of the Texas and Pennsylvania National Guard.

## SHOCKS FELT AT CAMDEN.

Force of Explosion Shakes Town 90 Miles Away.

Philadelphia.—The explosion near Jersey City was felt at Camden, N. J., opposite this city, and at Bristol, Pa. Telephone inquiries into Philadelphia said the shock was plainly felt. Bristol is 66 miles from Jersey City, and Camden nearly 90 miles.

## Close On Account of Heat.

Oakbrook, Wis.—Thursday's heat broke all records for the season with 100 degrees at 1 p. m. A number of the factories were obliged to shut down at noon.

## House To Rush Flood Relief.

Washington.—Congressional representatives from the flooded districts in the south took energetic measures July 26 for relief for the thousands of victims of the disaster. Following a conference of the Alabama delegation to press a bill for supplies for sufferers in that state, and the recent introduction of almost a dozen measures proposing relief in various ways, a meeting of the house military committee was called for the purpose of taking action.

## APPAM IS AWARDED TO BRITISH OWNERS

BROUGHT INTO HAMPTON ROADS LAST FEBRUARY BY A GERMAN PRIZE CREW.

### TO STAY AT NEWPORT NEWS

Pending An Appeal the Liner Will Remain in Custody of United States Marshal—Cargo Has Been Sold For \$634,000.

Norfolk.—Possession of the British liner Appam, brought into Hampton Roads last February by a German prize crew, was awarded to her English owners, the African Steam Navigation Company, by Judge Waddill of the federal district court. An appeal will be taken when the opportunity is given, and the final decision in the libel proceedings probably will be by the supreme court.

In the meantime the Appam will stay at Newport News in the custody of the United States marshal or will be turned over to her owners under bond. Her cargo has been sold for \$634,000 and the money is being held by the court.

What is to become of Lieut. Berg, the prize commander, and his crew of 22 men must be determined by the state department at Washington. They have been living aboard the Appam, claiming her as the property of the German government, but the general belief here is that they now will be interned along with the men of the German raiders laid up here.

## WILL INTERN THE CREW.

Not Believed the Prussian-American Treaty Will Be Abrogated.

Washington.—Internment of the German prize crew of the liner Appam until the end of the European war, state department officials said informally, probably will follow the federal court's decision at Norfolk awarding the captured ship to her British owners.

In the absence of both Secretary Lansing and Counsellor Polk, however, officials were reticent about discussing the legal and diplomatic programs involved in the decision.

## CARRANZA PROPOSAL ACCEPTED.

Will Submit Mexican Issue To An International Commission.

Washington.—Gen. Carranza was informed in a note handed to his ambassador here that the Washington government is prepared to submit to a joint commission the task of seeking a solution of the problems facing the two nations. The proposal of the de facto government for a commission is accepted, however, with the suggestion that the powers of the commission be enlarged beyond the limits proposed in the Mexican note of July 12.

Agreement to this suggestion is expected, and it was stated officially that the American members would be appointed and the commission be assembled at some point in the United States at an early date.

## EX-GOVERNOR EXECUTED.

Santiago Ramirez Gets No Mercy from Gen. Carranza.

Laredo.—Santiago Ramirez, a former governor of the Mexican state of Coahuila and later a Villista general, was publicly executed on the plaza at Saltillo, Mexico, according to news reaching Nuevo Laredo from an authentic source.

Ramirez, it was stated, had left Mexico with the dwindling of Villa's power and had returned recently to offer his services to Gen. Carranza when war between the United States and Mexico seemed imminent.

Ten thousand persons, according to the report, witnessed the execution. Ramirez met death bravely, refusing to be blindfolded when stood before the firing squad.

## GERMAN LINES ENTERED.

Berlin Says Only Success for Russians Was Near Lutsk.

Berlin.—After repeated futile attacks northwest of Lutsk, says the German official statement, the Russians succeeded in penetrating the German lines in the region of Tristyn, and caused the Germans to give up their advanced positions which they had previously held beyond the River Stokhod.

West of Lutsk, the statement adds, the Russian attack has been brought to a standstill by a German counter-attack.

## 35 HURT IN WRECK.

Passenger Train Through Open Switch Hits Freight.

Tulsa, Okla.—Running through an open switch here a Midland Valley passenger train crashed head-on into a freight train standing on a side track. Thirty-five passengers were injured, some of them badly.

Ambulances were rushed to the scene of the wreck and the injured removed to hospitals.

## CONFERENCE MAY REDUCE

Appropriation Bill Passed By Senate Carries \$314,000,000 For Fiscal Year 1917.

Washington.—Nearly \$700,000,000 for national defense in the fiscal year 1917 is the aggregate of proposed appropriations reached in the senate on July 27 with passage of the army appropriation bill, carrying, in round numbers, \$314,000,000. This grand total for preparedness still is subject to revision, however, because the army bill will follow the naval bill into conference, where reductions are probable, despite the firm attitude of President Wilson in supporting the liberal response of the senate to the call for adequate defense.

The appropriations for preparedness as they now stand are as follows:  
 Army ..... \$312,970,447.10  
 Navy ..... 315,826,843.55  
 Fortifications (passed) .. 25,748,050.00  
 Military Academy ..... 2,215,325.57  
 Army & Navy deficiency 27,555,348.05

Total ..... \$685,343,017.27  
 As it passed the senate, the army bill exceeded the appropriation made by the house by more than \$131,000,000.

In the final hours of debate on the measure the senate agreed to an appropriation of \$2,000,000 for relief of dependent families of national guardsmen and regular army soldiers in service in the Mexican emergency.

Distribution of the fund is left to the discretion of the secretary of war, but in no case shall any dependent family receive more than \$50 a month.

## HEAT COMES FROM TROPICS

"Bermuda High" Worst Heat Wave In Fifteen Years, Prevents Escape of Warm Currents.

Washington.—"A Bermuda high" is the cause of the worst heat wave that has enveloped the country in 15 years. Translated from the cryptic language of the weather ships, that means a great area of high pressure air has been mobilizing on the weather drill grounds in the Atlantic off Bermuda for the last month and now has let go the full power of its offensive from the seaboard to the Rocky Mountains.

For weeks it has stood like a solid wall against heated currents, trying vainly to move out from the interior over the ocean, and now as it swirls rapidly along it is gathering heat and moisture from the tropics and sweeping them northward over the continent into a vacuum of so-called "low pressure areas."

Although its greatest intensity has not yet struck the Pacific coast, it is expected to do so within a few days. No relief is promised from the phenomenon, which in the east has caused sweltering city dwellers to light fires in their homes to dry out the humidity, or which in the Mississippi valley is threatening to destroy millions of dollars' worth of food crops. Chief Forecaster Frankford said that the heat wave only had begun.

It is certain to continue through the week, and probably longer. None of the conditions essential to a break up are yet evident.

## Heat Unrehearsed Since 1901.

Chicago.—A period of intense heat in the western plains states unequaled since 1901, according to the government weather bureau here, probably will continue through the remaining days of July. The forecaster also announced there was every indication that the drought would be severely felt. Chicago joined the list of sweltering cities on the 27th.—The temperature reached 99 at 3 p. m., and police reports showed two deaths, eleven prostrations and seventeen persons bitten by dogs.

## Sixty Die From Heat in Chicago.

Chicago.—More than 60 deaths were recorded in Chicago alone on the 28th as a result of the terrific heat wave which is passing across the middle west. The fatalities charged to the high temperature and great humidity in 48 hours total approximately four-score in the city.

Prostrations have mounted into the hundreds. There were numerous other deaths of children and aged persons superinduced, no doubt, by the torrid weather. No relief is promised by government forecasts.

## Prostrations in Ohio.

Columbus.—Ohio sweltered July 27 in the hottest weather of the summer. The highest temperature was 98, reported at Canton. Three persons died from the heat at Canton and several prostrations were reported over the state.

## Hottest In Forty Years.

Rockford, Ill.—The government observer reported the temperature at 102 here. Freeport reported 101—the hottest day in forty years.

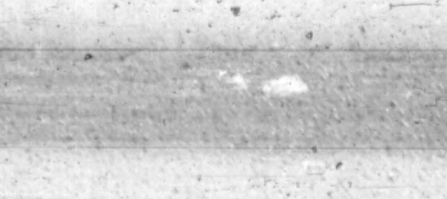
## Some Thermometers Register 120.

Clinton, Iowa.—The temperature at 2 p. m., July 27, reached high mark—102. Thermometers in the downtown district registered 120.

## Salvation Army Wealth.

New York.—The Salvation Army's wealth in the United States aggregates \$3,353,179. Its officers state. Real estate holdings amount to \$6,846,051, and personal property is worth \$1,507,128. Liabilities are \$4,227,637, of which nearly \$1,500,000 is unsecured.







# THE MURRAY LEDGER

O. J. JENNINGS, EDITOR.

Published at the postoffice at Murray, Kentucky, for transmission through the mails at second class matter.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 3, 1916

## PROGRESSIVE DILEMMA.

The poor progressives! If the Courier-Journal were not the most considerate of mortals and pious of newspapers it would risk the profanity and suggest that as a matter of fact, really and truly, they find themselves between Hell and Iron Works, or words to that lurid effect. They'll be dam'd if they do. They'll be dam'd if they don't. That is what they get trying to keep up with Teddy.

And that reminds us. Away back in the twilight of the gods of New York politics, a person by the name of Seward—William H. Seward—played much the same role just played by Theodore Roosevelt. There came a worthless son-of-a-gun of bricklayer from Virginia to the town of Batavia in the western part of New York. His name was Morgan—William Morgan. He attached himself to the local lodge of free masons, with many of whose members he quarreled, and, out of revenge, proposed to print a book revealing the secrets of that honorable and benevolent order. There arose a pretty howdy-do. One day this Morgan disappeared from the haunts of men and his own haunts—mainly the village doggerly—and people began to say that he had been put out of the way by the fraternity he had so outraged.

The whole of western New York was in uproar. Murder was charged. One or two masons were indicted, arrested and brought to trial. But there was no conviction for the capital offense. No dead body that could be identified as the delinquent was ever found. The likelihood is that Morgan was induced to efface himself.

But Mr. Seward and his Fidus Achates, Thurlow Weed, quick to detect the golden apple in the green of the tree, found in this Morgan excitement the chance of political advantage. They got up an anti-mason party just as Roosevelt and his man Perkins, stealing Bryan's clothes and having them dry cleaned and refitted, got up the progressive party.

For a while anti-masonry went even as hot cakes. It flourished like a green bay tree. It put a presidential ticket in the field. Seward rode it to his very great profit. Then seeing it begin to decline, he and Weed had no further use for it, or, as John Quincy Adams stated the case, they transferred themselves and their followers, without reservation of body, or soul, to another party, a base compound of Royal Arch Masons and Hartford Convention Federalists held together by no bond but that of a common hatred for better men than themselves—that is, as old Jerry Black put it, "they fostered the growth of anti-masonry until it was big enough to sell just as a dealer in livestock fattens a calf until it is fat enough for the market and then lets it go for what it will fetch."

How like the recent Roosevelt-Perkins episode. It will be remembered that it was Thurlow Weed who said of a dead body fished out of Lake Ontario and sought to be identified as the missing bricklayer of Batavia:

## RHEUMATISM ARRESTED

Many people suffer the tortures of lame muscles and stiffened joints because of impurities in the blood, and each succeeding attack seems more acute until rheumatism has invaded the whole system. To arrest rheumatism it is quite as important to improve your general health as to purify your blood, and the cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is nature's great blood-maker, while its medicinal nourishment strengthens the organs to expel the impurities and rebuild your strength. Scott's Emulsion is helping thousands every day who could not find other relief. Refuse the alcoholic substitutes.

"It is a good enough Morgan until after the election." In like manner the progressives were a good enough party until after the convention—the late Chicago convention—which turned Teddy down and nominated Hughes.

And now what shall the poor progressives do? Where shall they go? Shall they condone the treason of Teddy? Shall they confirm the deal of Perkins? Whatever they finally conclude, which of the contending parties will they help, which hurt? Suppose they stand pat, complete she ticket fractured by the defection of Teddy, what then?

And that again reminds us. Something less than a century ago a well known Kentucky turfman of those days who happened to be attending the races at Algiers just across the Mississippi River from New Orleans, was approached by a seedy sport and asked for a dime to pay his return ferry fare. The Kentuckian automatically put his hand in his pocket. Then he paused: "Have you any friends on the other side?" he asked. The man admitted that he had not. "Nor on this?" persisted the turfman, to which he received the same answer: "That being the case," said the Kentuckian, taking his hand out of his pocket and turning on his heel, "what difference does it make to you which side of the river you are on?"

The poor Progressives; can they see the point of the joke?—Courier Journal.

## Shoe Shop for Sale.

I am offering my shoe repairing shop in Murray for sale. I have a modern shop in every respect, equipped with electrically driven outfit. It is conveniently located and will sell building or rent to purchaser of shop. Best stand in Western Kentucky with large patronage. Am selling to enable me to take a much needed vacation. Price and terms to interested persons on application.—Lee Lucas, Murray, Ky.

## Order of Reference.

R. B. Lassiter, administrator of Frank Turner, deceased, Plaintiff.

VS. Order of Reference. Murray Turner and his wife, Nora Turner, and Gertie Turner, Birdie Boatwright and her husband, Doss Boatwright, A. B. Beale & Son, R. Y. Shoemaker and R. B. Lassiter, Defendants.

On motion of plaintiff it is ordered that this cause be and the same is hereby referred to J. A. Edwards, this court's master commissioner, with directions to him to advertise for claims against the estate of Frank Turner, deceased, directing all creditors to file claims with him properly proven on or before the first day of the next August term of this court or be forever barred from collecting the same.

All parties are hereby enjoined from proceeding to collect any claim against Frank Turner, deceased, except through this action, and R. B. Lassiter, administrator of Frank Turner, deceased, is hereby ordered and directed to settle his accounts with said commissioner as such administrator on or before the first day of the next August term of this court.

In witness all of which I have this day set my hand as clerk of the Calloway Circuit Court, this 25th day of July, 1916.—L. C. Trevathan, Clerk Calloway Circuit Court.

Read Z. T. Conner's ad in this issue. It will fit you better if you can't be fitted.

## TOBACCO CROP WILL BE LARGER

The tobacco crop of the United States in 1916 will be larger than that of last year, according to all official government data obtainable upon the planted area and the probable production, the estimate of which is based upon the condition of the growing crop July 1. The estimate of a yield of 1,191,326,000 pounds, compared with a final estimate of the 1915 crop at the same time of the season, of 1,060,587,000 pounds, indicating an increase for the current season of 130,739,000 pounds, or about 12 per cent. The condition of the crop of July 1 in practically every section of the country was better than at the same date last year, and the prospects for a whole are exceedingly good for the harvesting of a full crop.

The total area of cigar tobacco is 187,100 acres, compared with 172,400 acres in 1915, an increase of 8.5 per cent. Two districts New York, and Georgia and Florida, show a falling off; New England has the same average as last year, and all other districts show an increase.

The chewing, smoking, snuff and export types show 1,192,800 acres, compared with 1,132,000 last year, an increase of 60,800 acres, or 5.3 per cent. The old bright, new bright and Louisiana-Perique districts show decreased acreage, while each of the others has an increase. The decrease in the new bright district was caused by a shortage of plants and dry weather at transplanting time. The decrease in South Carolina, Eastern North Carolina has about the same acreage as last year.

In the old bright district plants were scarce and the weather dry during the early part of the planting season; conditions were favorable during the latter part of May and June and the crop was set later than usual. In all other districts dry weather caused no inconvenience at planting time.

In New York excessive rains and cool weather retarded plant growth and destroyed some fields after transplanting was accomplished. This, in connection with a shortage of plants, caused the reduction in acreage. In the Louisiana-Perique district low prices and slow sales discouraged growers and the area is smaller than in recent years. In other districts plants were plentiful, and while in some instances excessive rains delayed transplanting for a few days, the crop was transplanted in good time. The stand as a rule is better than usual, but cultivation has been delayed in most districts by too much rain in June.

The Georgia and Florida crop is being harvested and gives promise of being one of the best ever grown in that district.

Throughout Kentucky the crop seems to be in better condition than last year, and there will probably be an increased yield in both the burley and dark sections of the state.

FOR SALE.—13 H. P. Rawleigh Quality gasoline engine, price only \$25.70, f.o.b. factory. 24 H. P., \$38.90; proportionate prices on larger sizes. Make and break ignition, semi-steel cylinders, hopper cooled, ground pistons, drop forged crank, malleable connecting rod, perfect design, oscillating magneto if desired, guaranteed to pull 15 per cent more than rated horsepower continuously. WANTED.—Local representatives take orders for engines, washers, pump jacks, pulleys, steel barrels, lubricating oils, belting, etc., on profit sharing basis. Everything sold from manufacturer to user. Highest quality, lowest prices. Address "WTR," this office, giving age, occupation, references.

## LUMBER

Let us figure with you on that bill of Lumber, whether for repairs or new building. Screen doors, wire, paint. Anything for building purposes.

Hughes & Irvan Lumber Co.

## OH! MY BACK!

The Expression of Many a Kidney Sufferer.

A stubborn backache is cause to suspect kidney trouble. When the kidneys are inflamed and swollen, stooping brings a sharp twinge in the small of the back that almost takes the breath away. Doan's Kidney Pills relieve sluggish kidneys—relieve aching backs. Here's convincing proof of merit.

Robert Curtinizer, S. Twelfth St., Mayfield, Ky., says: "I had sharp pains across the small of my back and through my sides. Doan's Kidney Pills quickly cured me and I have had no occasion to take a kidney medicine since." Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that cured Mr. Curtinizer. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

## Resolutions.

Whereas, our blessed heavenly Father, has seen fit in his infinite wisdom, to come into our midst and manifest His power by taking from us our beloved member and brother H. M. Barnett. Therefore, be it resolved, that the Poplar Spring church has lost one of its most faithful and loyal members, his wife a dear, loving companion, his friends and relatives one of their best friends and the community a leading citizen and good neighbor.

Resolved, further, that we present a copy of these resolutions to his bereaved companion and extend to her our condolence and sympathy, and say to her to weep not as those who have no hope, but be submissive and reconciled to the will of God who doeth all things well. For He is too wise to make a mistake and too good to be unkind. "The Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away, blessed be the name of the Lord."

Be it further resolved that a copy of these resolutions be spread on our church record and a copy sent to the Murray Ledger and Calloway Times for publication.

Brother Barnett was born on March 10th, 1850, and died June 16th, 1916, aged 66 years, three months and six days.

After funeral services, conducted by Rev. J. D. Outland from 2 Tim., 4:7,8, in the presence of a host of relatives and friends, his remains were laid to rest in the McCuiston graveyard to await the resurrection. (See John 5:28, 29; Cor. 15:13-17.)

Committee—G. E. Shelton, G. W. Daniel, J. H. Thurman.

Thousands Apply for Release.

San Antonio, Texas, July 27.—Applications for release from service of guardsmen with persons dependent upon them are pouring into army headquarters at Ft. Sam Houston at the rate of 1,500 a week, it was announced today. Several hundred already have been released.

The vast majority of the ap-



## BOURBON HOG CHOLERA REMEDY

Prevents and Cures CHOLERA, WORMS, COUGH, THUMPS. It destroys disease germs, regulates the bowels, aids digestion and causes hours to laster quickly. Use it in the feed and drink and your hogs will never have cholera. Costs only 5c. a month for each hog. Don't wait until they get sick. Begin giving your hogs this medicine now and keep them free from worms and disease. At All Druggists. BOURBON REMEDY COMPANY, Lexington, Ky.

Sold in Murray by H. D. THORNTON.

plications do not come from the guardsmen themselves, but from wives, mothers and sisters, to congressmen interested in their cases.

Twenty-five releases were signed this morning.

Military authorities say that because of the release of guardsmen with dependents and the prospects that many other guardsmen will be freed from service so that they may return to college, the military situation in one respect will be greatly changed. When the movement of the national guardsmen began, they say, there were men without equipment, whereas the future will see much equipment without men.

## Land for Sale.

200 acres, near Buchanan, Tenn.; price \$3,500; two settlements; would sell either or both. Good well, orchard, stock barn and tobacco barn on each place. Notice, 100 acres of this for \$1,100, well improved, plenty house room, three brick chimneys; plenty timber; this place is mostly upland and is partially broken. For information address T. J. Sanders, Buchanan, Tenn., R. F. D. 1. 7274\*

Allbritten for Deputy Warden.

Mayfield, Ky., Aug. 1.—Zach L. Albritten, of the grocery firm of Albritten & Wyatt, will soon move to Eddyville to accept the position as deputy warden at the state penitentiary. While the appointment has not been made and will not be until the first of September, it is practically assured that Mr. Albritten will receive the appointment. The place pays \$1,200 a year and is for a term of four years. Should he be appointed he will begin his duties on September 7. The name of Mr. Albritten has been sent and recommended to the board of prison commissioners by Gov. Stanley and this sounds mighty like he will get it.

Z. T. Conner in this issue is offering for sale a home at a price nothing ever before like it shown in these columns. Read it.



An additional excellent feature of our optical service is that our glasses are BECOMING—they fit both the eyes and the "face" perfectly.

If you want glasses that are the result of scientific, thorough tests by a competent Optometrist you will obtain them here.

CORRECT GLASSES ONLY—the other kind never leave our establishment.

ORVIS C. WELLS OPTOMETRIST

For Sale.—47-acre farm, well improved and in high state of cultivation, located 6 miles north of Murray; 5-room house, other improvements good, fine water, good young orchard, 7 acres in timber, 34 acres in grass. For terms and price, see or write A. S. Blalock, Almo, Rt. 2. 72712\*

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, ss.

Lucas county. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner or the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D. 1896.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, CO. Sold by all druggists. 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## HERBINE

Cleanses the Liver of Bile Sweetens the Breath Purifies the Bowels Corrects Dizziness Restores Energy and Cheerful Spirits Price 50 cents

JAS. P. BALLARD, Proprietor

ST. LOUIS, MO.

SOLD BY H. P. WEAR



## LOCAL and PERSONAL

John Mc Melan, of Nashville, spent last Sunday in the city the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Dee Mitchell.

Graves Sledd left Tuesday morning for Detroit, Mich., where he has accepted employment.

Miss Joy Holland, of Murray, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. John Jones.—Hardin Enterprise.

The Circuit Court Clerk's Association of Kentucky will meet at Dawson Springs on August 11 and 12 this year.

Miss Treva Cochran, of Paducah, spent several days during the week in the city the guest of Miss Elizabeth Parker.

E. E. Roach, of near Murray, visited the family of Charlie Gruggett last Friday and Saturday.—Hardin Enterprise.

William Youngblood left Friday for Judsonia, Ark., to spend some time with his son, Charlie Youngblood.—Hardin Enterprise.

Mrs. Julia Causer and her two little sons, Rowen and Wilborn, left for Murray, Ky., Friday afternoon to visit a short time with friends.—Paducah Sun.

Harmon Farmer and wife and Mrs. S. J. Ferguson have moved into the Judge Wells' property on Curd street recently vacated by Mrs. Inez Brown Sale.

John Rowlett, Jack Dycus, C. C. Hughes and Robert Bradley visited Mammoth Cave the past week. They made the trip through the country in Mr. Rowlett's car.

Prof. J. W. Jones and wife returned home the first of the week from Chicago, Ill., where Prof. Jones has been completing a course in the University of Chicago.

Robbers broke into the Methodist church at Princeton and stole the contents of a box containing funds to be used in purchasing a pipe organ for the church.

Purveyor suffered a \$2,500 fire last Tuesday night when the two blacksmith shops owned by Littleton & Pitman and Robinson & McCormick respectively were consumed near midnight.

It's remarkable how children out-grow their frocks, their playthings, their childish ways, and most of all their photographs. Only photographs will keep them as they are.—Myers Studio.

Noble Harris, who is an employee of the state rating board, Frankfort, Ky., was here this week the guest of relatives. Mrs. Harris and children have been visiting relatives in Farmington for some time.

Mrs. Obe Melan and children, of Memphis, arrived in the city the past week to be the guests of relatives in the county for some time. Mr. Melan arrived Wednesday morning of this week on a visit to relatives.

W. B. Kennedy, tobacco dealer of Paducah, has bought the big Garrett tobacco warehouse at Pembroke, and will open it as soon as the present tobacco crop is ready. The house is one of the largest in Christian county.

Pat Morris has been quite ill the past several days of malarial fever. It was feared that he was ill of typhoid but for the past two days his condition is much improved.

Harry Sledd, who left here some few weeks ago for Barber-ton, O., where he accepted employment in the Babcock & Wilcox factory, has returned home. Harry says he was unable to secure a decent boarding place.

George Scarbrough of near Hazel, was taken very sudden last Saturday of paralysis and died Wednesday evening about six o'clock. He was well known and had many friends in that section of the county. Burial took place Thursday afternoon in the Martins Chapel cemetery.

Bert Sexton, wife and son left Wednesday morning for Stewart county, Tenn., to spend ten days with his parents, J. M. Sexton and wife.

Con Frazier, Pat Pitt and Warren Swann spent several days of the first of the week on the Ballard county lakes near Barlow fishing. They were the guests of Mr. Dan Cummins and family.

Lee Curd and wife left Murray last Friday morning for the west. Mrs. Curd will go to Bastrop, La., where she will remain during the time Mr. Curd is seeking a location in Oklahoma or Texas.

Rev. J. C. Rudd has been assisting in a protracted meeting near Elkton, Ky., the past week. He was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Nina, who visited relatives in Elkton.

A Downs has moved into the residence on Price street recently vacated by Dr. Dick Keys and which he owns. He transferred the property vacated by him to Mrs. Charles Rogers who has moved to the place.

Miss Linda Brower, of Paducah, has been appointed president of the Christian Endeavor in this district, which is composed of the counties of Carlisle, McCracken, Ballard, Graves, Calloway, Marshall, Fulton and Hickman.

The bond of Byrd Choate, who mutilated Henry Campbell, near Wingo, Graves county, some three weeks ago, has been increased to \$5,000. He executed the bond and was again released. His examining trial has been set for Aug. 16.

The intense heat of the past week has been general throughout the United States and hundreds of deaths resulted. Some local relief came Tuesday afternoon and light rains are reported from different sections of the county.

The stork made two visits to Institute street the first of the week and left wee little misses at the homes of Edwin Wilkinson and Van Higgins. Miss Higgins arrived Monday while Miss Wilkinson made her arrival Tuesday. Happy greetings, little ladies.

R. T. Wells and wife returned home last Saturday from Omaha, Neb., where they spent the past thirty days. Mr. Wells was attending a meeting of the board of directors of the W. O. W. grand lodge of which he is a member.

Mrs. Cleaneth Brooks is at home again at the Methodist parsonage after several weeks' absence. She has been in constant attendance at the bedside of her mother, Mrs. Wm. Witherspoon, of near Jackson, Tenn., up until the time of her death and burial last week.—Mayfield Messenger.

After a lingering illness from consumption, W. N. McKendree, an aged and respected citizen, died at his home two miles north of Benton, last Friday at 4:00 o'clock p. m. After funeral services by Elder Mathews Saturday, the remains were laid to rest in the Bradley grave yard.—Benton Tribune-Democrat.

A revival will begin at the Baptist church at Sedalia the first Sunday in August. The opening sermons will be preached by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Dennington and on Monday night Rev. H. Boyce Taylor of Murray will occupy the pulpit during the meeting. Mr. Taylor is well known as a forceful preacher.—Mayfield Times.

The series of meetings being conducted at the Christian church have been largely attended and have resulted in about twenty-five additions to the church up to the present time. Services will continue throughout the remainder of the week and possibly longer. Elder Letroy Anderson is an able preacher and has won the admiration of the large audiences attending the services.

Announcement of special service at the Christian church Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock is made through the columns of this paper. Attend this service if possible. A special invitation is extended to the country people.

Circuit court will convene next Monday for the regular August term of two weeks. It is not known here yet who the governor will appoint to preside in the absence of Judge Hanberry. General opinion among the attorneys is that Judge Bunk Gardner, of Mayfield, will be designated to preside.

The county judge's office has been supplied with a complete equipment of steel filing cabinets. When the court house fixtures were purchased after the completion of the new building this office was overlooked for some unknown reason. The new fixtures are convenient and completes the equipment for the entire building.

Dan Patch, the pacing stallion owned by M. W. Savage, of Minneapolis, died of athletic heart at the owner's farm at Savage, Minn., July 11. In 1906 he paced a mile over the St. Paul track in 1:55, the world's sulky record. Dan Patch was bought by Savage, for \$60,000. He was withdrawn from the tracks several years ago.

Mrs. Mary A. Starks, who is past 88 years old, was baptized into the Christian church Tuesday evening in the presence of a large crowd of her relatives and friends. She is probably the oldest person ever baptized in the State. She is in reasonably good health, and bids fair to live to see her 100th birthday.—Hardin Enterprise.

Mr. Antony Cooper, one of the oldest citizens of the county, died last Saturday near Locust Grove after a lingering illness. He was about 75 years of age and one of the pioneer citizens of the county. For many years he was active in political affairs of the county, being one of the leaders in the populist party. The remains were carried to Almo for burial.

Postmaster K. Robertson and Carrier Polie Harris returned home Saturday from attending the annual convention of the postmasters of the United States in Washington, D. C. They were absent about three weeks and visited many points of interest in the east and north before returning.

Robert Rowlett, Nat Ryan Jr., John Whitnell, Dick Trevathan, B. Harris, Charlie Broach and Elmo Perry have gone to Detroit, Mich., to accept employment. With this contingent Murray will be represented by about eighteen young men in the city of Henry Ford. Good luck to every one of you, and don't forget boys to stick and stick tight.

Mrs. Clyde Vaughn died Thursday morning at the home of her father, Alvie Willis, north of town, after an illness of about two months. She was one of the community's most highly esteemed ladies. She leaves a husband to whom she was married less than a year ago, a father and mother and numerous other relatives and friends. Burial in the Green Plains cemetery.—Hazel News.

Mr. J. C. Kerby died at his home in West Plains, Mo., Sunday night at 3 o'clock at the advanced age of about 75 years. His death was the result of an illness of several weeks of arterio sclerosis. During his life Mr. Kerby was active in the political life of his state, an enthusiastic fraternity man, being a member of the Masonic, Odd Fellow and K. of P. orders; an earnest church and Sunday school devotee, and for many years one of Missouri's leading newspaper editors. He is survived by a wife and seven children, four sons and three daughters, among the latter is Mrs. O. J. Jennings, of this city.

## WHAT THREATENED RAILROAD STRIKE MEANS TO THE PUBLIC

Editor of the Ledger:

It is clearly evident a very small per cent of the people realize the significance of a tie-up of the trains on the railway systems of this country to a large number of hard-working and loyal citizens, the vast majority of whom are heads of families.

The train service employees, representing only about twenty per cent of the men employed by the railways, have made demands for large increases in wages, they already being paid greatly in excess of all other classes of employees, threatening to leave the service unless their demands are acceded to.

Such drastic action must necessarily paralyze the railroads, only source of revenue and result in the discontinuance of all construction work, suspension of large clerical forces and the closing of shops and freight houses, to say nothing of the ruinous injuries to all other industries, thus shutting off the livelihood of the large majority, the eighty per cent, which represents the employees of all other classes of service.

It is understood the management of the various railways affected have signified their willingness to submit the controversy to arbitration in the event they are unable to come to an amicable settlement with the brotherhoods. (Is this not a fair and honest proposition?)

As one of the majority, the eighty per cent, I feel we should be considered and we appeal to the justice of the great common people and the business interests to use their influence in bringing the controversy to arbitration in the event it should develop the railways and brotherhoods cannot agree.

I feel confident that should the public go into the question fully enough to find out just what the "Eight Hour Day Demand Means" this appeal would be unnecessary.—F. E. Carpenter, one of the eighty per cent.

Last week a very enjoyable week end was spent by a camping party in Almo park. The party was given in honor of Misses Rebecca Griffith, Marion George and Virginia Wilson, of Mayfield. The time was spent very pleasantly, the bee stings and stormy night added spice to the occasion and made it a very memorable event in the lives of the coming set of Murray. The party was composed of: Misses Rebecca Griffith, Marion George, Virginia Wilson; Helen Davis of Trenton, Tenn.; Maryleona Bishop, Nelle Hughes, Pauline and Lucile Bourland, Virginia McElrath, and Messrs Nat Stubblefield, Ronald Churchill, Herman Broach, Boyce Taylor and Leo Fulton, chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bisop and Mascot James Clarence Bishop. Misses Mildred Graves, Madge Sledd, Virginia Gilbert and Maydelle McElrath spent Friday with the crowd at the camp.

Rev. W. T. Houston will fill the pulpit at the Methodist church next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. The service is to be in the nature of a home-coming service for Rev. Houston and a large congregation will greet him. The evening service will be conducted under the auspices of the Epworth League, and will be directed by Mrs. Ben Grögan. Pastor Hassell will be absent, having left Wednesday for Dyer, Tenn., to assist Rev. Wells Lasister in a series of meetings.

Sweet Clover Seed.

Direct from grower. White and biennial yellow; hulled and unhulled. Special scarified seed for fall sowing. Also pure sweet clover-extracted honey. Prices and circulars sent free.—John A. Sheehan, R. D. No. 4, Falmouth, Ky. 834

## FORTY MINUTES' SERMON ON RURAL LIFE

SUBJECT:

### "The Rural Home of Today and Tomorrow"

Come to the Christian Church Saturday afternoon at 3:30 and spend forty minutes and hear Bro. LeRoy Anderson treat the subject, "The Rural Home Life of Today and Tomorrow"

This sermon should appeal to every farmer and his wife and the children. Let everyone come who can. You will be made to feel more than welcome.

I. T. GREEN, Pastor.

## Bomb Wrecks Office of Menace.

Springfield, Mo., July 29.—Three bombs exploded beneath the floor of the Menace publishing plant at Aurora, Mo., at 4:15 o'clock this morning and slightly damaged the plant and set fire to a mass of copies of The Menace, an anti-Catholic publication, just off the press. The flames were soon extinguished.

## Well-Known Woman Dies.

Mayfield, Ky., Aug. 1.—Mrs. Jemmie K. Smith, living east of the city and one of the best known women in that section, died at the age of 78 years. She leaves a husband and eight children, among the sons being John W. Smith, rural mail carrier, of Mayfield.

## Founder Never Results

when Farris' Colic Remedy is used for it does not contain opiates which constipate, but is laxative in its action. It is dropped on the horse's tongue—cures by absorption. We sell it on the money back plan.—Sexton Bros.

For Sale.—50-acre farm 6 miles north of Murray on Almo and Kirksey road; 3-room dwelling, 6 stall stables, 2 new tobacco barns, good water, good orchard, 15 acres in timber; land all fresh and in fine state of cultivation; 17 acres in grass. Terms and price on application to R. L. Jackson, Almo, Rt. 2. 7278\*

For baby's croup, Willie's daily cuts and bruises, mamma's sore throat, grandma's lameness—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—the household remedy. 25c and 50c.

## Hood, Fain & Hood Lumber Company

Located at the Old D. W. Dick Stand, Near Rowlett's Factory

All Kinds of Building Material, Lumber Builders' Hardware, Paints, Oils, Etc.

We Believe we Can Save You Money. We Know we will Treat You Square.



## TRAINING TODAY'S BOYS AND GIRLS

Secret Ambitions of Parents for Their Children.

HOPE AIDS IN DEVELOPMENT

It Is Well to Realize That Backwardness or Precocity Does Not Determine a Child's Possibilities.

By SIDONIE M. GRUENBERG.

Alice, almost three years old, was very busy scribbling forest and cloud effects on the back of a circular letter; and she was quite oblivious to the presence and conversation of her mother and a visitor. "Can she write yet?" asked the visitor. "Oh, no," beamed the mother, "we do not wish to hurry her. But she does love to play with pencils and paper, and I think she is going to be an author." The visitor smiled indulgently. But this is what she thought: "She is just as likely to become a cheap clerk or a fourth-rate stenographer." Which is quite true; only there is no use discouraging parents too early in the game.

Parents naturally harbor secret ambitions as to the future of the children; we know that, because they sometimes let the secret out. And it is quite natural that they should, because they transfer to their children the hopes of their own childhood, the hopes that never crystallized into reality. We can therefore understand why the scribbles of Alice should suggest fine writing to the mother, or why Tommy's tinkering with the decrepit alarm clock should remind the father of that other Thomas, the great inventor.

Not only is it easy to understand why parents do such things—which must appear rather stupid or conceited to the parents of other children—but it is very desirable that they should continue to do more and more of the same. For entertaining hopes about children is about the surest way of guiding our plans and bringing unity into our treatment of the developing personality. The hopes can certainly do no harm—unless they blind us. But there is the real danger.

For if we have nothing to go by except our hopes, we are just as likely to be moved or paralyzed by our fears. It is natural for parents to translate the random activities of their children

pecially since the other children of the family memorized their lessons readily and recited them with grace and elegance, in marked contrast to the confused and stammering Henry.

John Adams gave no sign of abilities beyond the ordinary until well along in years, and but for the circumstances of the Civil War, *Ulysses S. Grant* would have remained an obscure, uninteresting and "unsuccessful" drifter. On the other hand, many a precocious child seems to stop short in its development long before there is the maturity or the opportunity to begin to accomplish things of importance. We are not to suppose that every brilliant child will necessarily become a mediocre adult, nor that every backward child is to develop into a genius.

The fact is that the "abilities" of a child are in a state of constant change. At no time may we say of the child that it has exhibited a final manifestation of its possibilities or of its limitations.



Henry Ward Beecher Was Bashful and Reticent.

tations. The "inattentive" Isaac Newton, the "dullard" Robert Fulton, the "indolent" James Russell Lowell, the "weak-minded" David Hume and hundreds of others make us challenge our methods of estimating the powers and characters of children. These, more than the disappointments we feel in the failure of children to develop into a realization of our great expectations, make us question our standards and systems and signs.

In view of the common failure to anticipate the ultimate achievements of children, it would seem much wiser to draw all the possible encouragement and stimulus from the positive manifestations, to watch constantly for the best, than to fear and despair for the weaknesses.

### India's Jewels.

Though India exports \$5,500,000 worth of jewels annually, she is still supreme in the world as the jewel storehouse for all nations. Diamonds, rubies, sapphires, tourmaline, garnet and many kinds of rare chalcody are mined throughout her many provinces. Rubies are principally mined in Upper Burma.

One ruby of 75 carats, taken out a few years ago, was valued at \$100,000, sapphires are mined in Kashmir, but the mines, after having been worked for over 900 years, are now said to be giving out, though the yellow, white, blue, and green varieties are extensively found in the ruby-bearing gravels in Burma. Garnets form a valuable trade in Krishnagar, while large quantities of turquoise come from Sikkim and Tibet, those from the latter country being harder and of darker and more liquid luster, and having greater value.

### Women Can't Take a Joke.

Tommy was listening to his "high-brow" sister discourse on the political issues of the day to callers at their home, and, as was his wont, attentively awaited an opportunity to twit her as a matter of pure mischief.

"Though I am in sympathy with the feminist movement," his sister was telling the callers, "yet, like father, at heart I am a Democrat and—"

"Oh-h-h, sis," Tommy interrupted, "how changeable you are. You told us yesterday that you are an aristocrat. How fickle!"

"What could the poor girl do? Nothing more than pull Tommy's ears when the callers had gone, which elicited the remonstrance:

"Women what can't take a joke ain't got no business in politics."

### Unintentional Palindrome.

The "New Palindrome" in the issue of May 4, writes a subscriber, reminds me of a quite unpremeditated one that I once saw.

I was waiting in a buggy in front of a bakery in Yreka, Cal., and my attention was attracted to the odd fact that, with the exception of one letter—B—the glass of the two doors bore the same inscription. That stray letter puzzled me. "Yreka" with a final "B" was quite inexplicable.

In the same white letters on the windows appeared "Yreka Bakery." As I looked from one group to another it suddenly dawned upon me that the extra letter was on the open door. I was reading that one backward! Youth's Companion.

### Sure Scheme.

Young Wife—I am determined to leave at what hour my husband comes home at night. Yet, do what I will, I cannot keep awake, and he is always careful not to make a particle of noise. Is there any plug which produces wakefulness?

Old Wife—No need to buy drugs. Sprinkle the floor with tacks.—Rome Sentinel.

## LEGAL OPINION WILL BE SOUGHT

RATING BOARD AND INSURANCE COMPANIES OPERATING IN STATE, STILL FAR APART.

COMPANIES ASK CONCESSIONS

Attorney General Logan to Make Interpretation of New Law Before Agreement Is Possible.

(Special Frankfort Correspondence.)

Frankfort.—A full legal interpretation of the 1916 fire insurance act will be requested of Attorney General M. Logan before the issues propounded by representatives of the fire insurance companies are met, Chairman N. O. Gray, of the State Insurance Rating Board, announced. Under the new act no rate is to be increased for two years. The board has interpreted that to mean that no individual rate is to be increased unless there is a change in the character of the hazard. For instance, if a building formerly occupied by a grocery store is occupied by a drug store and the drug store, by reason of the character of materials it handles, takes a higher rate on account of the additional hazard of the business, the rate may be increased to that extent; but if in the examination some defect in construction, which had been overlooked on previous inspections, is discovered no increase can be made for that.

The companies contend that no increase in the schedules or basic rates can be made, but increases can be made in individual risks on the basis of the rates promulgated last December. The board has not as yet decided on this.

Under a schedule of rates proposed by the companies last December, but never approved by the board, they propose charging two and a half years' premiums, instead of two, for three-year policies, and four years' premiums, instead of three, for five-year policies. Instead of three, for five-year policies, instead of two, for three-year policies, and increase five-year policies 7 per cent. Another question is the right of the companies to charge for electrical inspection. In order to get a reduction for proper electrical equipment it must be inspected and approved, and charges are made for the inspection. The companies asked for permission to load the premiums in cities where with this charged insurance agents with this cost. They also wanted a ruling on whether they may be permitted to change schedules from time to time if they are losing money on any particular class of insurance.

### Sampson's Expense Account.

In a letter in answer to an inquiry from Judge P. D. Sampson, of Bourbonville, whose statement of campaign expenditures under the Corrupt Practices Act, was mailed to Secretary of State James P. Lewis on the fifteenth day before the August primary, but did not reach the office until the following day, the secretary of state said: "As to whether this fits the requirements of the law it is not within the provinces of the secretary of state to say. The law says it shall be filed on the fifteenth day before the primary. I am of the opinion that the courts will construe this law liberally, and that a substantial compliance with this law is all that will be necessary. Statements of expenditures properly made out on the fifteenth day before the primary and duly mailed would be a substantial compliance."

### To Succeed Packwood.

While nothing official has been given out, it is understood that Charles J. Howes, assistant secretary of state, will go into the banking department as clerk, when Secretary of State James P. Lewis' appointee, J. A. Scott, of Pikeville, takes the assistant's place August 10. If Mr. Howes goes into the banking department he will take the place now held by V. V. Packwood, of Louisville, who has been in the department ever since its creation.

### For Fireproof Garages.

A tentative rule adopted at the public hearing of the fire protection insurance code, as promulgated by Tom Parnett, state fire marshal, provides that all private garages is a residence, or within 25 feet of a building, must be fireproof. This rule places private garages on the same basis with public ones.

### Lauds Spirit of Winchester.

State Fire Marshal Thomas B. Parnett, secretary of the Democratic State Campaign Committee, received a letter from Chairman J. Campbell Cantrell in regard to the opening of the campaign at Winchester, September 9. Chairman Cantrell said no city in the state has more public spirit than Winchester, and he is confident the opening there will be notable. He said the Winchester citizens told him they intended sending out a special train over Eastern Kentucky to remind the Democrats of the big event.

### Life Certificates Issued.

Thirty high school certificates and thirty-six life certificates have been issued to teachers by the State Board of Education. The life certificates were issued to: Ogden B. Burrow, Osgood; Mrs. Frances Thompson, Georgetown; Mrs. Cynthia W. King, Covington; Nancy P. Moore, Greensburg; Mildred H. Starling, Lexington; O. O. Ogden, California; Mayme D. Foley, Owingsville; John S. Pope, Frankfort; Thomas R. Davis, North Fork; Alonzo Wright, Isonville; Ella Cole, Glasgow Junction; Elmer Paxton, Waddy; Daisy D. Bryan, Louisville; Olive Mullins, Falmouth; D. Lillian Tribble, Louisville; Alma F. Faulkner, Cadiz; John H. Parker, Wingo; William T. Berry, Mayfield; Frank C. Thomas, Pine Knot; Tillie H. McBack, Carlisle; Jennie G. Rice, Carrollton; Belle McCubbing, Lexington; Margaret P. McCubbing, Lexington; Lorance D. Sanders, Dorton; George P. Hales, Paducah; Mary L. Bailey, Slaughter; Daisy E. Conrad, Guthrie, Okla.; Lucy M. Taylor, Nashville, Tenn.; Rosa F. Merriweather, Hopkinsville; Mrs. M. Murst Berry, Union City; Jerome Damore, Yeager; C. C. Justus, Sturgis; Alice Baxton, Millway; Emma Brogan, Cincinnati; E. W. Kitchey, Fitch; H. F. Peterson, Upton.

High school certificates were granted to Clara F. Keller, Jeffersonville, Ind.; Leland H. Barnes, Monticello; Charles H. Condel, Lexington; John A. Dotson, Harrodsburg; Annie D. Judd, Columbia; Gossell Layman, Georgetown; Lydia M. Berry, Versailles; Virginia G. Cole, Pittsburg; Mary W. Cobb, Owenton; Russell S. Tandy, Eagle Station; Anna Lowrey, Nashville, Tenn.; Blanche Banta, Shelbyville; Chilton E. Downing, Lexington; Winifred Elliott, Jeffersonville, Ind.; James B. Bunn, Dardanelle, Ark.; Katherine Thompson, Augusta; Prince C. Gaines, Georgetown; William F. Hume, Lexington; Kenneth R. Patterson, Lebanon; Anna L. Frey, Liberty; Minerva L. Wyman, Mayfield; Margaret A. Tipton, Georgetown; Elizabeth Scott, Ghent; Thos. A. Judd, Columbia; Francis F. Clark, Mayfield; William F. O'Donnell, Carrollton; Robert H. Brown, Newport; J. M. F. Hays, Rochester; Chester W. Craft, Campbellsville; Grace M. Hatch, Cleveland O.; and Lillian Lee Clark.

### Kentucky Vital Statistics.

Prepared by the State Board of Health, preliminary vital statistics report for May and June follow:

	1916	May	June
Total deaths	1,938	1,931	
Under 1 year	286	325	
1 to 5 years	104	190	
5 years and over	548	464	
Tuberculosis of lungs	303	286	
Other tuberculosis	38	34	
Pneumonia, broncho-pneumonia	124	64	
Whooping cough	15	14	
Diphtheria, croup	8	3	
Scarlet fever	9	1	
Measles (non-tubercular)	43	31	
Measles	14	7	
Typhoid fever	27	39	
Diarrhoea, enteritis (under 2 years)	40	160	
Diarrhoea, enteritis (over 2 years)	22	76	
Hookworm disease	0	0	
Influenza (la grippe)	27	8	
Puerperal septicemia	7	10	
Smallpox	0	1	
Cancer	95	84	
Violence	122	106	
Pellagra	7	16	

### Lexington Leads Kentucky.

Lexington is leading the State of Kentucky in matters pertaining to health and sanitation, according to a statement made by W. H. Simmons, state food inspector, who is working under the direction and in connection with the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station. "Dr. Simmons stated that in his rounds over the state, where news of the work being done here had been carried by the Lexington papers, he received many inquiries as to whether the state or city authorities were effecting the reforms in Lexington. When informed that it was being carried out by the city authorities, they asked him to see whether like regulations could be put in force in other cities of the state. Similar approval of Lexington laws along this line was registered by Dr. A. T. McCormack, secretary of the State Board of Health, in a recent letter to Dr. Maguire, in which he pronounced Lexington's food and dairy inspection and health codes models for all other Kentucky cities, and has asked for a number of copies for distribution through his office.

### Two Requisitions Issued.

Gov. Stanley just issued two requisitions, one on the governor of Ohio for the extradition from Lima of Robert Hughes, colored, wanted in Bourbon county on a charge of shooting Charles Turner, June 22, and the other on the governor of Illinois for the extradition from Metropolis, that state, of Andy Pea, wanted in Livingston county on a charge of breaking into a warehouse.

### Discuss Livestock Shipments.

Dr. S. F. Musselman, state veterinarian, went to Cincinnati to confer with Dr. A. S. Cooley, Ohio State Veterinarian, in regard to the restriction upon shipments of livestock from the Union stockyards there into Kentucky. Dairy cattle shipped must be tuberculin tested and hogs must be doubly vaccinated and kept fourteen days before being loaded. They discussed arrangements for conforming to these requirements and settled some little misunderstandings that have arisen over the order.

## ASSEMBLE CARS AT FT. THOMAS

KENTUCKY BOYS ANXIOUSLY AWAITING ORDERS TO MOVE TOWARD BORDER.

WOODYARD RECEIVES NO WORD

As to Reason for Assemblage of Sleepers—Money for Accounts Tied Up—Appointments Announced.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Ft. Thomas, Ky.—One mile of tourist sleeping cars have been assembled in the Cincinnati Pennsylvania railroad yards in forty-eight hours, by order of the Department of the East. Every indication leads to the belief the cars are being held for the use of the Kentucky guardsmen. A sidetrack is filled with the empty coaches, resting apparently in preparation for a rush trip. As might be expected where the War Department is concerned, transportation superintendents in Cincinnati know only that they have been instructed to assemble the cars.

Officers and troops in Kentucky's mobilization camp are marking time as they anxiously wait "on to the border" orders. News that the tourist sleeping cars are being assembled across the river from the camp has served to increase immensely the belief the War Department will act favorably on the recommendation that four units of the brigade leave for the border within next few hours.

Major Thomas W. Woodyard, who has been acting as camp quartermaster, just learned of assemblage of cars. Although he is the man who will have charge of transportation for the Kentucky brigade, he has received no word from the Department of the East notifying as to what use the cars will be put. Major Woodyard's efforts to clear the mystery by questioning railroad officials met with small success. The puzzle that brigade officers began trying to solve, namely, who is camp quartermaster at Ft. Thomas? becomes more baffling and more embarrassing each hour.

Announcement was made that Major John A. Webb, of Whitesburg, has been appointed Lieutenant Colonel of the Second Regiment. Captain James Sams, of C Company, from Lexington, is made Major of the First Battalion to succeed Major Webb. First Lieutenant Frederick Staples, of C Company, becomes Captain of that unit. The promotions are made with seniority as the basis. It also became known that Captain Logan Rock has been recommended to the Department of the East as aide-de-camp, to General Williams.

### HIGHWAY EXPERTS PRESENT

When Work on Dixie Highway Is Begun at Scaffold Cane Hill.

Berea, Ky.—In the presence of several hundred of Kentucky's most prominent citizens, ground was broken for what is probably the most difficult piece of work in the construction of the Dixie Highway, leading from Chicago to Florida. The location of this scene is the very summit of the historic Scaffold Cane Hill, a few miles south of the site of Berea College and the point at which the Dixie Highway coincides with a section of the old Daniel Boone Trail. The work was undertaken by several hundred of the hardy mountain men of Madison and Rock Castle counties, of which the top of the great hill is the dividing line. These mountain people have undertaken the heavy expense of a properly graded and "metaled" road, with the expectation that this will eventually be for the motorist an American Switzerland. Among the prominent Kentuckians who took part in the celebration were President Wm. Goodell Frost, of Berea College; State Highway Commissioner R. C. Terrill, Judge G. M. Ballard and Judge J. G. Baxter.

### NEW OFFICIALS ARE APPOINTED.

Additional Changes Are to Be Made in Paducah Soon.

Paducah, Ky.—Following a meeting of Mayor Ernest Lackey and City Commissioners Clay Corbett, Wallace and Washington, announcement of several changes in city employees was made as follows: Chief of police, Jas. W. Eaker; day police captain, Henry Bailey; city jailer, Sam Simon; detectives, Henley Franklin, Charles J. Clark; city physician, Dr. W. J. Bass; chain gang boss, Tom King; city scavenger, Pledge Wiley, a negro. According to rumor other changes will be made in a few days.

### INSTITUTE COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Paducah, Ky.—Condemnation proceedings against property owners, who have refused to sell their property to the Paducah & Illinois Railroad Company, which plans the building of a trunk line through the city, will be instituted as soon as the construction engineers complete the survey on which they have been at work for six weeks. The railroad company is anxious to have the suits tried at the next civil term so that work on the tracks and depots can be started.

## INHERITS FORTUNE BUT HOLDS CHAUFFEUR JOB.

Lexington, Ky.—Although he has received notice that he had inherited \$12,500 in money and 500 acres of Florida land, 225 acres of which is an orange grove, Forest Boscock, a chauffeur, employed by the Omnibus & Transfer Co., of this city, stated that he would, for the present at least, stick to his old job, but might take a trip to Florida to look at the orange grove next winter. Boscock was notified that the estate had been left him by his aunt, Mrs. Forrest Henderson, who died recently.

## JUDGE PROMISES TO ASSIST

Will Aid Receiver in Recovering Money for Rural Credits Association.

Lexington, Ky.—Circuit Judge Chas. Kerr indicated that he would lend all aid in his power to bring the affairs of the Kentucky Rural Credits Association, now in the hands of a receiver, to a prompt settlement, in issuing an order authorizing the receiver to collect unpaid stock subscriptions and to take such other action as he might deem expedient to receive any moneys to which the association is entitled. The order authorizes Receiver R. J. Colbert to bring suits for the collection of all claims, but the receiver said that he would make formal demand in all cases before filing suits. Under the order if any officers of the company are found to be liable for improper expenditures or losses the receiver has the authority to prosecute such claims.

## KENTUCKY BREVITIES

Trenton, Ky.—"War on weeds" is now the slogan of Trenton City and both municipal and civic bodies are working for a clean and healthy city.

Cynthiana, Ky.—A horse, hitched close to an old well on Pleasant street, stepped on the covering and broke through, falling into the thirty-foot well. It was drowned.

Carlisle, Ky.—An auto-truck of N. Sproule, of Sharpsburg, used by him to carry the mails between Carlisle and Mt. Sterling through Moorefield and Sharpsburg, was destroyed by fire. All of the mail was saved.

Paducah, Ky.—The Rev. D. W. Fooks, pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Fulton, Ky., has received notice that he had been elected honorary vice president of the World's Alliance for Promoting International Friendship through the church.

Russellville, Ky.—The plant of the Lewisburg Leader, published and owned by L. C. Newman, of Lewisburg, caught fire. All machinery and other contents were destroyed, but the building was saved. The contents were insured for \$100. Mr. Newman will continue to publish the paper.

Paris, Ky.—The annual Bible School Convention of the Churches of Christ of Bourbon county, will be held at Little Rock. With the exception of the state superintendent all those who will take part in the program reside in Bourbon county. Eleven schools will participate in the convention.

Cynthiana, Ky.—The Harrison County Bible Schools of the Christian Churches, will meet at Hinton, this county, for their twelfth annual convention. The officers are C. T. Eales, president; Charles Barnes, vice president; Miss Ruth Ingels, secretary, and Mrs. Blanche Robinson, elementary superintendent.

Carlisle, Ky.—Teachers and trustees of the rural schools of Nicholas county held a meeting here and made preparations for the opening of the schools. The rural schools will open August 7. According to the last census there are 2,311 school children in Nicholas county, of whom 1,564 belong to the rural school districts.

Paris, Ky.—At a meeting of the Bourbon County Democratic Committee the following were recommended for election commissioners, one of whom will be chosen by the governor: John T. Collins, S. D. Burris, Robert Meiser, S. K. Nichols and J. C. Howard. Judge C. A. McMillan was appointed county chairman for the November election.

Franklin, Ky.—An effort was made to reorganize the Simpson county branch of the Planters' Protective Association here. W. W. Radford, of Christian county, addressed the growers in the interest of the movement. Chairman T. J. Edwards issued a call for all former members of the association to meet at the court house to discuss plans.

Carlisle, Ky.—The model road between Carlisle and Sharpsburg through Moorefield is about complete. This is one of the most traveled highways in this part of the state and has been under reconstruction for about two years.

Bowling Green, Ky.—W. H. Phillips, former city clerk, was elected clerk of the waterworks and cemetery departments to fill out the unexpired term of eighteen months of L. Owen Potter, who was drowned in Barren river three weeks ago.



## "TEMPORARY PROSPERITY"



## POOR IN ARGUMENT

Republican Error Marks Beginning of Campaign.

Assertion That Present Prosperity Is Only Temporary Will Have Little Effect on the Voter Conversation With History.

Chairman Wilcox assures the people that prosperity is only temporary, hoping to scare many people who are enjoying it into voting the Republican ticket, remarks a correspondent of the New York World. Perhaps Chairman Wilcox is right, for while Democrats are calling attention to it, no one is taking out an insurance policy on its permanency. To do so would be to fly in the face of history.

From the close of the Civil war up to 1873 this country enjoyed unprecedented flush times. Mark Twain called it the "gilded age," so lavish were certain people with their money. The Morrill tariff law was in force, the Republican party in power. But despite the assurance of leaders of that party that all this prosperity was the result of Republican rule and was bound to stay, the crash of 1873 came and ruin followed in its wake the like of which the country had never known. Good times came back shortly after Cleveland was elected, and endured up to 1891, when, through the evil influence of Harrison's administration and the McKinley tariff, another panic came, and again business suffered.

In the autumn of 1896 affairs began to right themselves. A new tariff law was written—the great Dingley bill—the Spanish and Boer wars came, and gold mines were opened, and again prosperity strode forth, all smiles and hope. Again our Republican knowledge pointed to good times as the result of Republican management.

Then came November, 1907, and with it a monetary crisis that shook the country from Atlantic to Pacific, from Duluth to Key West, causing practically every bank in the country to suspend payments and locking up every dollar of deposits for many dreary months. From the ruinous effects of the panic of 1907 the country did not fully recover for over seven years.

Mr. Wilcox is simply parroting Mr. Hughes, who seems to have borrowed many of his ideas from Theodore Roosevelt, and, of course, predicts early failure of our splendid prosperity because it is Democratic and brought out under Democratic auspices. This at best is a very silly reason and one you would hardly expect to emanate from men who arrogate to themselves all wisdom.

**President Wilson's Handicap.**  
As in the tariff and currency fields of legislation, so in the field of national defense President Wilson is the heir of Republican extravagance and Republican inefficiency. To expect him to do away at a stroke with the paralyzing results of a half century of paltering with opportunity, and wastefulness where there was bitter need of thrift is as unreasonable as to assert that we can best get out of the fix Republican incompetence got us into by putting them back into power.

If there was ever a case of "the state anarchy of blindness" it is presented by Republican critics of the administration today.

**Declares Kentucky Is Democratic**  
"Kentucky will be Democratic this fall, I believe," remarked Gen. Percy Hales, a prominent Democrat of Frankfort and formerly political lieutenant of the late John G. G. Mayo. "Of course Kentucky is a close state and has been for the last twenty years. Last year the governor was elected by a very narrow margin, but that does not mean that this year the Republicans will poll in the national election anywhere near the number of votes they did last year. The president is popular in Kentucky."

## NORTHWEST IS WITH WILSON

Many Reasons Why the Democrats Can Confidently Count Upon Victory in These States.

"Once upon a time the northwest was regarded as safely Republican, and rightly so," remarked J. Bruce Kromer of Butte, Democratic national committeeman for Montana, in an interview at Washington. "But that time has passed, and now the northwest is not only a debatable territory but is leaning largely to the Democracy. If our Republican friends are counting on carrying the northwestern states, they had better revise their calculations."

"I'll tell you why the northwest is Democratic now, and why, in my judgment, the president will carry the northwest this year. There are three great industries in Montana, for instance—stock raising, which includes wool production, ranching, which would be called farming in the East, and mining. The stockmen are getting a higher price for their cattle than ever known before, and for the hides a record price. Wool is bringing 34 cents a pound, and I can recall when 14 cents was cause for great jubilation and occasional shooting up of the town. The farmers are selling their wheat for \$1 a bushel, and have sold most of their horses at unheard-of prices. The mine owners, of course, are making tremendous profits, and the workers in the mines are getting \$4.50 and \$5 a day."

"So much for the industries; now as to the politics. Montana has a complete Democratic state administration; Wyoming has a Democratic governor; Idaho has a Democratic governor; Oregon has two Democratic senators; Washington has a Democratic governor; North Dakota will elect a Democratic United States senator this fall. Everything points to Democratic success in the northwest this year."

## How About President Taft's Action?

The instant success of one display of manliness shows the criminal folly of three years of epinec diplomacy. Mr. Wilson's watchful waiting stands condemned alike, in the crisis into which it precipitated and in the solution which one week of action foreshadowed.—New York Evening Sun.

This is the longest week on record. On the 6th of March, 1911, two years before Mr. Wilson took office, President Taft ordered 20,000 troops to the Mexican border and they have been there ever since, re-enforced from time to time, and now to be supported by the entire National Guard. If a military display was all that was necessary to command respect for the United States in Mexico, there must have been a good deal of epinec diplomacy, whatever that may be, in the good old Republican days.

## Republican Inefficiency.

The reason of Republican inefficiency is clear. Republican government was not truly representative. The congress elected in 1908 did not try to serve the popular interest; it served special interests. It took orders from Wall street, from the wool growers, the wool manufacturers, the steel barons, the coal-land sharks—always from the few and in the interest of the few. In legislating for its real masters, the special interests, it was always held back by fear of the popular wrath which finally overwhelmed the Taft administration in 1912. As a result, it was satisfactory neither to its friends nor to its enemies.

## Will Surely Be Democratic.

From a political standpoint, the Democracy will face the polls in November supported by a genuine and widely diffused prosperity. For quite a period merchants were very cautious about purchasing, but conditions warrant them now in going to the wholesalers and manufacturers with impressive orders. As the autumn approaches the West will give more heed to politics. It looks like a close fight now, but the sentiment of the last week in October will decide, and it will be Democratic.

## MAKE WAR ON FLY

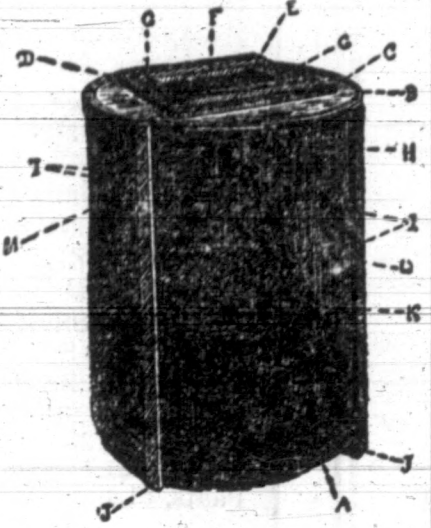
HOME-MADE TRAP THAT HAS BEEN FOUND EFFECTIVE.

Systematic and Unremitting Efforts Necessary to Combat the Deadly Work Done by Summer Pest—Method Worth Trying.

A home-made flytrap which has been most effective in barns, near outhouses and other places on the farm where flies are numerous, may be made as follows:

The bottom frame of the trap is made by fitting two flat barrel hoops one inside the other so that the inside diameter is 18 inches. The upper part of the frame is made in the same way, but a round board is fitted tightly into the hoops to form the top. In the top board a hole 10 inches square is cut. Parallel to the sides of this opening and about an inch from them should be nailed half-inch strips. Into these little joints should be fitted a screened frame, which should be held tightly in place by wooden buttons.

To make the cage, nail 12 or 14 mesh screen wire 24 inches wide around the top and the bottom, and wire or solder the lap so that no flies can escape. Outside the screen nail to the top and the bottom frames at equal intervals four 25-inch laths or



Conical Hoop Flytrap: Side View. (A) Hoops forming frame at bottom. (B) Hoops forming frame at top. (C) Top of trap, made of barrel head. (D) Strips around door. (E) Door frame. (F) Screen on door. (G) Button holding door. (H) Screen on outside of trap. (I) Strips on side of traps between hoops. (J) Tips of these strips projecting to form legs. (K) Cone. (L) United edges of screen forming cone. (M) Aperture at apex of cone.

strips of wood, allowing them to project one inch at the bottom to form legs for the trap and leave an entrance for flies into the cone.

The cone for a trap of this size should be 22 inches high and of such diameter at the bottom that it fits exactly inside the lower hoop, to which it should be tightly tacked. In making the cone it is easiest to experiment with a large sheet of stiff paper until a cone of the right size has been made. This paper when cut will be a pattern for cutting the wire screening. An easy way to make this pattern is to use a semicircle of paper with a radius of 24 inches. It will take about two-thirds of such a semicircle to make the pattern for a cone of the size described.

Before inserting the cone, make a small hole at the point or apex, through which the flies can crawl into the trap.

To bait the trap, place beneath the cone on a flat saucer or a piece of board banana skins, sirup, meat or other foods which seem to attract flies. The flies will fly upward from the bait into the cone and continue until they go through the small hole into the cage. To remove the flies from the cage, scold them and pour them out of the opening at the top.

## Pork Tenderloins in Chafing Dish.

Remove the small rounds of meat from the under part of the pork ribs and place in the chafing dish, together with a cupful of the brown gravy, a few drops of tabasco sauce, one-half cupful of tomato catsup, a pinch each of salt and celery salt and a small piece of butter; simmer only until the meat is thoroughly heated, then place over the hot water pan, stirring in a cupful of cooked mushrooms that have been cut in small pieces; serve very hot on squares of fried hominy, garnished with crisp parsley.

## Plain Scrubbing.

A woman whose floors are of the plain board order that call for much scrubbing says: "It has been my experience that in washing plain board floors it is best to scrub them with cool, soapy water without suds. I scrub with the grain of the wood, and not around in circles, as is usually done, to take off the dirt. If you do this and change the water often, using plenty of soap, you will be surprised how white the floor will become."

## Tapoca Pudding.

One-half cupful of tapoca, one cupful of sugar, one-half teaspoonful of salt; mix and stir into one quart of warm milk, then add two beaten eggs, tablespoonful of melted butter and flavor as desired; mix well and bake in oven slowly until brown. Serve hot with cream.

## STOP CALOMEL! TAKE DODSON'S LIVER TONE

New Discovery! Takes Place of Dangerous Calomel—It Puts Your Liver To Work Without Making You Sick—Eat Anything—It Can Not Salivate—Don't Lose a Day's Work!

I discovered a vegetable compound that does the work of dangerous, sickening calomel and I want every reader of this paper to try a bottle and if it doesn't straighten you up better and quicker than salivating calomel just go back to the store and get your money.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your thirty feet of bowels of the sour bile and constipation poison which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable.

I guarantee that one spoonful of this harmless liquid liver medicine will relieve the headache, biliousness, coated tongue, ague, malaria, sour stomach or any other distress caused by a torpid liver as quickly as a dose of vile, nauseating calomel, besides it will not make you sick or keep you from

a day's work. I want to see a bottle of this wonderful liver medicine in every home here.

Calomel is poison—it's mercury—it attacks the bones, often causing rheumatism. Calomel is dangerous. It sickens—while my Dodson's Liver Tone is safe, pleasant and harmless. Eat anything afterwards, because it can't salivate. Give it to the children because it doesn't upset the stomach or shock the liver. Take a spoonful tonight and wake up feeling fine and ready for a full day's work.

Get a bottle! Try it! If it doesn't do exactly what I say, tell your dealer to hand your money back. Every druggist and store keeper here knows me and knows of my wonderful discovery of a vegetable medicine that takes the place of dangerous calomel.—Adv.

Love Is Blind.  
Another proof that love is blind is that no decent husband ever sees a freckle or wrinkle on the face of the wife who has just put a bit of fried chicken, hoe cake, rosin'ears, sliced tomatoes and sparrow grass in front of him.—Houston Post.

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY  
But like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

Modern Villain.  
Through the shrubbery Marcus Peif, the wealthy rejected suitor, watched Harry Harrison, the village blacksmith, clasp Ruth Roberts in his strong young arms.

"Curse 'em!" he hissed. "I'll have my revenge! I'll buy 'em an automobile for a wedding present, and then look on glottingly while they mortgage the blacksmith shop to buy gasoline!"

Important to Mothers  
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletch* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

The Crime.  
"You don't mean to say that the sheriff has done arrested the boys that made up that lynchin' party?"

"He who?"  
"Name of goodness! What for?"  
"Sheriff says he 'lows the law's got to be respected me' round here, an' them boys used a tree in the cotehouse grounds an' tramped all over the lawn right where there was a plain sign sayin' 'Keep Off the Grass.'"—Town Topics.

COULD NOT SPEAK TO HER CHILDREN  
"I have been a great sufferer from asthma, since I was thirteen years old," says Mrs. M. A. Mooney, 79 Carroll St., Nashville, Tenn. "Have been so bad many times that I could not speak to my children nor make my wants known to them. I have taken three small bottles of Lung-Vita, which has entirely cured my asthma." Mrs. Rubie Clark, 315 Oriole St., Nashville, Tenn., writes: "After having three doctors to tell me I had tuberculosis, I can gladly say that Lung-Vita cured me."

These testimonials are taken from the many we have on hand telling what Lung-Vita has done in cases of consumption, asthma, colds, croup, whooping cough and grippe. If your dealer cannot supply you, order direct. Price \$1.75. Booklet upon request. Nashville Medicine Co., Room 8 Steger Building, Nashville, Tenn. Adv.

Simplicity of the Fathers.  
Mrs. Everett M. Raynor of New York, president general of the Daughters of the Revolution, said at a luncheon:

"There are many anecdotes in illustration of the simple living of the Fathers.

"One of our country's pre-Revolutionary fathers had occasion to call on the governor of his province, and was invited to stay to luncheon.

"Luncheon began, and a liveried servant moved busily about, serving the wine, carving the fowl, and so forth.

"The guest watched the servant for some minutes, and then said to him irritably:

"What are you doing, dancing, dancing about the room for, man? Can't you pull up a chair and sit down? Surely there's enough for the three of us."

Reason for Growling.  
Rivers had just got home, and was stumbling over the things in the dark hall.

"What are you growling about, Joe?" called out Mrs. Rivers from the floor above.

"I am growling," he answered in his deepest bass voice, "to drown the bark of my shins."

## WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

She Took Stella-Vitæ and Gained 28 Pounds

Mrs. Mattie Spain, of Marietta, Okla., one of the vast number of women who have been saved by Stella-Vitæ, says in praising this wonderful remedy: "When I began using Stella-Vitæ I weighed but 18 pounds, and could hardly sit up to be weighed. Now I can work all day, feel better than I have in nine years, and have gained 28 pounds." Stella-Vitæ is a godsend to suffering womanhood. It gives strength and health to the female system, acts as a tonic on the nerves, restores vigor and brings the bloom of health to cheeks that are faded and pale. It is guaranteed. All dealers \$1 a bottle.

THACHER MEDICINE CO., CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

Daughter's Idea.  
Mrs. Brown was in the habit of introducing her big daughter as, "This is Jane; she is only fifteen—you'd never think it, would you?"

At last the girl protested. "It's mean of you to tell everybody how young I am. I could have a lot better time if you didn't."

"Perhaps you could. But I don't propose to have people saying, after you've been out in society a couple of seasons, 'Don't tell me Jane Brown is only twenty—why, she was a grown girl years ago.'"

"Just the same," retorted the daughter, "you wouldn't like it if I introduced you to my friends as, 'This is my mother. She's only forty-eight—you wouldn't think it, would you?'"—Judge.

ON FIRST SYMPTOMS  
Use "Renovine" and be cured. Do not wait until the heart organ is beyond repair. "Renovine" is the heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and \$1.00.—Adv.

All But—  
"Dear Mabel, do you love me?"  
"Oh, George!"  
"Don't you, Mabel? Just a tiny little bit?"

"We'll, y-e-s, George."  
"And would your mother keep away from us, except when I invited her?"  
"She would, George."

"And your brothers and sisters, too?"  
"Why, certainly, George."  
"And, of course, the old gent would settle my debts?"

"Of course, George."  
"Darling, will you marry me?"  
"No, George!"

Easy Money.  
"Will Jack be a good provider, do you think?"  
"Oh, yes. He can borrow money whenever he wants it."

To Fortify the System Against Summer Heat  
Many users of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic make it a practice to take this old standard remedy regularly to fortify the system against the depressing effect of summer heat, as those who are strong withstand the heat of summer better than those who are weak. Price 50c.

Warned.  
"Is old skinkint an approachable man?"  
"Yes, very, provided you don't care what happens to you after you approach him."

Kansas City (Mo.) property for taxation purposes is valued at \$206,032,672.

**Libby's Hot Weather Meats**

Veal Loaf, to serve cold: Cooked Corned Beef, select and appetizing. Chicken Loaf, Ham Loaf and Veal Loaf, delicately seasoned. Vienna Sausage, Genuine-Deviled Ham and Water Sliced Dried Beef for sandwiches and dainty luncheons.

Insist on Libby's at your grocer's

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago





## CALLOWAY MAN VISITS ARKANSAS

Eureka Springs, Ark., July 7.  
Editor of the Ledger:

As a number of friends requested me to write to them on my trip I thought I would, by your permission, let them hear from me through the Ledger.

My wife and myself are standing the trip fine and have had a good time. We left Murray the 4th, inst., and went to Paducah and Cairo to Poplar Bluff, Mo., where we spent the first night. We found quite a city to what it was 35 years ago when we peddled pills and chill tonic around there. From a town of five or six hundred population it has grown to be quite a city. In whylome days we knew every man in the place and now we find only three we knew.

From Poplar Bluff we took the train for Hoxie, Ark., thence to Mammoth Springs, Ark., where we stayed all night, thence back to Black Rock, where we secured transportation out about 20 miles, spent two or three days and returned to Black Rock. (For full particulars of this trip see C. B. Fulton.)

From Black Rock we next landed at Little Rock by way of the J. M. Railroad, stayed all night and next morning took the Rock Island for out in the extreme western part of the state. Here, after appeasing Fulton's ferocious appetite with a bowl of

rock'soup, we got him off to sleep and he rested well for two or three days, then he again became restless and moved on up to Bossanza, a mining town near Ft. Smith. After spending three or four days in the coal digging region we moved on to Ft. Smith, which seems to be the busiest town we have struck. It is a beautiful town of ancient origin. The old government post of 1849 is still standing in perfect order, which is quite a contrast to the hum of machinery and sound of the whistle that is going on at present.

Now Mr. Editor, up to this time everything has been pleasant, but all of a sudden Fulton was seized with a strange hallucination that Villa was going to attack Murray and that the Farmers and Merchants Bank would be the first point of attack and that unless he returned immediately Murray would be wiped up and nothing would do him but go back and back he went by the first train. Please tell Abe Thompson to notice him and have Dr. Gingles examine him. I hope he will be alright when I return.

Well after parting with Fulton and wife our next objective point was Eureka Springs. From the time we left home until we reached Ft. Smith crops were fine but we are now in a very dry scope of country. There is very little real good farming land between Ft. Smith and Eureka Springs. Berries and fruit seem to be the main crop. I don't know just how to describe Eureka Springs. It is not

"a city set upon a hill," but a city among the mountains and on the mountains and in the mountains and under the mountains and every other shape. The town has a population of some six or eight thousand I suppose. The main business portion is situated in a deep ravine between the mountains into which opens deep canyons from either side. I am located about half way up one side of the mountain on the east side and looking west over Main street and have a good view of most of the town on the opposite mountain. I see street cars passing below me some 300 feet through the main thoroughfare. I see on top of a large hotel seven stories high, the entrance of which is on a level with the street and from the roof which is flat you can walk off at the back and go on up the mountain. The corner of this hotel is toward me, giving me a good view of two sides of it. I have just counted the windows and count 150, so you can judge of its magnitude. To my right, on top of the mountain half a mile away, I see the Crescent Hotel, the finest hotel in the place. I suppose it cost at least \$100,000. The place is well supplied with hotels, I have no idea how many; from where I am writing I can see 15 or 20. From where I am writing to the street below is an angle of about 90 degrees. This is the fifth row of houses from the street with three above me, the basement of one being about level with the top of the one below it.

The scenery is fine and a good deal of money has been expended in improving the place but things seem to be on the drag and to me has much the appearance of a dead city. You find large hotels unoccupied and numerous cottages for rent at your own price. The water is fine, springs flow out of the mountains on all sides. They all have their names. For instance, the Magnetic, the Gad Spring, the Basins, the Little Eureka and a number of others and they all seem to be well fixed up and cared for.

They have no industries going on here. They have an ice plant, electric lights and water works, the whistle of which is the only one I have heard since I have been here.

I forgot to mention that we are staying with O. C. Baker, a former Kentuckian. We found his family reasonably well. I don't know when we will get back to Kentucky, but we will come home by and by.

For fear of tiring your patience will close with best wishes to all.  
L. W. Boyd.

Heavy, impure blood makes a muddy, pimply complexion, headaches, nausea, indigestion. Thin blood makes you weak, pale and sickly. For pure blood, sound digestion, use Burdock Blood Purifiers. \$1.00 at all stores.

## BAUCOM, SON & YOUNG

CHERRY, KENTUCKY

Opening up their big hearts and making a country-wide distribution of perfect merchandise at a very conservative price.

SALE BEGINS SAT., AUG. 5. CLOSES AUG. 12.

Look at the Rock Bottom Prices:

Shoes and Slippers	Dress Goods.
\$4.00 American Gentleman Shoes for \$3.15.	10c Percals at 8c.
\$3.50 American Gentlemen Shoes for \$2.75.	10c Gingham at 8c.
\$3.50 Courtney Club Shoes, \$2.74.	15c Voile 12c.
\$3.50 American Lady patent leather Slippers, \$2.75.	50c Pean de Bygne Novelty 39c.
\$2.50 Dull Kid, \$1.98.	<b>Groceries.</b>
\$2.00 Mary Jane, patent leather, \$1.72.	Good Apple Vinegar 25c per gallon.
\$2.25 Boys' Security Slippers, \$1.88.	Good Cane Vinegar 16c per gallon.
75c Tennis Slippers, 58c.	3 cans of Salmon 24c.
Men's Balbriggan Drawers 25c value 19c.	8 packages of Soda 24c.
Men's Balbriggan Shirt 25c value 19c.	4 School Tablets 15c.
B. V. D. Shirts, 25c value at 19c.	6 bars of Soap 24c.
Men's Hats \$2.50 at \$1.85.	Coal oil 12c per gallon.
Men's Hats \$1.50 at \$1.15.	Fruit jars 1 gallon 69c.
Men's Hats \$1.00 at 83c.	Fruit jars 1 gallon 54c.
Men's Dress Shirts \$1.00 value 83c.	Good Peaberry coffee 29c per pound.
Men's Dress Shirts 50c value 42c.	3 pounds O. K. coffee 42c.
Men's Work Shirts 50c value 45c.	Remember we keep school books.
Overalls \$1.35 value at \$1.18.	<b>Produce Wanted.</b>
Overalls \$1.15 value at 99c.	Rags, \$2 per hundred.
Pants, \$1.10 value at \$1.00.	Eggs, 18c per dozen.
	Chicks, 16c per pound.
	Hens, 12c per pound.
	Good milling corn, \$1 per bushel.
	Paris green 10 pounds \$4.50.
	Louisiana molasses 35c per gallon.
	Good hams 17c.

## Baucom, Son & Young

### Western Hospital Changes.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Aug. 1.—Dr. Fred LaRue, of Smithland, today assumed charge of the Western Kentucky Hospital for the Insane, near Hopkinsville, as superintendent, succeeding Dr. H. P. Sights, who was not an applicant for reappointment. Dr. Sights will assist Dr. LaRue as an old college friend, for a fortnight, and then return to his home in Paducah to practice medicine. Eventually he expects to conduct a sanitarium at Dawson Springs. Dr. Louise Trigg, of Glasgow, succeeds Dr. U. G. Davis as third assistant physician. Dr. Davis will take a post-graduate course in eye, ear and throat diseases and then locate in Mississippi. S. H. Byars, of Todd county, became steward at the hospital today, vice William J. Chiles, who becomes traveling representative in this region of Armour & Co., of Chicago.

### What Sort of a Cousin Was He.

A woman was on the witness stand and the lawyer had been worrying with her for some time, and finally asked:

"You say madam, that the defendant is a sort of relation of yours. Will you explain what you mean by that—just how you are related to him?"

"Well, it's like this," replied the witness, beaming upon the court. "His first wife's cousin and my second cousin's first wife's aunt married brothers named Jones, and they were cousins to my mother's aunt. Then again, his grandfather of his mother's side and my grandfather on my mother's side were second cousins, and his stepmother married my husband's stepfather after his father and my mother died, and his brother, Joe, and my husband's brother married twin sisters. I ain't never figured out just how close related we are, but I've allus looked on him as a sort of cousin."

"Quite right," assented the lawyer feebly.

Ledger ads pay 100 per cent.

### How the Apostles Died.

Many readers, perhaps a large majority of them, old as well as young will find new information in the following paragraph taken from The Evangelist:

St. Matthew is supposed to have suffered martyrdom or was slain with the sword at the city of Ethiopia, in Egypt. St. Luke was hanged upon an olive tree, in Greece. St. John was put in a caldron of boiling oil at Rome, and escaped death at Ephesus, in Asia. St. James the Great was beheaded in Jerusalem. St. James the Less was thrown from a pinnacle or wing of the temple and then beaten to death with a fuller's club. St. Phillip was hanged up against a pillar at Hierapohf, a city of Phrygia. St. Bartholomew was flayed alive by the command of a barbarous king. St. Andrew was bound to a cross, whence he preached unto the people until he expired. St. Thomas was run through the body with a lance at Coromandel, in the East Indies. St. John was shot to death with arrows. St. Simon Zealot was crucified in Persia. St. Matthias was first stoned and then beheaded. St. Barnabus was stoned to death by the Jews at Salania. St. Paul was beheaded by Nero.

### Milk Fed Calves.

are susceptible to bowel troubles which runs them down and it takes a long time for them to recover. For them to grow and thrive they must be in good condition from the suckling stage to marketing. B. A. Thomas' Stock Remedy corrects these troubles, cleans out their systems and causes them to reach the marketing stage in the earliest possible time. We sell it—Sexton Bros.

### My Auto 'Tis of Thee.

My auto 'tis of thee, short cut to poverty—of thee I chant. I blew a pile of dough, on you two years ago, and now you refuse to go, or won't, or can't. Through town or country-side, you

were my joy and pride: a happy day. I loved thy gaudy hue, thy nice white tires so new, but now you're down and out for true, in every way. To thee, old rattlebox, came many bumps and knocks: for thee I grieve, Badly thy top is torn, frayed are thy seats and worn. I paid for thee a price, 'twould buy a mansion twice, now everyone is yelling "ica"—I wonder why? Thy motor has the grip, the spark plug has the pip, and woe is thine. I too have suffered chills, ague and kindred ills, endeavoring to pay my bills since thou wert mine. Gone is my bank roll now. No more 'twould choke a cow, as once before. Yet if I had the mon, so help me John—amen, I'd buy myself a car again and speed some more:—Brush and Pail.

### Get Ready.

Now is the time that your hens will moult or shed their feathers. This process is rather slow and nature should be assisted. B. A. Thomas' Poultry Remedy will help your hens to moult causing them to shed earlier and be ready to lay when eggs are highest in the winter. If this remedy does not make good, we will—Sexton Bros.

### Was It Bottled in Bond?

Carrollton, Ky., August 1.—A quarrel over the ownership of a can of fish bait led to the killing of Marcus Hill here and the arrest of Frank Allen, charged with the crime. Both men used knives, it is charged. Allen has cuts on the arm, while Hill's wounds proved fatal. Both men lived at Prestonville, across the river from here.

## MUSTANG

For Sprains, Lameness, Sores, Cuts, Rheumatism, Penetrates and Heals. Stops Pain At Once For Man and Beast 25c, 50c, \$1. At All Dealers.

## LINIMENT

## "Telephone as You'd Be Telephoned To"

TELEPHONE courtesy is just a bit of ordinary politeness and everyday kindness that we put into our conversation when we talk by telephone.

Its the face to face brand of politeness and kindness used when we're voice to voice.

It's the same politeness and kindness that we like to receive from the other end of the wire.

Giving a little thought to telephone courtesy and practicing its simple rules will make the telephone an even more efficient aid for you. "Telephone as You'd Be Telephoned To," always.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO. Incorporated

BOX 34, PADUCAH, KY.