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The Murray Ledger, October 1, 1908

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DISASTROUS

Fire Visited Crossland Last Saturday Night and Much Property Destroyed.

Fire which originated in Well Jackson's place of business at Crossland destroyed the building he occupied together with all the contents, O. H. Wilson's dry goods store and warehouse, J. D. McLeod's store and postoffice, an ice house and Dr. Parvin Crawford's residence, recently vacated by him. The only insurance carried on the property was \$500 by Jackson and \$400 by Dr. Crawford.

The fire occurred about 1 o'clock at night and its origin is unknown.

Harris Grove, Ky.

Health is reasonably good in this locality.

We had a nice shower the 27th which was badly needed.

The 4 week old baby of Burnett Taylor and wife, died the 23rd and was buried at Young grave yard.

A. Y. McNeely happened to the misfortune of getting a finger badly mashed in a hay bailer one day the past week.

M. M. Lovier and wife visited Joe Paschal last Sunday.

Mrs. Ellen Paschal, who has been very low with lung trouble and Catarrh of the stomach, is some better at present.

L. J. Story, of Harris Grove, has sold his farm to Noah Chambers, of Wiswell, and is talking of going to Hot Springs, Ark., for his health.

Well I will close for fear of the waste basket by hollering hurrah for O. J. Jennings the Farmers friend and the County's Future County Clerk.

RATTLE.

Why Colds Are Dangerous.

Because you have contracted ordinary colds and recovered from them without treatment of any kind, do not for a moment imagine that colds are not dangerous. Everyone knows that pneumonia and chronic catarrh have their origin in a common cold. Consumption is not caused by a cold but the cold prepares the system for the reception and development of the germs that would not otherwise have found lodgment. It is the same with all infectious diseases. Diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles and whooping cough are much more likely to be contracted when the child has a cold. You will see from this that real danger lurks in a cold than in any other of the common ailments. The easiest and quickest way to cure a cold is to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The many remarkable cures effected by this preparation have made it a staple article of trade over a large part of the world. For sale by Dale & Stubblefield.

Corner Stone Laying.

Tuesday, Sept. 22, will long be remembered as a great day in the history of Hazel Woodcraft and day to be proud of. Woodmen and their families and friends assembled to witness the laying of the corner stone of the camp's new hall and to hear the speaking on woodcraft. Main street was closed up in front of the business houses and the speakers stand was before the new hall. The crowd was estimated at about 2,500 people. Music was furnished by the Cherry camp string band, assisted

by J. L. Braswell, of Hazel camp. The parade was formed at the old hall and was preceded by the band. After the march the ceremonies and laying of the corner stone was performed. Addresses were made by County Attorney N. B. Barnett, Supt. Langston and O. J. Jennings, editor of the Murray Ledger, and J. W. Osburn, of Hazel. The Woodmen are due much credit for their work.—Hazel News.

Mr. A. M. Melan.

A. M. Melan, one of the best known and oldest citizens of Calloway county, died at his home north of Murray last Monday morning at 2 o'clock after a brief illness of flux. He was about 74 years of age and had been a resident upon the same farm for over fifty years. He had been blind from early boyhood, but while denied the great pleasure of seeing the world he enjoyed life and often engaged happily in its pleasures. He numbered his friends by the scores and his death brings sadness and grief to many who knew him and called him friend. He is survived by one sister, Mrs. A. H. Wear, together with other relatives. Funeral services were conducted at the family residence after which the remains were laid to rest in the City Cemetery.

For Chronic Diarrhea.

"While in the army in 1863 I was taken with chronic diarrhea," said George M. Patton of South Gibson, Tenn. "I have since tried many remedies but with no permanent relief, until Mr. A. W. Miles, of his place, persuaded me to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, one bottle of which stopped it at once." For sale by Dale & Stubblefield.

Murray, R. F. D. No. 4.

The shower that fell last Sunday eve laid the dust and made it more pleasant for the people. Houston Lamb, and daughter, Mrs. Inez Humphreys, spent last week in Nashville, Tenn. Aunt Nancy Lewis is very poorly at this writing. Mrs. Ellen Paschal is some better at present. Our merchant at Harris Grove is quite busy receiving his fall goods.

Jack Humphreys and family visited in the Linn Grove vicinity last Sunday. Wes Story and John Cook have returned and report a splendid time.

Mat Paschal and family, of near Crossland, attended the big show at Paris, Tenn., last Saturday.

Prof. Emerson closed his singing school at Mill Creek, Tenn., the past week.

John Key has sold his farm and bought near Hazel and will move soon.

Alden Orr has his new dwellings near completion which will add to the looks of his place.

U Know.

W. T. Bethshares.

The above well known gentleman is an announced candidate for magistrate in the Murray district, and presents himself as such subject to the action of the voters in the November primary. Mr. Bethshares is a splendid citizen, acquainted with the needs and requirements of the general public and should be elected to the responsible position will serve with credit and distinction.

Mrs. Cook, Grogan and Dely and Misses Kitty Sale and Ruth Cutchin have returned from the Hopkinsville Convention.

RESOLUTIONS

Citizens of Hazel Precinct Met in Mass Convention and Adopted Resolutions.

A well attended mass meeting of the citizens of Hazel precinct was held last Saturday afternoon in Hazel for the purpose of adopting resolutions expressing the sentiment of the citizens of that section of the county upon current questions. Below is published in full the resolutions as were unanimously adopted by the convention:

WHEREAS: We believe that in the present unsettled conditions in our county we can serve the interest of the people best in the coming primary to drop all the candidates except the two having the largest number of votes and let the people choose between these two by another contest. Therefore be it

RESOLVED: That where there is more than two running for the same office all except the two receiving the largest number of votes be dropped and these two have the race again.

RESOLVED 2ND: That this convention appeals to the law and order loving people to come out to the polls at the coming primary and nominate persons that will in accordance with a republican form of government, administer the duties of our county without calling upon the Governor to send people from other counties of the state to perform our civil business.

RESOLVED 3RD: That we request the Louisville and Paducah papers to stop publishing highly colored and sensational reports, some of which have not a scintilla of truth, that place us in a bad light before the people of our beloved state, and that this convention will pay the expenses of any person they may send here to investigate matters if we fail to prove the truth of the above statements.

RESOLVED 4TH: That we love our time honored motto, "United we stand, divided we fall" and that we hold ourselves in readiness to uphold the laws of our state against night riders and lawlessness of any kind.

RESOLVED 5TH: That we desire the building of a court house in our county and recognize that it cannot be done while the present strained relation between town and county exist; that had its origin in the burning of our county court house, and is now prolonged by the publication of sensational reports in the papers of our state. Let us all come together on democratic principles under a republican form of government. That we invite persons who desire to locate and make their homes in a good county and among as good people as the sun shines upon to come and live with us.

Papers friendly to law and order will please take notice.

H. P. OSBORN, Chairman.
JAMES F. THOMPSON, Sec.
John Parker, Don Nix, Geo. A. Wilson, committee.

Lame Back.

This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles of the small of the back, and is quickly cured by applying Chamberlain's Liniment two or three times a day and massaging the parts at each application. For sale by Dale & Stubblefield.

Night Rider Trial.

Clarksville, Tenn., Sept. 30.—The state having rested in Hunt-Gardner trial. No time limit has yet been set upon the argu-

ment, and it is not at all probable that there will be. There will be at least four speeches on each side, and it is possible that all six attorneys for the defense will argue the case. It is probable that the whole of three days will be consumed in argument unless Judge Tyler does set a time limit.

Three weeks ago this trial opened and yet interest is just about as strong in it today as it was at the beginning. Many predictions as to the verdict of the jury are being made, a hung jury seeming to be the opinion.

Regular Election Officers.

The following have been appointed officers to hold the November election 1908.

East Murray—T. W. Patterson, clerk; R. M. Langston, Henry H. Miller, judges; Albert Lassiter, sheriff.

West Murray—Lee Venable, clerk; Ewin Farmer, Dan Pace, judges; C. H. Redden, sheriff.

Hazel—C. T. Albritten, clerk; Coleman Langston, J. Y. Brandon, judges; E. J. Miller, sheriff.

South Liberty—W. T. Walker, clerk; W. T. Wilkerson, R. B. Holland, judges; Duke Russell, sheriff.

North Liberty—Siam Burke, clerk; J. H. Morris, S. L. Evans, judges; C. D. Smith, sheriff.

Almo—S. A. Fakes, clerk; Monroe Thomas, R. F. Shoemaker, judges; Elmus Treathan, sheriff.

Jackson—Ivan Dunn, clerk; Wash Carman, J. W. Clark, judges; W. H. Colley, sheriff.

North Brinkley—C. C. Smith, clerk; N. G. Edwards, Burl Jones, judges; Tom Hendricks, sheriff.

South Brinkley—J. Mayfield, clerk; Jim Bailey, T. J. Wright, judges; Jesse Wraether, sheriff.

North Swann—J. I. Ford, clerk; W. T. Cole, A. B. Stark, judges; A. J. Myers, sheriff.

South Swann—France Humphreys, clerk; Ed Phillips, Ernest Erwin, sheriff.

J. M. COLE,
E. C. K. ROBERTSON,
Election Commissioners,
J. A. EDWARDS, Sheriff.

Tickling, tight coughs, can be surely and quickly loosened with a prescription Druggists are dispensing everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. And it is so very, very different than common cough medicines. No Opium, no Chloroform, absolutely nothing harsh or unsafe. The tender leaves of a harmless, lung healing mountainous shrub, gives the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. Those leaves have the power to calm the most distressing cough and to soothe and heal the most sensitive bronchial membrane. Mothers should, for safety's sake, always demand Dr. Shoop's. It can with perfect freedom be given to even the youngest babes. Test it yourself! and see. Sold by H. D. Thornton.

Powers Baptized.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 27.—Caleb Powers, the Kentuckian, who served eight years in prison in connection with the Geobel assassination case, was baptized tonight in the Baptist Church at Jellico, in the presence of 500 people. In reply to a query as to why he was baptized in Jellico he said that his grand father, grand mother, father and mother were born, lived and died there.

Read the pain formula on a box of Pink Pain Tablets. Then ask your Doctor if there is a better one. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets check head pains, womanly pains, pale anywhere. Try one, and see 20 for 25c. Sold by H. D. Thornton.

CONFESSES

Declares She Was Kept Away With Money Lent by Lyon County Officials.

Princeton, Ky., Sept. 24.—Mrs. Minnie Dean, who has been going the rounds with Sanford Hall and Tom Stephens, as the chief witnesses in the several trials against alleged night riders, at Paducah, Eddyville, Marion and elsewhere, was in Princeton Tuesday, having come in from the home of her parents, near Lamasco, where she has been for about two weeks. It is reliably reported that she made an affidavit while here touching many of the phases of the night rider experiences through which she has gone of recent months.

Those supposed to know about the matter refuse to discuss it, but it is now certain that she made such affidavit. The parties refuse to make public its contents at present. There is a straight tip out, however, to the effect that it states that Hall was promised \$1,000 at one time for his services in the several pending cases; that he and Mrs. Dean were furnished money while at Paducah by Attorney Walter Krone, who sent it to them through Attorney John G. Miller, of Paducah, and that they have been regularly supplied with money, and that certain officers of Lyon county aided by certain persons of Louisville, succeeded in spiriting Mrs. Dean, Hall and Stephens out of the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to prevent their going before the Lyon county grand jury at its last session, and that she was caused to leave her home by threats. Several other persons are mentioned in the affidavit, persons of prominence in the state, together with mention of their connection with Hall's Stephenson's testimony.

Mrs. Dean states that she has now been at home nearly two weeks, and finds that there is no danger whatever in her remaining at home, and she now goes where she pleases and no one seems to desire to harm her. Further developments are expected which will make interesting reading to those who have followed the connection Hall and Stephens have had with the prosecutions and the evidence they have heretofore given.

It isn't so difficult to strengthen a weak stomach if one goes at it correctly. And this is true of the Heart and Kidneys. The old fashioned way of doing the stomach or stimulating the Heart or Kidneys is surely wrong! Dr. Shoop first pointed out this error. "Go to the weak or ailing nerves of these organs," said he. Each inside organ has its controlling or "inside nerve." When these nerves fail then the organs must surely falter. "bi vital truth is leading druggists everywhere to dispense and recommend Dr. Shoop's Restorative. A few days test will surely tell." Sold by H. D. Thornton.

Acted Very Bad.

Princeton, Ky., Sept. 30. A soldier by the name of Dick Mudd, of the Owensboro detachment of soldiers stationed here, Monday evening while in a drunken condition knocked four men, one white and three colored, in the head with the butt end of his pistol, inflicting ugly and painful wounds. One of the colored men was the superintendent of the colored city schools and like the other men was struck without provocation. By the efforts of the police-

man, Capt. Gans, and other soldiers, on the carnival grounds, order was restored and young Mudd was sent to the camp. The next morning Mudd was sent back to Owensboro and it is said given a dishonorable discharge.

The young white man, William Lewis, is reported to be in a right serious condition, at his home in the country. The trouble is very much regretted, as it has occasioned a great deal of feeling between the soldiers and the friends of those assaulted.

Through the orders of Capt. Gans the soldiers only attend the carnival in citizens clothes and everything is moving off nicely.

Had a Close Call.

Mrs. Ada L. Croom, the widely known proprietor of the Croom Hotel, Vaughn, Miss., says: "For several months I suffered with a severe cough, and consumption seemed to have its grip on me, when a friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery. I began taking it, and three bottles effected a complete cure." The fame of this life saving cough and cold remedy, and lung and throat healer is world wide. Sold at H. D. Thornton's drug store. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Assaulted By Soldier.

Cadiz, Ky., Sept. 26.—Dr. Hubert Cunningham, a prominent dentist of Cadiz, and superintendent of the Baptist Sunday school, was assaulted at Golden Pond by Roger Branham, a member of the Henderson company of the state guard, on duty at Golden Pond.

Dr. Cunningham was calling on a young woman with whom Branham had been keeping company, when Branham came to the house and asked her to accompany him to church. The young woman declined and it is alleged that when Dr. Cunningham left the house Branham assaulted him with the butt of a revolver, knocking out two teeth and cutting a deep gash in the dentist's lip. Another soldier carried Branham away.

Dr. Cunningham was rendered unconscious. He was brought to Cadiz, where his wounds were dressed. He swore out a warrant against Branham.

Cold Weather Advice.

To all who are to beware of coughs and colds on the chest; as neglected they readily lead to pneumonia, consumption or other pulmonary troubles. Just as soon as the cough appears treat it with Ballard's Horehound Syrup the cure of America. Use as directed—perfectly harmless. A cure and preventive for all diseases of the lungs.

Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Dale & Stubblefield and H. D. Thornton & Co.

For Fine Pressing.

It will pay you to send your work to the Sanders & Ferguson pressing parlor. Work neatly done and we will call for and deliver your clothes to any part of the city.

Suit clothes pressed 25c.
Pressed and cleaned 35c.
These prices are good until Dec. 1. Our shop is located over the Murray Ledger printing office and all work is strictly guaranteed.

No one is immune from kidney trouble, so just remember that Foley's Kidney Remedy will stop the irregularities and cure any case of kidney and bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Sold by all druggists.

The Murray Ledger

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
MURRAY 1 4 KENTUCKY.

THE TOPICS OF A WEEK

The Prohibition camel has been entered in the national race against the Republican elephant and the Democratic donkey. In a number of states the law requires that each party have an official emblem printed on the ballot, that no voter may mistake his ticket. Alonzo E. Wilson, state chairman of the Prohibition party in Illinois, has announced that the Prohibitionists have decided to adopt the camel as their mascot. It will replace the emblem of the fountain and rising sun, which formerly indicated the Prohibition column. Among the reasons advanced by Mr. Wilson for the selection are that the camel is the original "water wagon," that it can discern a fresh supply of water farther than any other quadruped; that it can travel faster than the elephant or donkey, and that it is under no necessity of getting a hump on itself, since it is already supplied with the article.

Believing they would have no trouble in beating their way on trains Mrs. Alice Boles and Miss Emma Gardner, who live in Cleveland, Ohio, discarded their dresses and put on clothing belonging to the husband of the former and started on a journey to Wisconsin. They were accompanied by Boles and Charles Ford, the latter said to be the intended husband of Miss Gardner. Everything went all right until they reached Mayfair, Ill., Wednesday night. Then a special policeman of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad arrested them. "Please let us resume our journey," pleaded Mrs. Boles, who is 23 years of age, but her entreaties were in vain, and Lieutenant Collins, of the Irving Park Station, Chicago, ordered them locked on charges of disorderly conduct.

Advices received at Mexico City Thursday from Acapulco report that two heavy earthquake shocks were felt Wednesday off that port. The sea was greatly agitated and broke into tremendous waves. The Cosmopolitan line steamer Radnos, from San Francisco August 9 for Hamburg, was caught and tossed about like a chip. The passengers and crew were thrown to the deck by the onslaught of the waves. Four persons were killed and several others were wounded by rolling spars and falling woodwork. The earthquake was barely perceptible on shore.

All of the diversified agricultural interests of the nation find representation in the great assemblage of delegates which gathered at Madison, Wis., Thursday at the twenty-eighth annual Farmers' National Congress. Truck growers of the East, wheat and corn farmers of the central West, cotton and tobacco planters of the South and irrigation farmers of the far West are there for what promises to be one of the most important and profitable experience meetings ever held by American farmers.

Scores of the trail-blazers who played an active part in the paleface conquest of Montana will meet at Lewiston, Mont., during the next three days in the annual reunion of the Montana Society of Pioneers.

A midnight fire destroyed \$100,000 worth of property in Redding, Cal., Thursday. Two hotels, three saloons, three warehouses and a general merchandise store and a score of lodging houses were burned.

Mrs. John Dalton, living three miles south of Elkhart, Tex., became insane Wednesday and killed her baby by choking it. The child was about a week old. There was no one at the house at the time.

At noon Saturday George B. Hays, real estate dealer, ex-sheriff of Bradley county and later city marshal of Cleveland, Tenn., was stabbed to death by W. J. Hixson. Hundreds of people witnessed the tragedy.

Thomas McElyen, a young man, tried in the Circuit Court of Johnson county, Tenn., on the charge of having murdered his uncle of the same name was sentenced to 18 years in the penitentiary.

The alleged night-riders' conspiracy, with all its secrets, signs, signals, passwords, etc., was laid bare Monday for the first time to a Tennessee court, when four confessed night riders from Marshall, Caldwell and Galloway counties, Kentucky, were put on the stand by the defense in the Gardner-Hunt trial at Clarksville, Tenn. The jury was not allowed to hear the testimony and the defense only introduced it in order to complete the record. The connection with the case was made when several of the night riders stated that General Amey, the head of the night-riders' clan, said to be in hiding, had received information of the killing the afternoon after occurred and that he communicated to several lodges the fact that one of the brothers had been killed, several wounded and two horses killed. It was also stated that he had planned to raid Clarksville, and one of the witnesses testified that it had twice been solicited by the captain of his lodge that he join in a raid on this place, it being planned to bring a thousand men from his section to do the work. The proposed raid fell through according to testimony, on account of the fact that surrounding rivers and the close guard on the few accessible roads made it almost impossible to get in when a strong effort was made to prevent it. The testimony introduced along this line was by far the most thrilling and sensational yet brought out in the trial.

Charles Boyd, a former student of Leland Stanford University, the son of Henry A. Boyle, a millionaire property holder of Seattle and Oakland, and member of a family conspicuous in the most exclusive society circles of San Raphael, is alleged to have made a confession to numerous crimes committed in Marion county, Cal., last spring. According to Sheriff Taylor, who interviewed young Boyle in jail at San Rafael, the prisoner admitted he held up 15 men at the National hotel bar at San Rafael and seriously wounded a constable. He is also confessed, the sheriff says, that he attacked a young woman with a club and pursued another, and says he is guilty of other offenses, which for a time terrified the quiet community. Sheriff Taylor is at a loss to find a motive for the young man's supposed participation in crimes.

A young woman giving her name as Mrs. Rosa Donner and her three small children were picked up in a destitute condition beside the Southern Pacific tracks in Gretna, La., Tuesday, and when their immediate wants had been provided for she said it was her intention to walk to New Iberia and thence to Shreveport, where she had friends, who would help her to reach Memphis where her brother, Joseph Chapman, lives. It seems that she had come here from Hot Springs in search of her husband, who had fled from home to escape prosecution for a burglary of which, she declared, he was innocent, and, not being able to endure the separation any longer, she had set out to find him. Transportation was provided for her for the first stage of her journey.

As the result of injuries received in an encounter in the office of Loomis Bros. Monday, Roxie Loomis, a prominent real estate dealer of El Paso, Tex., died Monday night. His brother, C. M. Loomis, sustained serious injuries. The police arrested C. M. Barber, southwestern agent of an automobile company, who is said to have attacked both brothers.

A mania for killing took possession of Edward Miles, a negro prisoner, when his death warrant for the murder of his wife was read to him in jail at Alexandria, La., Saturday evening. He grabbed a cass-knife and slew two other prisoners and severely wounded four, all negroes. One of the wounded may die.

Orville Wright showed signs of improvement Sunday at the Fort Myer (Va.) hospital and while the doctors say he is not entirely out of danger, his condition is very satisfactory.

Crazed through nervous disease, Mrs. Anna Roth, 38, leaped to death from the upper window of the office of Dr. George Parker, at Peoria, Ill., Saturday while there awaiting treatment from the physician. She met instant death.

Joe James, the negro convicted of murdering Cergy A. Ballard, at Springfield, Ill., was sentenced Saturday afternoon by Judge Creighton to hang on October 23.

Practically the entire state of Pennsylvania, east of the Allegheny mountains, is suffering from one of the worst droughts in years. In some parts of the state no rain has fallen in more than two months, and rivers and streams are so low that many industries have been shut down for the lack of water. Forest fires are burning in several sections, and some localities report that crops will be entirely ruined unless rain comes soon. At Shenandoah, in the anthracite coal regions, water sells at 8 cents a gallon, and many are compelled to walk three and four miles to get a supply even at that price. Several coal mines in that region have been closed because of lack of water.

The General Assembly of Georgia Saturday morning passed the new convict law which takes the state's criminals from the hands of private lessees next March and puts them upon the public road, of the counties, where they will work under the supervision of the state. At 12:15 o'clock the assembly adjourned sine die after having struggled four weeks in one of the bitterest fights the state has ever known. Governor Hoke Smith approved the new bill Saturday afternoon whereupon it became the law.

The cholera epidemic in Manila is receding, judging from official reports Tuesday, which gave only 11 deaths and 36 new cases for the 24 hours ending at 8 o'clock, which is the smallest gain made by the plague in several days. Encouraged by the first sign of victory, the federal and municipal authorities are pressing the campaign so thoroughly to cleanse the city, confident of stamping out the disease soon.

According to dispatches received in Atlanta, Ga., George Thomas, the negro who shot Sheriff Beard at Fort Gaines Monday, was lynched by a mob in the Central of Georgia Railroad station, after the shooting. The first reports said that Thomas was killed by the sheriff, but the news dispatches Tuesday bring out the fact that he escaped after shooting the sheriff and took refuge in the railroad station.

Owen Palmer of Matthews Township, near El Reno, Okla., has a steam plow. Owen's plow is a 40-horsepower engine, and every time it crosses the field it turns a strip of land 14 feet wide. Thirty-five acres is only an average day's plowing with the outfit. Messrs. Long and Palmer will plant 600 acres of wheat this fall, and probably that much more corn next spring.

As a result of an automobile turning turtle at Sterling, Ill., Tuesday, Anna Helly of Janesville, Wis., and Emma Ivey of Sterling, Ill., are at the point of death. Miss Kate Maloney of Rock Island, Ill., and Lillian Watson of Sterling, Ill. are suffering from severe injuries. The car is a total wreck. The wheels skidded and the tire burst, causing the car to turn completely over.

Emmett Lee, a white farmer, fired four shots at Tom Byrd, a fleeing negro, on a crowded thoroughfare in the business district of Hattiesburg, Miss., Saturday. Only one of the shots took effect and the negro's injuries were not serious. It is said that the negro had been enticing hands from Lee's farm, and that he had been warned to stop the practice.

Miss Jane Elizabeth Smith, aged 28, one of the most accomplished women of Pittsburgh, Pa., linguist and graduate of Vassar College, daughter of Henry Smith, a wealthy aged physician, and sister of John H. Smith president of the Electric Age Publishing Company of New York, committed suicide Tuesday morning by taking carbolic acid.

J. C. Canton's store at Armour, S. D., was burglarized Saturday night, the thieves getting from the safe \$33,000 in paper, \$2,000 in gold and \$300 in silver. The paper money was wrapped in packages, one of which contained \$10,000 in \$20 bills. A reward of \$1,000 is offered for the arrest of the burglars. There is no clue to their identity.

After cutting his throat with a pocket knife in the presence of his wife at 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon, A. S. Austin calmly closed the instrument of death, replaced it in his pocket, and, with a great stream of blood rushing from his wound, walked out of the Peterman hotel, at Mount Pleasant, Tex., and, falling on the sidewalk, died within a few minutes in the presence of hundreds of Sunday afternoon promenaders.

Kentucky Cleanings.

Most Important News Gathered From All Parts of the State.

LICENSE FOR BUT ONE SALOON.

Court of Appeals Upholds Lower Tribunal in Campbell County Case.

Frankfort, Ky.—Judge Hobson wrote an opinion of the court of appeals in a case of George R. Huber against the commonwealth, appealed from the Campbell circuit court. The judgment of the lower court is affirmed, holding that two saloons in different buildings can not be conducted on one license.

Huber had secured license to conduct a saloon in Newport, in the house in which he lived, and he rented a building across from his place of business and residence and used it for a bar and pool room. He was indicted for conducting a saloon without license and fined. The indictment was brought under Section 4195, and the court of appeals upholds the fine.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS

Are Favored By the Kentucky Postal Masters' Association.

Lexington, Ky.—The convention of Kentucky Postal Masters' Association closed with the election of the following officers: President, F. M. Fisher, Paducah; first vice president, A. M. Hughes, Louisville; second vice president, L. E. Petty, Shelbyville; secretary, George L. Barnes, Frankfort; treasurer, George Hutchinson, Lawrenceburg. The convention recommended the enactment of proposed laws providing for the establishment of postal savings banks and rural parcel post delivery.

Action Dismissed.

Louisville, Ky.—Because of lack of proof, action against the Louisville, Henderson & St. Louis railroad for alleged violation of the 28-hour stock law was dismissed in federal court. United States District Attorney George Du Ruelle, who made the motion to dismiss, declared that the charges had been brought under a misapprehension.

City Council Indicted.

Frankfort, Ky.—The city council was indicted for permitting water to stagnate in the gutters of the streets. The condition of the food-poisoning institute under the management of the new board of health, and the new superintendent, were harshly criticized. The place is so filthy, the grand jury says, that the children's health is in danger.

Parcels Law Raped.

Louisville, Ky.—A rap was taken here by the executive committee of the Southern Supply and Machinery Dealers' association, at the parcels post law. The committee was of opinion that it was inimical to their interests. At a meeting of the committee in New Orleans this fall the place for the 1909 convention will be determined. Louisville is favored.

Political Battle Being Waged. Big Creek, Ky.—A warm political battle is being waged in the 27th judicial district for circuit judge. Fankner, the present judge, and Lewis, commonwealth's attorney, are the candidates. The primary is set for December 5, and it is generally conceded that Fankner will be defeated.

Lexington Gets Next Meeting. Hopkinsville, Ky.—The 6th annual convention of the Kentucky Christian Missionary association adjourned after a four days' session, which for many reasons is the most notable in the history of the organization. The next meeting will be held in Lexington.

No Water at Lakeland. Frankfort, Ky.—The drought has become so severe at the Lakeland asylum for the insane that inmates have been put on an allowance. The reservoir is so low that the management of the institution fears it will go dry. An Artesian well has been begun.

Six Mountaineers Arrested. Covington, Ky.—Deputy United States Marshal A. R. Patrick established a record when he arrested six mountaineers single-handed. The arrests were made at West Liberty, Morgan county, Ky., on charges of selling liquor illegally.

Mismanagement Charged. Mt. Sterling, Ky.—The affairs of the Eastern Kentucky Telephone Co., with headquarters in this city, were placed in the hands of Special Receiver Henry Watson of Mt. Sterling, by Circuit Judge Young. Mismanagement is charged.

Big Crop Destroyed. Mayfield, Ky.—The big tobacco barn of Joe Buzar, south of this town, was burned with 2,000 sticks of tobacco. There was no insurance. The blaze started while the crop was being freed.

Capt. King To Direct Tournament. Louisville, Ky.—Capt. E. J. King, U. S. A., will take charge of the plans for the first regimental military tournament next week. He will perfect the local regiment so that it will be in the trim for the maneuvers.

Decide on Mahogany Furniture. Frankfort, Ky.—Nicholas Davis for the legislative hall, and the same kind of furnishings for the court of appeals room, in the new capitol, were decided upon at a meeting of the capitol commission.

BLACK DOLLS

Will Be Manufactured For the Colored Children.

Lexington, Ky.—At a meeting of the Colored National Baptist association, composed of negro leaders from all parts of the world, in session here, the following resolutions were passed: "Whereas, Our publishing board, at Nashville, Tenn., under the management of Dr. R. H. Boyd, is prepared to supply a long-felt need in a factory for negro dolls, and

"Whereas, Our people for nearly half a century, because of the uncomely and deformed features of negro dolls, have spent thousands of dollars on white dolls, therefore be it

"Resolved, That we do here and now give our endorsement and hearty approval of the negro doll factory, and not only urge the patronage of the people of our churches as Baptists, but of the race at large throughout the United States.

LIQUOR LAW VALID.

Act Prohibiting Shipping Whisky Into Dry Territory Upheld.

Frankfort, Ky.—The court of appeals sustained the state law prohibiting express companies from transporting liquor from a local option or dry county to another.

The court sustained a fine against the Adams Express Co. of \$75, which was convicted of transporting whisky from Mercer to Washington county. The decision was written by Chief Justice O'Rear, and is one of the most vigorous ever delivered by this state's highest tribunal.

End of Drought in Sight.

Lexington, Ky.—Barring a drizzle on August 21, there has been no rainfall in Lexington since August 13. G. Harold Noyes, forecaster at the local weather bureau, says there will be rain in a few days and that this will end the longest drought in the records of the weather bureau. In addition to the absence of rain the past 33 days, the temperature has been abnormally high and the country for miles around Lexington is literally burned up.

Col. Haldeman Ill.

Pt. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.—Col. W. B. Haldeman, of the First Kentucky regiment, now in camp here, left for Martinsville to enter a sanitarium on account of an acute attack of sciatica. Lieut. Col. James P. Gregory, of the same regiment, sustained an injury to his shoulder by a fall from a horse. The regiment is commanded by Senior Major Lindsey.

Hazards Didn't Get Him. Lexington, Ky.—The hunter W. R. Smith, the missing State University student, continues, with no clue to his whereabouts. Believing that Smith might have been secured by fellow students, Prof. James G. White asked that if such be the case the period of distance cease. The students say they have not been hearing young Smith.

Indicted For Murder.

Louisville, Ky.—The hunters having been returned by the Lawrence county grand jury against Sprague and Kelly, for first degree murder, in the burning of the Cooper home and three persons, the men were taken back to Louisville, from Chattanooga and Mt. Sterling jails, respectively, for trial.

Policeman Accidentally Shot. Stanford, Ky.—At the performance of a Wild West show Bruce Arnold, of Garrettsville, was placed under arrest by Chief of Police Carter for being drunk. Arnold resisted arrest, and while trying to subdue him the chief's pistol was discharged, the ball penetrating Special Policeman J. T. Embury's left side.

Mutilated Hereafter.

Louisville, Ky.—The Lord made me do it, said Mrs. Susie Tabler, 45, when physicians forced open the bathroom of her home and found that she had tried to kill herself. She mutilated herself in a horrible manner, but may recover. She is the widow of Gen. Tabler, of Harrodsburg, Ky.

Bowling Green Man Tipped. Frankfort, Ky.—Dr. A. T. McCracken, of Bowling Green, is being boosted by members of the medical fraternity to take the place of Dr. Milton Board on the board of control when Board's term expires January 1. The appointment will be made by Gov. Willson.

Residents Buy Water.

Newport, Ky.—The residents in South Bellvue are experiencing a water famine and are compelled to pay for their water at the rate of 25 cents a barrel. Men have taken advantage of the scarcity of water and have been peddling to residents on the hill.

New Light Company.

Louisville, Ky.—Under the leadership of Charles Altus, a local druggist, the East End Electric Lighting Co. was formed here. It will supply light and power to the eastern portion of the city.

Suits For Back Taxes.

Frankfort, Ky.—Arguments in the suits against the Southern railroad for back taxes amounting to nearly \$250,000, on \$500,000 back assessment, were made before Judge R. L. Seal and the case submitted.

NO BATHTUB FOR HER.

"New Fangled Contrivance" Emphatically Failed To Win Approval.

The French abhorrence of the bath is a nature shared by many people, particularly one old woman up in an east Tennessee town. The town had just had a water system installed and the natives were "putting with pride" at their bathtubs and equipment where one could perform his ablutions at will without waiting and loitering for Saturday night.

This old woman was an exception to the rule. She made her home with her son, and his wife, according to the mother-in-law, was "a little hankerin' after some of the newfangled."

A neighbor, who had been in to inspect the improvements in the house, remarked to the old woman:

"Well, Mrs. X—, this will be a pleasure for you—bath any time, night or day. You will certainly enjoy it."

"That I won't," said the old woman, firmly. "I been a member of the church for year an' always lived honest an' upright. Git inter one of them tubs? Me? Why, Sary Ellen, them things ain't decent!"

HAD HEARD THEM.



Judge—Do you understand the nature of an oath?
She—In a telephone girl judge.

TESTING PAINT.

Property owners should know how to prove the purity and quality of white lead, the most important paint ingredient, before paying for it. To all who write, National Lead Co., the largest manufacturers of pure white lead, send a free outfit with which to make a simple and sure test of white lead, and also a free book about paint. Their address is Woodbridge Bldg., New York City.

Apply Defined.

A woman in a town lying under the Rockies was much distressed at hearing a small clique in her town refer to themselves as the "smart set." She appealed to an ex-United States senator and asked him what he understood by the term "the smart set." He replied: "I think I can give you an inkling. In the eastern part of Colorado there is a large tract of land known as the 'rain belt.' It never rains there."

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND TO HELP THE SYSTEM. Take the Old Standard Quinine Tablets. They are the only Quinine Tablets that are pure and effective. They are the only Quinine Tablets that are pure and effective. They are the only Quinine Tablets that are pure and effective.

A Different Young Man.

Gerald—There is a good deal of power in my arm.
Geraldine—I have never had occasion to notice it.

Hicks' Capidine Cures Headache, or nervous troubles. No Aspirin or dangerous drugs. It's liquid and acts immediately. Trial bottle free. Regular 25c and 50c all druggists.

He who hesitates much will accomplish little.—Von Moltke

MY OWN FAMILY USE PE-RU-NA.



HON. GEORGE W. HONE.
Hon. George W. Hone, National Chaplain U. S. V., ex-Chaplain Fourth Wisconsin Cavalry, ex-Treasurer State of Wisconsin, and ex-Quartermaster General State of Texas & A. R., writes from 1700 First St., N. E., Washington, D. C., as follows:

"I cannot too highly recommend your preparation for the relief of catarrhal troubles in their various forms. Some members of my own family have used it with most gratifying results. When other remedies failed, *Peruna* proved most efficacious and I cheerfully certify to its curative excellence."

Mr. Fred L. Hebard, for nine years a leading photographer of Kansas City, Mo., located at the northeast corner of 12th and Grand Aves., cheerfully gives the following testimony: "It is a proven fact that *Peruna* will cure catarrh and *la grippe*, and as a tonic it has no equal. Druggists have tried to make me take something else 'just as good,' but *Peruna* is good reason for me."

Peruna in Tablet Form.

For two years Dr. Hartman and his assistants have incessantly labored to create *Peruna* in tablet form, and their strenuous labors have just been crowned with success. People who object to liquid medicines can now secure *Peruna* tablets, which represent the solid medicinal ingredients of *Peruna*.

\$500,000 FIRE AT FOND DU LAC

THREE CHURCHES, SCHOOL, AUTOMOBILES AND RESIDENCES ARE BURNED.

RUSH CITY IS IN FLAMES

Duluth Responds to Call for Aid From Town of 3,000 Inhabitants—Started in Residence Section.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Sept. 27.—Fire, which swept Fond du Lac early Saturday morning, doing a half million dollars' damage and which for hours threatened the destruction of the city, was placed under control at 9 o'clock.

The fire originated from a crowd of people gathered in the residence section of the city, where the flames were sweeping toward the residence section, hundreds of people abandoned their homes, taking with them all the household effects they could carry.

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The chief losses were sustained by St. Joseph's Catholic church, \$99,999; Congregational church, \$55,999; Crescent garage, \$10,999; St. Peter's Lutheran church, \$10,999; Grant school, \$10,999; nine automobiles, \$20,000.

The three churches were among the first structures burned. A number of handsome residences were swept away. Among them is that of Mayor Bishop.

From the garage the flames shot in the air 100 feet and set fire to the steeple of the Congregational church adjoining. From the steeple the flames leaped to St. Joseph's Catholic church, the largest in the city, and the illumination from its spire could be seen at Oshkosh, 20 miles away.

Next they reached hundreds of feet, fanned by a strong wind, to St. Peter's Lutheran church, and it, too, went.

Members of the Oshkosh fire department realized the peril of the sister city before the appeal for aid had come and had loaded their apparatus on flat cars for a record-breaking trip to Fond du Lac.

Before it arrived the residences were blackened ruins.

Rush City, Minn., Doomed.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 27.—Rush City, Minn., a town of 3,000 persons, 70 miles southwest of here, is burning. Early Saturday morning there was little hope of saving the place. Appeals for aid have been responded to by Duluth and other cities. The fire started in the residence section.

Unemployed Fight Police.

London, Sept. 27.—There was a wild scene and disorder witnessed here Friday night when numbers of the unemployed who recently have created frequent disturbances came in contact with the police. The mob attempted to raid the town hall where the lord mayor was holding a reception, but was frustrated by the police who made a charge with their clubs.

8,000 Miners Resume Work.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Sept. 27.—The 8,000 miners employed in the collieries of Wyoming who went on strike Sept. 1, will return to work. A temporary agreement was reached by the mine operators and representatives of the United Mine Workers of America at Chicago today. The nature of the agreement is not known here. It is stated, however, that another conference will be held at Cheyenne Sept. 30, at which time a permanent wage scale will be agreed upon.

Odd Fellows End Session.

Duluth, Cal., Sept. 27.—Appeals from the ruins of the grand lodges of Ohio and other states occupied the attention of the sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows at the final meeting of its 84th annual session Friday. All unfinished business was cleared up, and Saturday the members of the sovereign grand lodge go on an excursion to the mountains.

\$3,000,000 For Irrigation.

San Juan, P. R., Sept. 27.—George Cabot Ward and S. D. Cramer, respectively auditor and treasurer of Porto Rico, sailed for New York on board the steamer Carolina to negotiate with Wall street bankers a loan of \$3,000,000 with which to carry out the irrigation project recently passed by the house of delegates.

Earthquake Shakes a Town.

Pogoria, Italy, Sept. 27.—A violent earthquake Friday night threw the residents of Viesta into panic. The buildings shook and several chimneys fell, but no one was hurt. Many of the residents deserted their homes and fled into the open fields.

FORAKER HITS TAFT

SAYS NOMINEE ACCEPTED LAVISH HOSPITALITY OF TRUST.

HE STARTS THE ANANIAS CLUB

Declares Roosevelt's Statements Are False—Defends Brownsville Attitude.

Cheltenham, Sept. 27.—Senator Foraker has made the statement. The senator covers everything from the rate bill to the Brownsville affair. He scores Taft and charges insincerity and misrepresentation on the part of the Republican candidate.

He charges the nominee with accepting lavish hospitality from Standard Oil employees and of similar associations with the head of a great railway corporation, whose guest he was at so recent a date as his departure from Hot Springs, Va., for Middle Bass, O.

All points are covered with a detailed answer as to his relation with the Rockefeller corporation prior to 1902. Since that time he disclaims any business relations whatsoever with Standard Oil.

The senator states his position and motives that impelled his course in the Brownsville matter, the rate bill and joint statement.

He looks for company. "Apparently every man who has had any relations with Standard Oil has to be driven out of the party," says the senator. "If so, I shall probably have a great deal of company."

Senator Foraker closes with the declaration, "My duty to the party should be subordinated to the duty to family and the good name I have striven to make."

Condensed paragraphs of the reply follow.

In announcing the mere fact that I was employed by Standard Oil and showing that I received payments on that account, no information was imparted by Mr. Hearst and no offense was established.

The president bitterly arraigns me because of Mr. Hearst's charges, which he appears to have accepted as fully proven as soon as made. He does not wait for proof or explanation, nor accept the same when offered.

"Roosevelt's assertion that I was champion, representative and defender of trusts in the senate is false. There is not a scrap of evidence that can be produced supporting such charges.

Advices Common Sense. "Less imaginary and professional 'rightness' of action and moral awakenings, a common sense in the administration would have been better for the country."

"Millions of dinner pails have been kicked over. Whose policies emptied them? No dinner pail has been emptied and no wage earner has ever lost a day's wages through an act or speech of mine."

"What manner of man is Judge Taft? I have known him for a great many years and, I thought, intimately. At all times I feel as though I did not know him at all."

Only a month or two ago Mr. Taft visited Middle Bass and Toledo. He was the guest of C. T. Lewis of the firm of Doyle & Lewis, for many years attorneys of Standard Oil. Between Middle Bass and Toledo he traveled on the yacht of Mr. Richard Rolla Wells delivered the address of welcome.

Following the brief morning session the members of the association boarded special cars and proceeded to University City, where they were guests for luncheon and during the afternoon of Edward G. Lewis, mayor of the city and president of the Lewis Publishing Company.

While the editors stood about the long tables partaking of their lunch, they were able to see in operation the largest press in the world and full composing room, mailing room and editorial offices at work.

The afternoon was spent in inspecting the plants of the Woman's National Daily and the Woman's Magazine and the holding of a business session at which officers were elected.

More than 200 of the editors of the state accepted the hospitality of Mr. Lewis and were unanimous in expressions of praise for the treatment accorded them.

The officers elected for the ensuing year were: J. J. Heifner of the Macon Times-Democrat, president; H. J. Simmons, Clarence Courier, vice-president; W. O. L. Jewett, Shelbyville Democrat, treasurer; Jule Coe, Higginsville Jeffersonian, corresponding secretary, and Jack Blanton, Paris Appeal, recording secretary.

Take Strikers Jobs.

Montreal, Sept. 27.—One hundred and fifty additional British mechanics arrived here Friday and were put to work in place of Canadian Pacific railroad strikers. Premier Laurier has notified the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress in session at Halifax, that the government could not interfere in the machinists' strike unless asked by both sides.

Forest Fire Under Control.

Eureka, Cal., Sept. 27.—The forest fire which has been raging in the northeastern part of Humboldt county, is reported to be under control. A rough estimate places the burned area at 20,000 acres. It is impossible to give an approximate estimate of the loss, but it is believed that it will exceed \$200,000. Two men are known to have perished in the flames.



Miss Summer—Good By. Now That You Have Had Your Recreation, I'll Take Mine.

DROUGHT LIKE 1901

FARMERS FIND EARTH TOO PARSED FOR PLOWING.

COLD WAVE IS ON THE WAY

Middle Westerners Shiver in Snow Storm.

St. Louis, Sept. 27.—Commissioners in St. Louis declared Saturday that the present long-continued drought in the Southwest is the worst since 1901, when crops were destroyed and farms damaged to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars.

"The drought is doing great damage, not only in Missouri, but all over the country," said L. Garvey of the L. Garvey Fruit and Produce Company. "It keeps up it will do incalculable damage to the wheat crop, because the farmers report that the ground is so hard that they cannot run a plow through it."

Barry & Co. say that the lack of rain also injured the peach crop. They say that the supply of peaches has been very small. Most of the peaches on the market are sawy and speckled, and most of them have come from other states, as the output in Missouri was scarcely worth mentioning.

The present drought has lasted practically since August 6. On August 6 and 7 there were good rains, lasting long enough to benefit crops in the country. But since the rain on the 7th there has been no downpour in St. Louis and vicinity heavy enough to thoroughly wet the ground.

Reports received from Colorado Saturday stated that the thermometer showed a fall of 32 degrees in temperature, and it was snowing in Denver Saturday morning.

DEMOCRATIC EDITORS MEET.

Hold Session in St. Louis and Elect Officers for Ensuing Year.

St. Louis, Sept. 27.—The Missouri State Democratic Editorial Association began its deliberations at the Plummer hotel at 10:30 a. m. Friday. Mayor Rolla Wells delivered the address of welcome.

Following the brief morning session the members of the association boarded special cars and proceeded to University City, where they were guests for luncheon and during the afternoon of Edward G. Lewis, mayor of the city and president of the Lewis Publishing Company.

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BOATS CRASH IN FOG

NORWEGIAN STEAMER SINKS IN LONG ISLAND SOUND.

CREW OF SEVENTEEN ARE SAVED

Captain of "Commonwealth" of Fall River Company Prevents Panic Among the Passengers.

New York, Sept. 27.—Off Face Rock, made famous by F. Hopkinson Smith's story of "Caleb West, Master Diver," the Fall River liner Commonwealth collided with and sank the Norwegian steamer Valund early Saturday.

The Commonwealth passed through Hell Gate into the East river at 9:39 a. m. She is so badly damaged that she will be taken out of commission.

The two vessels, each of heavy tonnage, came together with a crash in the midst of a dense fog. On board the Commonwealth were fully 1,000 passengers and only the coolness of the officers of the passenger steamer prevented a second Slocum disaster. The passengers aboard the Commonwealth were asleep.

Hundreds of the sleeping passengers were hurled from their beds by the shock. Rushing on deck in their night attire the Commonwealth's passengers were met at the companion ways by men of the crew. The crew followed the drill in excellent shape and passed among the frightened men and women, assuring them that there was no danger.

The Valund carried only her crew of 17 men. She sank within two minutes after she had been rammed. Thirteen of the crew foundered with the ship, but were picked up by small boats from the Commonwealth.

HASKELL AND DUPONT RESIGN.

Democratic Treasurer and Republican Head of Speakers' Bureau Out.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—Gov. C. N. Haskell of Oklahoma has tendered his resignation as treasurer of the Democratic national committee.

Until nearly 1 o'clock Saturday morning, the moment he actually wrote the document, he intimated that he would stick and fight it out. Suddenly, after a talk with Joseph Daniels and R. F. Rose, Mr. Bryan's secretary, he changed his mind and wrote out his resignation.

Mr. Daniels, who had been with Mr. Bryan in Ohio, had received instructions to demand the resignation.

For four hours Mr. Daniels and Judge Martin J. Wade of Iowa argued with Gov. Haskell and pointed out that his usefulness was gone, that he was a handicap to success.

"I have absolutely nothing to say now concerning Gov. Haskell," said Mr. Bryan, when he arrived here Saturday morning. "I am preparing an answer to President Roosevelt's letter. Yes, the vacancy will probably be filled by the executive committee."

Mr. Bryan said he would spend the two hours of his stay in Chicago in conference with his managers.

Gen. Dupont Resigns.

New York, Sept. 27.—Within 12 hours after a White House announcement said that his resignation was expected, Gen. T. Coleman Dupont of Delaware, an officer of the powder trust, resigned as chairman of the speakers' bureau of the Republican national campaign.

His resignation, tendered Saturday night to Republican Chairman Hitchcock, said that he did so on account of the government's anti-trust suit in which he is a defendant, because he feared that opposing speakers might point to his connection as an argument against Republican success.

Gen. Dupont's removal is President Roosevelt's second housecleaning step, Senator Foraker's elimination being the first.

WOMAN KIDNAPS CHILD.

John Hays, Jr., Kansas City, Charged With Aiding in Stealing Boy.

Leavenworth, Kas., Sept. 27.—A woman, heavily veiled, and a man in an automobile, kidnaped Theodore Thomas, Jr., son of a Leavenworth man, from their home here Friday afternoon and placing him in an automobile, drove off hastily in the direction of Kansas City.

Officers started in pursuit and will try to intercept the automobile before it crosses the Missouri state line.

Later a young man who gave the name of John Hayes, Jr., and said he was the son of the former chief of police of Kansas City, Mo., was arrested and placed in the county jail charged with aiding in the kidnaping.

Mr. Thomas some time ago was granted a divorce from his wife, Mrs. Agnes Thomas and was given the custody of their son. Young Thomas lived here with his grandmother, Mrs. Agnes Thomas, mother of the boy, living in Kansas City, Mo., at the home of Mrs. Boss, her mother. Inquiry at the home of Mrs. Boss elicited the information that Mrs. Thomas was not in the city, but no information was forthcoming as to her whereabouts.

Falls from Window Killed.

Paducah, Ky., Sept. 27.—Ed Wilson, 69 years old, a stonecutter of Hardin, Ky., was found dead Saturday morning in the rear yard of a saloon. His head was crushed and indicates that he fell out of second-story door over the saloon. He had been in St. Louis a month.

ASSASSIN EYES ON ROOSEVELT

PLOT TO KILL PRESIDENT IN AFRICA REVEALED BY ARREST OF SPANIARD.

ROYAL GUARDS ARE DOUBLED

Assassination of Alfonso on Trip to Biarritz Timed for September 26—Anarchists in Jail.

Bayonne, France, Sept. 26.—Evidence of an anarchistic plot to kill President Roosevelt in Africa was made public Friday by the police authorities of a half dozen countries, who are examining the Spanish anarchist, Cantrava, in an effort to connect him with the suspected plot against the life of King Alfonso of Spain.

Cantrava's arrest resulted in papers being found on two Italian anarchists, arrested at Sessa, Switzerland, Wednesday. The papers contain the most definite information possible of Roosevelt's African trip. The dates and route of the trip were set forth in the papers as nearly as they have been determined.

The investigation of Cantrava is expected to disclose evidence of the plan for one of the greatest terrorist uprisings Europe has ever seen.

Italian Anarchists in Jail.

The two Italians, Oca and Bianchi, now are in jail at Geneva and a thorough effort is being made to obtain further evidence against them.

The papers found on these two contained plans of the autumnal trips of nearly all the European leaders, and police officials of France, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Spain and Austria-Hungary.

The plot against Alfonso's life was timed for Saturday, in Alfonso's trip to Biarritz, the police say. There is evidence that Cantrava invited a woman to join the band that had been formed for the purpose of assassinating the Spanish king.

As a result of the disclosures made Friday, the guards in nearly every royal household in Europe have been doubled.

Mrs. Rice Testifies.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 26.—Mrs. Abbie Rice, the woman who was installed in luxurious quarters by Dr. Frederick T. Rustin, Friday swore that Charles E. Davis, charged with the murder of Dr. Rustin, was the third person in the suicide-murder agreement in which she and the physician were the other two persons concerned. Plainly under an intense mental strain, Mrs. Rice held a revolver to the form of a man representing Dr. Rustin and repeated the words which she says the doctor used, "Kill me now." She lost her nerve, she testified, and refused to carry out the compact.

100,000 See Parade of Troops.

St. Joseph, Mo., Sept. 26.—Gen. Charles Morton's army, numbering nearly 5,000 men, attending the tournament of the United States troops here, paraded the streets Friday in blue uniforms before 100,000 visitors from Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa.

Chafin Invades Missouri.

Sedalia, Mo., Sept. 26.—Eugene W. Chafin, prohibition candidate for the presidency, arrived here Friday morning from the south and was met at the depot by a band of music and a reception committee, who escorted him to the courthouse.

Sends Warning to Fleet.

Washington, Sept. 26.—Secretary Metcalf Thursday sent the following dispatch to the naval station at Cavite to be delivered to Admiral Sperry when the battleship fleet reaches that place: "Cholera reported in the Philippines. If you find approaching epidemic or danger of getting it aboard-ship, restrict visiting the shore on official business or prohibit altogether the officers and men, and permit no visitors aboard while at Manila or Cavite until return from Yokohama."

Dangerous Anarchists Arrested.

Paris, France, Sept. 26.—The police have arrested several dangerous anarchists, who with others who were engaged in elaborating a plot to assassinate King Alfonso of Spain, when he passed through Biarritz Saturday on his way to Paris.

Vanderbilts Divorced.

New York, Sept. 26.—Justice Gerard in the supreme court Thursday signed the final decree of absolute divorce in favor of Elsie Fremont Vanderbilt from Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt on the recommendation of Referee David McClure.

Leslie Carter Dead.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Leslie Carter, former president of the South Side Elevated Railroad Co., once a prominent financier and former husband of the actress, Mrs. Leslie Carter-Payne, died at his home on Cass street early Friday. He was 57 years old.

Pittsburg, Sept. 26.—An order of Judge R. W. Archbold judging Harry K. Thaw in contempt, made Sept. 22, was filed in the United States district court here Friday.

GOV. HASKELL RESIGNS AS BRYAN'S TREASURER

Outcome of Charges That He Was Connected with Standard Oil--Foraker, Replying to Like Accusations, Attacks Taft, Roosevelt and Hearst.

Chicago.—Charles N. Haskell, governor of Oklahoma, has resigned the trusteeship of the Democratic national committee.

He announced his retirement from active participation in the Bryan campaign and his withdrawal from charge of its money chest at 12 o'clock Friday night, after he had been three hours in Chicago.

The resignation was forced, Haskell's colleagues on the committee as well as Candidate Bryan himself, giving the orders after seeing the Oklahoma governor's plight in the avalanche of oil, anti-oil, "promotion," and other charges.

When he had handed out his resignation letter to the governor, with flashing eyes, declared:

"All those who have attacked me shall pay for it, from President Roosevelt down. He has by his acts placed himself in the position of a private citizen."

Haskell's Letter of Resignation.

Gov. Haskell's letter of resignation follows:

Hon. Norman E. Mack, Chairman Democratic National Committee, New York City.—My Dear Sir: In pursuance of information as to your date for return here, when I went home before, I assumed I would find you here upon my return today. I now learn that you will be detained in the east until Tuesday, and as I must be home on Monday I leave tomorrow.

Since the president and his cabinet have joined forces with Mr. Hearst and three Wall street brokers to make a personal fight against me, notwithstanding the president in his answer to Mr. Bryan abandoned his charge about Ohio Standard Oil case, yet by all the means at the command of the government and the millions of Hearst and his Wall street allies, they persist in vicious, unwarranted, and untruthful attack on me. Personally, I welcome their attack, and

shall meet it with all the vigor at my command. I shall treat them all as private citizens and submit to the penalties of the law which they merit.

In this I know I shall have the aid of my neighbors at home for all proper purposes; but my time must be free from other demands here. As a result of the fall of hope for the election of Bryan and Keen, honest government and rule by the people is at stake.

Important beyond any battle at the polls in the last generation is the pending contest.

I would not for one moment consider remaining in any way connected with the committee, therefore hereby tender my resignation as treasurer of the Democratic national committee, that not the slightest contact of my own could in any way be used by the president to cloud the sky and shield our opponents from the real issue and having laid the Republican dignity to the people.

Sincerely yours,

CHARLES N. HASKELL.

"President a Four-Flusher."—Haskell, Kansas City, Mo.—"President Roosevelt is the biggest four-flusher in the political business today. You ought to hear what they think of the racial decay in Oklahoma."

These were the closing words of an interview given out here by Gov. Haskell of Oklahoma, as he stepped aboard a train on his way to Chicago. The governor's talk was called out by the charges made against him by President Roosevelt and William R. Hearst.

Statement by Monnett.

Columbus, O.—"If I charged Gov. Charles N. Haskell wrongfully, it was because Charles H. Squire gave me his name," said Frank S. Monnett, former attorney general of Ohio. Mr. Monnett declared, however, that he could not exonerate Gov. Haskell from the charges that had been made that he was a party to the \$500,000 bribe fund of the Standard Oil Company, nor could he condemn him.

"All that I have against Gov. Haskell," he said, "is hearsay evidence, and I have suggested that if the case were presented to a grand jury it would be shown whether Gov. Haskell has been wrongfully accused."

Bryan Reproves President.

Detroit, Mich.—The remarkable spectacle of a presidential candidate repudiating the chief executive of the nation for making statements deemed to be unjustified was witnessed here when William J. Bryan in a letter to President Roosevelt defended Gov.

Haskell of Oklahoma, treasurer of the Democratic national committee, against the charge that he had unlawful connections with the Standard Oil Company. Mr. Bryan serves notice on the president that as the candidate of the Democratic party "I shall not permit any responsible member of the Republican organization to misrepresent the Democratic party in the present campaign."

The letter concludes with the statement that the Democratic party is making "an honest and honorable" fight in defense of its principles and policies, and expects and will demand honorable treatment from those who are in charge of the Republican campaign.

Roosevelt's Not Reply.

Washington.—President Roosevelt, following upon a prolonged conference with members of the cabinet at the White House, prepared and gave out his reply to William J. Bryan, the Democratic candidate, relative to W. R. Hearst's charges that Gov. Haskell, treasurer of the Democratic campaign committee, had represented Standard Oil interests both in Ohio and Oklahoma.

Mr. Bryan had demanded proof of the charges, promising that in the event of their substantiation Gov. Haskell would be eliminated from the campaign.

Dismissing the Ohio case, which involved an allegation of attempted bribery, with the explanation that he had made no direct charge against Gov. Haskell as regards that particular instance, President Roosevelt takes up the matter of the Standard Oil & Gas Company, and argues that Gov. Haskell's action in stopping legal proceedings begun by the attorney general of Oklahoma demonstrates conclusively that he was controlled by the great corporation which the Oklahoma company was subsidiary.

Declares Haskell Unworthy.

After contrasting Mr. Bryan's defense of Gov. Haskell with Judge Taft's repudiation of Foraker in connection with the Hearst charges against the Ohio senator, the president proceeds to declare that Gov. Haskell's "utter unfitness for association with any man anxious to appeal to the American people on a moral issue, has been abundantly shown by other acts of his as governor of Oklahoma."

The president condemns Gov. Haskell's conduct in connection with various matters as disgraceful and scandalous, and calls special attention to what he describes as "prostituting to base purposes the state university."

Haskell Makes Reply.

Guthrie, Okla.—Gov. C. N. Haskell issued a statement in reply to President Roosevelt's letter to William J. Bryan, dealing with four specific charges against Mr. Haskell, namely, that he is subservient to Standard Oil, that he vetoed a child labor bill; that he dealt extensively in Creek Indian lands, and that he had allowed police to dominate him in the removal of members of the faculty of the state university and the appointment of others to succeed him.

Gov. Haskell took up the four charges as dealt upon by President Roosevelt in turn, dealing with each in a characteristic manner.

Foraker's Hot Reply.

Cincinnati.—Senator Foraker prepared a statement which was made public Friday, replying to the recent charges made by William R. Hearst and President Roosevelt. In addition he bitterly assails Hearst, Taft and the president, charging Taft with conspiring with Standard Oil magnates himself and declaring that President Roosevelt's actions indicate a guilty conscience. In the opening paragraph Mr. Foraker declared that the president showed bias in accepting as true all the charges. He denied that he acted improperly in accepting employment from the Standard Oil Company, said that there was no secret about it and produced letters to prove that after the government began its attack upon the Standard Oil, he declined to accept a retainer from them. He charged that Mr. Hearst had other letters in addition to those which he gave out, and that these other letters, if made public at the same time, would have shown how harmless was his connection with the Standard company.

Hearst Hits Foraker.

Columbus, O.—Senator J. B. Foraker of Ohio was openly charged here by W. R. Hearst with being an agent of the Standard Oil Company. Mr. Hearst said that after the oil octopus had been driven from the Republican party by President Roosevelt, the Democratic party had welcomed the Standard with open arms and adopted it.

Mr. Hearst read a series of letters from John D. Archbold, the Standard Oil man, to Senator Foraker. In these communications Archbold gave instructions to the senator in regard to what should be done in pending legislative matters, particularly as to bills affecting corporations, and in two of the letters referred to inclosures of

certificates of deposit, one for \$15,000 and another for \$14,500.

Mr. Hearst also read affidavits from Monnett, connecting the name of Gov. Haskell of Oklahoma with the alleged effort to bribe him by Standard Oil men to drop his proceedings against the company.

Further Charges by Hearst.

St. Louis.—William Randolph Hearst went after Senator J. B. Foraker here stronger than in his Columbus speech.

Mr. Hearst first read a letter in which it was said that a certificate of deposit for \$50,000 was inclosed. The letter purported to have been sent to Mr. Foraker and to have been signed by John D. Archbold.

Following this, Mr. Hearst read another letter said to have been signed by Mr. Archbold, in which the Standard Oil man suggested to Mr. Foraker action regarding a bill introduced in the United States senate by the late Senator Jones of Arkansas.

The letter was as follows:

St. Louis, New York, Jan. 22, 1907.

Dear Senator: Responding to your favor of the 20th, I give me pleasure to hand you herewith a certificate of deposit for \$50,000 in accordance with our understanding. Your letter states the conditions correctly, and I trust the transaction will be successfully consummated.

Letter Regarding Legislation.

The second letter as read by Mr. Hearst was as follows:

St. Louis, New York, Feb. 25, 1907.

My Dear Senator: I venture to write you a word to the bill introduced by Senator Jones of Arkansas, known as bill intended to amend the act "to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies, etc.," introduced by him December 4.

It really seems as if this bill is unnecessary, severe and even vicious. Is it not much better to test the application of the Sherman act before resorting to a measure of this kind? I hope you will feel so about it and I will be greatly pleased to have the bill dropped from the subject. The bill is I believe, still in committee.

Foraker Not Attorney of Record.

Columbus, O.—Columbus States, Sec. 10 J. B. Foraker was not an attorney of record in any of the Standard Oil cases tried in the Ohio courts, according to the Associated Press, which conducted an investigation.

The first cases were filed in the attorney general's office in 1882 and were carried along through various courts for more than 20 years. According to the records in the attorney general's office, the attorneys of record in 1889 and 1890, the dates of the cases against the Standard and its subsidiary companies, the attorneys who took part in the legal battles were M. R. Keith and C. T. Dodd and Joseph H. Choate, of New York and Virgil P. Kline of Cleveland, O. In a number of the earlier cases only Keith and Kline were the attorneys of record, but later on, when the fight began to heat up, Dodd and Choate entered the case and their services were given to the company until after the case was carried to the highest courts.

Gen. DuPont Resigns.

New York.—Following many rumors on the subject which were about here and in Washington, Chairman Hitchcock of the Republican national committee Friday night announced that C. Coleman DuPont of Delaware, head of the national committee, had resigned as head of that bureau and also as a member of the executive committee of the national committee and that his resignation had been accepted.

Mr. DuPont's letter of resignation is as follows:

Hon. Frank H. Hitchcock, Chairman Republican National Committee, New York City.—My Dear Mr. Hitchcock: Recently I have noticed various criticisms of my being the director of the speaker bureau and a member of the executive committee, on account of my relation to the Standard Oil Company, which is being used by the government. The merits of that suit will be determined in due course of judicial procedure. I have always been a loyal supporter of the Republican party, both in state and nation, and I am not willing to be in any way the means of bringing criticism upon the party organization, however unfounded I may deem such criticism to be. I therefore respectfully tender my resignation as a member of the speaker bureau, fully appreciating the great courtesy which I have uniformly received at the hands of yourself and my other associates. Yours very truly,

From Sword to Plowshare.

Many of us make a great deal to do about too much armament, etc., and yet the truth of the matter is that we are literally beating our weapons of war into plowshares and other useful implements for the farmer, the builder and the housewife. The government always uses the best steel in making cannon, so that as soon as these weapons are out of date it can sell them to farmers. At the foundries the old cannon are broken up and remelted, after which they are made into plows, structural iron, roofing, household hardware and a dozen other things of a peaceful nature.—Philadelphia Record.

"A LITTLE BROTHER OF THE RICH."



ROBBERY TO GO ON

REPUBLICANS HAVE NO IDEA OF REDUCING TARIFF RATES.

That Plank in Platform Was Intended to Deceive Voters Is Proved by Exultation of the American Economist.

All that was needed to prove that the Republican tariff plank is a delusion and a snare, as far as the tariff reformers are concerned, was the commendation of the American Economist, the high tariff organ. This it now has. The Economist is fairly jubilant over the victory won in behalf of extreme protection. "The Republican party," it says, "in national convention assembled has declared anew for the policy of protection—protection that shall be adequate—and has rejected the demands of the tariff agitators for revision of the tariff downward." Which, of course, means that the party has declared, either in favor of leaving the tariff as it is, or of revising it upward. We quote from the Economist, which, be it remembered, is the uncompromising champion of Dingleyism:

"The free traders and advocates of tariff revision downward will not find a word or syllable in this tariff plank that tends to furnish them the slightest crumb of comfort. There is no promise in the platform of tariff revision downward. After full consideration of the whole subject the Republican party in convention assembled did not declare for revision of the tariff downward, but for the slightest inclination that the belief is entertained by the great body of Republicans throughout the land that the tariff rates of the Dingley law are too high."

Even the maximum and minimum tariff plank, which is advocated contentedly, according to the Economist, making the present rates—or other "adequately protective rates"—the minimum, and the imposition of still higher rates to force fair treatment from other nations. We do not often find ourselves in agreement with the Economist. But it seems to us that what it says about the amazing plank adopted at Chicago is true. Every one knows that there are hundreds of thousands of Republicans all over the country demanding tariff revision in the direction of lower rates. When the convention met it knew just what this demand was, just what it meant. It knew that it could not be silent on the tariff issue, and that it could not refuse to pretend to promise a real revision.

And yet this convention put itself on record as favoring sufficient protection to put our manufacturers absolutely on a level with those of other lands, and then to give them "a reasonable profit" besides. This can mean nothing else than what the Economist says it means. It is no promise of revision downward. The proposition is not to equalize conditions here and abroad, not to make up to our manufacturers the excess of the ways they are supposed to pay over those abroad, not to help them out in the matter of raw material, but after having done all these things, after having removed every obstacle, and taken off every handicap, we are to tax ourselves to give the manufacturer a "reasonable profit"—a reasonable profit! So it is a great victory for the standpatters. The Economist is quite right. For once it is absolutely right. The party has thrown itself into the arms of the standpatters. Taking this plank in connection with the refusal of the convention to demand publicity for campaign contributions, and also in connection with the great activity of the agents of the steel trust at Chicago, it is hard to see how any tariff reformer can get much hope from the tariff plank of the Republican platform. There is less comfort than ever to be got from it now that the American Economist, a besotted high tariff organ, has commended it with such touching enthusiasm.

ARGUMENTS THAT HAVE WEIGHT.

Nine Cogent Reasons Why Taft Should Not Be Elected.

Mr. Taft is pledged to carry out the financial policy of Theodore Roosevelt.

Roosevelt favors the currency policy which brought on the panics of 1873, 1893 and 1907.

Ever since the close of the civil war in 1865 the Republican party has been striving to drive out of circulation the United States legal-tender notes, and has put in their place the notes of national banks, which are not money, but a promise to pay money.

Mr. Taft is pledged to carry out an elastic currency policy with regard to an elastic currency.

An elastic currency is one that expands and contracts at the will of those who control it. When it expands prices of stocks and commodities go up, when it contracts prices go down. This is the kind of currency that enables stock gamblers to control the price of stocks.

No farmer, mechanic, laboring man, merchant or business man has ever asked for an elastic currency.

Roosevelt, in his message to congress has asked for it. Although he said "we must not have inflation," he has inflated bank notes to the extent of \$100,000,000, making the total at the time of the panic nearly \$700,000,000. Yet he urged the passage of the Aldrich bill and finally signed the Vreeland bill, thus inflating the currency \$500,000,000 more.

He has practically turned the United States treasury over to the stock gamblers—for before the late panic began Comptroller Rogers reported that there was \$210,000,000 of United States treasury funds in different national banks.

Shall we keep up this policy by voting for Taft?

THE TAFT CAMPAIGN.

The campaign committees started in upon their work promptly, vigorously, and are bound to stay, artistically. The "literature" which it supplies is attractive, anecdotal, intimate and readable. But on the more serious lines it is hardly convincing even when it is entertaining.

Take, for instance, the matter of the southern vote. It is gravely predicted that Taft will break up the "solid south," and business men there are quoted as favoring Taft "because the south owes its prosperity to a Republican regime."

This is probably intended for encouragement here at the north. But the imagination of the Taft boomers does not go so far as to point out a single southern state that will give Taft an electoral vote. The solidity of the south will not be shaken.

The battle for the presidency is not to be fought in that section, but in the great and middle west, where the Bryan sentiment is surging over the land.

East Against the West.

The high tariff is the special privilege of the east against the west. It forces the west and the middle west to pay unduly high prices to the big factories, mills and foundries of the east. By guaranteeing exorbitant profits in the home market it enables the manufacturer to slaughter goods abroad. The foreign consumer reaps the benefits of low prices, and the American consumer is taxed for the foreign consumer's benefit.

The people demand a change and are ready to vote for whichever party will guarantee it. Remember the tariff, candidates, for on it hangs the issue.

DUTY OF DEMOCRATIC VOTERS.

Democratic voters who earnestly desire the success of their party, because they believe its policies best for the country, should remember that much money is needed for the conduct of a great campaign, and should make it a part of their party duty to contribute to its expenses according to their means. There will be a great purification of politics when this course is adopted by the voters of all parties.

AWFUL GRAVEL ATTACKS.

Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills After Years of Suffering.

F. A. Rippey, Depot Ave., Gallatin, Tenn., says: "Fifteen years ago kidney disease attacked me. The pain in my back was so agonizing I finally had to give up work. Then came terrible attacks of gravel with acute pain and passages of blood. In all I passed 25 stones, some as large as a bean. Nine years of this ran me down to a state of continual weakness and I thought I never would be better until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The improvement was rapid, and since using four boxes I am cured and have never had any return of the trouble." Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A REASONABLE REQUEST.



Small Urethra (to major, who has been thrown from horse into pond)—Hi, mister, as you appears to be in the water, would you mind looking for Willies whistle?

PRESCRIBED CUTICURA

After Other Treatment Failed—Raw Eczema on Baby's Face Had Lasted Three Months—At Last Doctor Found Cure.

"Our baby boy broke out with eczema on his face when one month old. One place on the side of his face the size of a nickel was raw like beefsteak for three months, and he would cry out when I bathed the parts that were sore and broken out. I gave him three months' treatment from a good doctor, but at the end of that time the child was no better. Then my doctor recommended Cuticura. After using a cake of Cuticura Soap, a third of a box of Cuticura ointment, and half a box of Cuticura Resolvent he was well and his face was as smooth as any baby's. He is now two years and a half old and no eczema has reappeared. Mrs. M. L. Harris, Alton, Kan., May 14 and June 12, 1907."

Sometimes Hard to Tell.

George Eliot says that the expression on a woman's face when she is sewing tells the story of the woman's heart. If she is happy and contented, she possibly sews slowly and indifferent, she may smile and look the happiness she either feels or is incapable of feeling. If she has many things to worry her and is possibly planning how to make ten cents do a dollar's worth of good, so a she is naturally aiven, it will show in her face, so after all it is not safe to predicate as to what her sewing face reveals.

Style Requires Dash.

"I wish I had as many clothes as my bachelor girl friend," said the impetuous girl. "She always is getting something new every time I go there."

"Yes," said her companion, "but she never looks stylish. You are more stylish than she is with all her clothes. She is too neat. Her excessive neatness stamps her as an old maid. You must have a sort of reckless dash about your things to look stylish."

Man and Beast Alike.

Only those who have suffered the agony of eye afflictions can appreciate the blessing to humanity in Dr. Mitchell's famous Eye Salve. Introduced in this region as far back as 1849 it is found today in all well regulated homes hereabouts. Not alone the eyes of man but those of the dumb animal have enjoyed its comforts. Mitchell's Eye Salve. Sold everywhere. Price 25c.

Character Told by Thumb.

If the thumb be supple jointed the individual is easy-going, spendthrift, careless of time, money, energy, opportunity and all things. If it be firm jointed he is cautious, watchful, keen, diplomatic, tireless in planning, confident and sure of success, self-poised and self-controlling.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of **Dr. J. C. Williams**

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The Usual Luck.

Hewitt—That new watch of yours is beauty.

Jewitt—Yes, but I don't get any chance to show it; whenever anybody asks what time it is somebody is sure to see a clock before I can get my watch out.

Actual Facts.

For upwards of fifteen years Hunt's "Cure has been sold under a strict guarantee, to cure any form of itching skin troubles known. No matter the name—less than one per cent. of the purchasers have requested their money back. Why? It simply does the work.

Muggins.—"When your wife asks I suppose you forget all your troubles." Muggins—"Um—all my other troubles."

A No Quorum Night

By L. A. LEONARD.

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Any one who belonged to the old Easton Lyceum will be sure to preserve a vivid recollection of the gatherings of that famous body, and above all, of the genial presiding officer.

That dignitary, Mr. Matt Spencer, was an old man in those days—a little rising 70, but he was as jolly as the most youthful, and enjoyed a good story as thoroughly as did any of the young men with whom he delighted to associate.

Usually our meetings were so well attended as to leave little time for any save the serious objects for which the Lyceum existed. So it was an extraordinary occasion when, one night, a driving storm kept away so many of the faithful that the customary quorum failed to show up.

That the dozen present, however, must have embraced some pretty good material, I feel sure, for as I look back, I remember that they included a future United States senator, two or three able lawyers, one or two successful newspaper and literary men, and one man who has since held half a dozen prominent positions in his state.

Naturally, with such a gathering, even a "no quorum" meeting couldn't prove tame. And though the regular program was out of the question—a discussion of Shakespeare's intention concerning the character of Iago was to have been in order—it was unanimously voted, to devote the evening to story-telling—with the result that our narratives gradually took on an impressiveness in keeping with the temper of the night.

After various yarn-spinnings—whose subjects don't matter here—some one turned to Mr. Spencer with a request for one of his famous tales.

A look of serious intentness deepened the lines in the old man's face as he glanced around to see if the rest of us were equally anxious for a story from him. Of course we were.

Reaching for his old pipe, and puffing off a few scales of tobacco from the plug that had become well dried in the drawer of his table, he pushed them into the bowl, and asked for a match. After the pipe was sufficiently started so that it could be held between his thumb and forefinger without going out as he reached the most interesting passages, he began:

"This is the one ghost story," said he, "which is duly authenticated and certified to by the records of a court. I heard my father tell it, and he heard it direct from his father, who was alive when the incidents happened and the case was tried. In those days the county of Talbot embraced the entire peninsular part of Maryland, and although the legal matters took place in Easton, the Osborns lived in that part of the state which now forms the county of Kent.

"Mr. Osborn was a highly respected Englishman, who had come to this country with his five boys, for the purpose of bettering his fortunes. The sons had grown up, and by their united efforts the family had become large land owners. His extensive estate was divided into two parts—'Glenham' and 'Willow Crest,' which lay some six miles apart. Both were excellent properties in colonial days, but Glenham was the more valuable of the two. Mr. Osborn died, and Peter, the eldest son, attempted in the county court to establish a verbal will by which Glenham was to be left to him, and Willow Crest to be divided among the other sons. The will was a very unfair one, as we regard things to-day, but under the English idea of primogeniture, which was firmly fixed in the people's minds, such an arrangement was not unusual in those days. So, though in a wild way Peter's brothers resisted his efforts to establish the will, no great bitterness was shown on either side, and the intrusions were that Peter would win his case and secure possession of Glenham. But the case was postponed from week to week until, finally, Peter came to court one Tuesday morning with a look of consternation on his face, avowing his purpose of withdrawing from the effort to establish the will. When court opened, he

said he was there with some witnesses to prove a most extraordinary incident and that he desired to withdraw the non-cumpane will which he had attempted to set up, and to ask that his father's estate be equally divided among the children. Then he told the following remarkable story, and established the truth of it by witnesses whom he had brought:

"While at work in the field the other day, two neighbors were walking along with me towards the turning row. We were discussing the will and the probabilities of my success. As we approached the end of the row my father suddenly appeared at the side of the fence. He said to me, in a clear and distinct voice: 'Peter, don't do that. Don't try to rob your brothers in that way. You know I never intended that it should be done.'

"While he spoke, my two neighbors, Mr. Hale and Mr. Cressup, heard the voice and understood everything that he said. When he ceased speaking, he laid his hand on the top



"Peter, Don't Do That."

rail of the fence, and we all saw the smoke arise from it. A moment later he was gone, but the print of the forefinger and thumb were distinctly burned into the rail. I have brought the rail with me that the judges may examine it, and Mr. Hale and Mr. Cressup are both ready to testify to the truth of what I have said."

"It is recorded that the judges examined the rail and heard the testimony of the two witnesses, both of whom testified to having heard the voice, although neither of them saw the figure of Squire Osborn, as did Peter. And, furthermore, when this case was being recorded by the clerk of the court, a drop of blood fell upon the book as the last word was written, and this drop of blood may be examined to-day on the oldest record book of this county."

WHERE TO LEARN ECONOMY.

At the request of a woman in search of a servant the manager of an employment agency asked each of the girls lined up against the wall if she had ever been employed in a minister's family. None of them had been.

"May I ask why you are particularly anxious to know if these girls have had an engagement of that kind?" asked the manager.

"Because we are very hard up just now," the woman replied, "and I must have a girl who is economical. I have found that of all servants those who have worked in ministers' families know best how to economize."—N. Y. Sun.

SEEING OXFORD.

An Oxford student was showing two fair cousins through Christchurch college.

"That," he explained, "is the picture gallery; that, the library, and that tower contains the famous bell, 'Great Tom of Oxford.'"

HAS PLAYED MUCH CRIBbage

New Yorker Claims to Hold Record in Number of Games He Has Participated In.

Capt. Charles H. Pitts of 107 West Eighty-ninth street, a retired broker, holds the record in the number of games of cribbage played. He has 10,000 to his credit now, with one series of 5,000 in which he leads as winner by 200 games. During all these games he never has seen the 29-hand held and has held the 28 but once himself.

"Cribbage won me a trip (and) a most delightful one, that is, to Japan," said the captain the other day. "At a San Francisco hotel I made the acquaintance of a captain on a Pacific liner who was as fond as I of the game. When the day for sailing came he insisted on having me make the trip, too. We played early and late. The Pacific ocean is admirably adapted to card games. It was all smooth sailing, so the captain had little to do but to join me pegging runs, combinations and flushes."—N. Y. Press.

STRANGE FISH.

Great numbers of mongrel fish are being caught in the Missouri river. Several years ago, fishermen say, carp were plentiful in the Missouri and there always was an abundance of buffalo.

Now it is unusual for anglers to catch either buffalo or carp. The two species have mixed so that the fish now being caught in such large numbers appear to be half buffalo and half carp. The mixture is a little improvement over the carp and a decided detriment to the buffalo.

Catfish are becoming scarce in the Missouri and other rivers of the state, and it is assumed that the half carp and half buffalo destroy the catfish spawn, as they do that of the game variety.—Boonville Democrat.

SWISS FUEL TESTS.

In Switzerland there is a national federal laboratory for fuel analysis, which is one year, the first of its existence, analyzed and tested over 3,000 samples of fuel, coal and briquettes.

The laboratory cost about \$2,000 to set to work in an old building. For a small country like Switzerland, with only 3,000,000 people, the import of coal to the value of \$3,000,000 is a large item and this laboratory has been inaugurated so that the subject of fuel can be put upon a sound basis, and in order that the purchase of fuel shall be conducted upon sound principles.—Cassier's Magazine.

IN THE LONG AGO.

The astronomers were searching for the lost Pleiad.

"It's like looking for a needle in a haystack," they observed, "but how are we going to find it if we don't search?"

"You might try a wand ad," suggested a businesslike young man who was among the bystanders.

But science then, as now, kept its head too high up in the clouds to note the march of improvement in practical affairs on earth, and the suggestion was ignored.

OFTEN LECTURED.

During the reunion of students the party began to recall the absent members.

"And what ever became of Bilkins?" asked one. "Do you remember big and lazy Bilkins, who would never listen to a lecture?"

"Yes," replied another with a smile, "but Bilkins listens to a great many lectures now."

"Indeed! Reformed, eh?"

"No; he is married."

SAME OBJECT.

Mrs. Subbubs—That Mrs. Newcome just moved into the Dudley's old house on Saturday, so I called to-day.

Mr. Subbubs—Well, well, how like poker this social game is.

This Man Knows a Good Thing.

Mr. W. F. Cunningham of Lone, Tenn., writes on Aug. 5, 1908, as follows: "I am nearly out of Johnson's Tonic and would rather 3 times be without any other medicine I handle than Johnson's Tonic. Send 2 dozen by express."

"A few days ago I sold a customer who was in a very bad fix and when I recommended it he said he would buy it if I would promise to give him back the money if it did not give satisfaction."

"I told him to come right ahead and I would surely give him back the money. I saw him about a week later skin was a better color, able to work and didn't want his money either."

Mr. J. B. Pitts, a customer of mine, won't use anything else for Malarial diseases.

This is one of thousands of similar testimonials we have received from storekeepers, and we appreciate them because it is the storekeeper who sells many different remedies for chills and fever who is most competent to judge what remedy is best.

"I have just a few bottles of Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic in stock under guarantee and will sell you a dozen for \$2.00 and 50c per bottle. Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic Co., Savannah, Ga."

Why Didn't She?

A little boy of five years, playing with his sister one day, leaned too far out of the second-story window, lost his balance and fell into the yard below. Very miraculously he escaped being injured, and his parents and friends were so delighted that they gave him quite a number of pennies, nickels and dimes.

The next day, after he recovered from the shock of the fall, he was counting his money, and on seeing his little sister enter the room, exclaimed: "Gee, Gladys, look at all the money I got for falling out of the window! Why don't you try it?"—The Delineator.

Wanted to Be Sure.

Howard's father is named Harold, and these two names of those so dear to her are often on his mother's lips.

Howard had asked to be taught the big prayer at night instead of the childish "Now I lay me." After he had been saying it for a month to his mother's satisfaction, he said to her one night as she was leaving the room:

"Mother, I am not sure I say that prayer just right. Is it Howard be thy name or Harold be thy name?"

Good English.

A French lady living in America engaged a carpenter to do some work for her at a stipulated price. She was surprised later to find that he charged more than the price agreed upon. When she attempted to remonstrate with him, however, her English failed her and she said: "You are dearer to me now than when we were first engaged."—Success.

The Entire Family.

Grand Pop used it for Rheumatism. Dad for Cuts, Sprains and Bruises. Mum for Burns, Scalds and Aches. Sis for Catarrh and Chills. I use it for everything, and it never disappoints any of us. It surely yanks any old pain out by the roots.

Hunt's Lightning Oil is what I am telling you about.

London's Bridges.

Few perhaps are aware of the extent to which the city of London is bridged over. In all, it seems, there are no fewer than 75 bridges. Of these 19 are railway bridges, three are bridges over roads (such as Holborn Viaduct) and 53 bridges which connect private premises.

We Reiterate.

That for more than fifteen years Hunt's Cure has been working on the afflicted. Its mission is to cure skin troubles, particularly those of an itching character. Its success is not on account of advertising, but because it surely does the work. One box guaranteed to cure any case.

Often a woman stands in front of a mirror and makes a bluff at adjusting her hat when in reality she is making sure that her front hair is pinned on properly.

Hicks' Capuline Cures Women.

Periodic pains, backache, nervousness and headache relieved immediately and assists nature. Prescribed by physicians with best results. Trial bottle free. Regular size 25c and 50c at all druggists.

Majesty of the Law.

Law kept is only law; law broken is both law and execution.—Meander.

If Your Eyes Bother You.

Get a box of PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, old reliable, most successful eye remedy made. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Many a man is buried in oblivion long before he is dead.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures colic and whooping cough.

If you don't get the best of it, make the best of it.

Those Tired, Aching Feet of Yours.

Need Allen's Foot-Powder. Your Druggist's. Write A. S. Ogden, Le Roy, N. Y.

One cannot quarrel if the other will not.

LEFT IT TO MRS. BROWN.

Reverend Gentleman Very Willing to Evade Responsibility.

The trust and dependence which characterized Rev. Mr. Brown's attitude toward his wife's judgment in all practical affairs were sometimes touching, but occasionally they were amusing.

"I'm sorry you've been troubled with the toothache," said the family dentist, when Mr. Brown appeared in his office one day. "I gave you the first minute I had free after receiving your wife's telephone message. Let's see, which tooth is it that's troubling you?"

"Mm. It's not aching just at present," said Mr. Brown, after a moment's hesitation, during which he made a cautious investigation with his tongue. "Didn't Mrs. Brown mention to you which tooth it was?" I always rely on her in such matters."—Youth's Companion.

GOOD ADVICE.

She—When you are gone I shall pine away.

He—O, spruce up.

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The greatest of all horsemen, says: "In my 40 years' experience with horses I have found SPOLIN'S DISTEMPER CURE the most successful of all remedies for the horses. It is the greatest blood purifier."

Bottle and \$1.00. Druggists can supply you, or manufacturers, agents, wanted. Send for free Book, Spolin Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Golden, Ind.

Rainy Day Experience.

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"Yes," answered Farmer Cornstossel, "but it was just like my old umbrella. When I wanted to use it somebody had always borrowed it."

Remember.

It's not how you live, but how's your liver. If not in perfect order, make it so by using Simmon's Liver Purifier. —In boxes only. It's the surest, safest and most agreeable aid to that organ ever put up.

Every woman knows she is shrewd enough to manage successfully any kind of business she cares to engage in.

We wish to state the address of the Consumers Tobacco Co. is Danville, Va., erroneously stated Fla. some weeks ago in our papers.

Talk not of a good life, but let thy good life talk.—Schiller.

Truth and Quality.

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing. Accordingly, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of known value, but one of many reasons why it is the best of personal and family laxatives is the fact that it cleanses, sweetens and relieves the internal organs on which it acts without any debilitating after effects and without having to increase the quantity from time to time.

It acts pleasantly and naturally and truly as a laxative, and its component parts are known to and approved by physicians, as it is free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always purchase the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

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offers the best advantages in College courses. Academy courses and Conservatory subjects. The coming session promises to be the best in the history of sixty-one years. Its ideals are high, equipment ample, expenses moderate. Its location is an educational center, has no saloons and is known for its culture.

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Make Two Bundles of Wheat Grow Where but One Bundle Grew Before.

Getting a full crop from a fertilizer without enough Potash is like getting well by the doctor's prescription with its most important drug left out.

Commercial fertilizers need more Potash to get all the crop profit you are entitled to.

Mix 25 to 30 pounds of Muriate of Potash with 200 pounds of bone meal phosphate. That will raise a bushel of Set clover, too!

The proof will come next year in bigger crop, more profit. Potash is profit. Buy the Potash first.

Send for Our Book, containing facts about salt, crops, manures and fertilizers. Mailed free.

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Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Iowa, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

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For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

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Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Bowel Complaints. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Nausea, Headache, Stomachache, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

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Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature.

Refuse Substitutes.

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