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## The Murray Ledger, May 23, 1912

The Murray Ledger

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# The Murray Ledger

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.  
MURRAY, KENTUCKY

## NEWS OF THE WEEK

Dr. Thomas S. Clyde of Austin, Tex., president of the Southern Presbyterian church general assembly.

Out of 244 candidates, one man was elected bishop by the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, Homer C. Smith, assistant corresponding secretary of the board of foreign missions, New York, was the first of the eight to be elected.

His of work in their mouths and tooth marks on the cork and wood portions of the boat indicated that starvation killed the three Titanic victims whose bodies were in a Titanic collapsible lifeboat picked up by the White Star liner Oceanic.

Surrogate Fowler, appointed Landdon P. Marvin, a lawyer, as special guardian for Vincent Astor, son of the late Col. John Jacob Astor, and at the same time named Henry A. Gilchrist as special guardian for Mrs. Madeline Talmage Force Astor, the young widow.

Iowa's 26 votes in the Democratic national convention will be cast for Champ Clark for president, despite the fact that eight district delegates are Wilson men.

Seven men were burned to death and six square miles of timber, with two camps of the English logging company, near Hamilton, was destroyed by a forest fire that swept Skagit county, Wash.

A crevasse in the levee on the west bank of the Mississippi at Hymolla, La., which threatens \$12,000,000 damage and affects 40,000 persons, occurred, according to a war department dispatch from Capt. Charles, United States engineer.

Tyrannical methods, alleged to have been practiced by the American Tin Plate company, an adjunct of the United States Steel corporation, were revealed at the hearing in the government dissolution suit against the so-called steel trust before Examiner Henry T. Brown in the customs house at New York.

While her niece slept undisturbed in the next room, Mrs. Minnie Mack, the wife of a farmer near Soccaucus, was strangled to death by robbers. After killing "love's room" thieves went to the next room, opened a suit case beside her and took \$7, all they found.

Dr. Edward E. Speitzka, a brain expert of Philadelphia, says women have smaller brains than men and will therefore never be the equal of the latter.

The retirement of two bishops and the establishment of six additional episcopal residences was recommended to the Methodist general conference by the committee on episcopacy.

This plan, if adopted by the conference, will necessitate the election of eight new bishops.

Roosevelt and Clark carried California in the presidential preference primaries and will have the state's twenty-six votes in the Chicago and Baltimore convention, respectively.

That \$10,000,000 of the capital stock of the American Tin Plate Company was distributed among its organizers was admitted by Daniel G. Reid, its president, on the witness stand in the government's suit for the dissolution of the steel corporation.

At least 20 lives were lost, 15 villages were destroyed, a great area of timber was burned and thousands of cattle have perished in a forest fire which is sweeping the Pacific coast of Costa Rica.

A favorable report on the plan to fix the term of the President of the United States at six years and prohibit re-election apparently was secured at a meeting of the senate judiciary committee.

The right to sample for money in one's own home has just been sustained in a decision handed down by the appellate court at Utica, N. Y.

Approval of the idea of having the new congress elected in November meet shortly thereafter, instead of permitting another session of the old congress to intervene, is growing.

The proposed change will put power in the more quickly into the hands of the people's newly chosen representatives.

Passage of a law authorizing the appointment of a commission to study the patent laws and recommend amendments so as to obviate the "patent monopoly" granted by a recent supreme court decision and to rehabilitate the statute in general was asked of congress in a special message from President Taft.

Four wall paper jobbers, charged with conspiracy in restraint of trade, under the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law, were placed on trial in the United States district court at Cleveland, O.

Attack upon the Marcano capital of Pto. by rebel tuberosa is imminent. The message stated that the situation is hourly becoming more alarming.

The Wyoming-Republican convention endorsed President Taft and instructed the delegates to vote for him at the Chicago convention.

According to dispatches to the state department, Mexican rebels have decisively defeated the federals at Pedernera.

Three privates committed suicide on the army transport steamer on the cruise from Portland, Ore., to San Francisco. The Thomas arrived with a number of companies of troops that have been stationed in the Philippines.

H. Marchand, who had operated a motor rescue boat for days near Irwinville, La., and was credited with having saved more than 100 lives during the flood, was drowned when his boat overturned.

Speakers Clark and Representative Underwood have mapped out a program by which the house may complete the legislation that is absolutely necessary and stand ready to adjourn June 15.

A strike of about 500 employees of the Baltimore copper works for an increase of wages of 10 cents a day all around resulted in the closing down of the plant, which employs about 1,200 men.

Republicans of Washington split and held two state conventions, supporters of Col. Roosevelt's candidacy for the presidency controlling one and adherents of President Taft the other.

A fast train on the Queen & Crescent road was held up and robbed eight miles south of Hattiesburg, Miss., by two robbers, and reports say they got from \$10,000 to \$250,000.

The charred bodies of seven persons were found in the ruins of the home of Christian Peterson near the town of Lund, S. D. The bodies are supposed to be those of Peterson, his wife and five children.

Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, Republican leader of the senate, while riding in Rock creek park, was thrown violently to the ground when his horse stumbled. His arms and shoulders were bruised.

King Frederick VIII, who succeeded his father, Christian IX, on the throne of Denmark on January 29, 1906, died Tuesday night. He had been ill for several months and was on his way home from the Riviera. He was the brother of Queen Alexandra of England, the dowager empress of Russia and King George of Greece. He was the father of King Haakon of Norway. He was born in 1843.

After holding 2,000 police and troops at bay for eight hours, Octave Garnier and his companion, Vallet, the last two members of France's notorious auto bandits, were eliminated as a menace to society, when charges of Melinite breaching their villa at Neuilly, near Paris, were found dead and Vallet fatally wounded.

George S. Wilson, manager of the (Conn.) Trust company, and De Forest Moore, teller of the same institution, were arrested and accused of defalcations to the amount of nearly \$58,000.

Dr. Har- seen, the Danish astronomer, notified the Greenwich Observatory that the tail of a comet of intense magnitude was observed at 2 a. m. May 10, in the constellation Cygnus.

Robbers who held up a Queen & Crescent express train near Hattiesburg, Miss., got at least \$200,000, according to the best information obtainable.

A near-riot was caused by the contest of nine ministers for four places as bishop at the A. M. E. conference at Kansas City, and the police were called. For two hours Bishop Philip per capitol 2,000 delegates in vain.

Representative William B. McKinley, Taft's presidential campaign manager, formally charged that "the interests" have put \$1,000,000 into the Roosevelt campaign fund for a third time.

Christian X was proclaimed king of Denmark from the balcony of the palace in the presence of a huge concourse of people who had gathered in the square in front of the royal residence.

Arguments favoring the preservation of the integrity of the denomination at all points and relating every effort to break it down through undenominational and interdenominational organizations featured the session of the Southern Baptist association convention.

Trouble is threatened between the United States and Ecuador unless the Ecuadorian government comes to time in heeding the state department representations regarding the Guayaquil railroad, an American corporation.

With the bureau of chemistry still without a chief, a possible hereditary successor to Dr. Harvey Wiley arrived in Washington when the former chief chemist of the United States became the father of a boy, his first born. Dr. Wiley, who is 67 years old, was married to Miss Anna G. Kelton a year ago.

J. A. Plimley, cashier of the People's National bank at Checotah, Okla., was arrested under a federal indictment charging false entries in the books and misappropriation of the funds of the bank.

James Spell, 32, near Clinton, N. C., shot and killed himself rather than work in the fields to aid his widowed mother.

Peter Brahman, a laborer, was run over by an automobile on a business street in Fort Madison, Ia. He arose unhurt and apologized for having gotten in the way of the machine.

Thomas Jones and his wife were killed when a Rock Island train struck riding mule Kansas City.

The House completed the process whereby, in so far as Congress has the power, all United States Senators will be elected by direct vote of the people instead of by the state legislatures.

## DEEP INTEREST IN CHURCH MEETING

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL CONFERENCE AT LOUISVILLE.

## WOMAN POISONS HERSELF

Mrs. John Webb Drinks Water into Which Lye Had Been Poured and Is Only Resuscitated After Long Effort by Physicians.

Frankfort—The 124th annual General Assembly of the Presbyterian church of the United States convened at Warren Memorial church in Louisville, and was attended by 900 or 1,000 delegates or commissioners, together with some 50 or more missionaries in the foreign field.

The delegates are equally divided between ministers and laymen, the latter being elders of the churches they represent, and these commissioners are selected by the Presbytery of all the states.

The evening meetings of the assembly were of a popular nature where non-delegates attended, but the day sessions were devoted to the real business of the assembly. There were several interesting exhibits in buildings near the Warren Memorial church.

Rev. J. R. Ziegler, of the First Presbyterian church attended the assembly meetings of this city. Several of the members of Dr. Ziegler's church also participated in the night sessions. The following interesting statistics are taken from the annual report made up to April 1911. There are 37 synods and 291 presbyteries in the United States, with 4,428 ministers and slightly over 1,600 candidates for ministry. There are 10,051 churches and 80,000 additions to the church membership, while there is a total Sunday school membership of 1,205,130.

For the year ended April 1, 1911, there were 2,477 baptisms, 1,205,130 members, 1,605,859 communicants and 1,605,859 members. There were 1,605,859 members and 1,605,859 members. There were 1,605,859 members and 1,605,859 members.

## Owls Choose Officers.

The Frankfort Nest No. 1,682, Order of Owls, held a recent election of officers who were impressively installed by Supreme National Lecturer Samuel Kone of Pittsburgh, Pa. Mr. Kone, after a delivered a splendid address on the work of the order and fraternalism in general. It was decided at the meeting to hold the charter list open for several days to allow members to join at a reduced price. Something more than 80 members have joined, and the nest will have 500 members to start, which will make it the largest nest in Kentucky outside of Louisville. The following officers were elected and installed: Past president, Ben Marshall; president, Crawford Lee; vice president, Scott Brown; warden, J. W. Gilpin; sentinel, John M. Lucas; clerk, T. Kirtley; invocator, Rev. W. C. Vreeland; secretary, William Waites; treasurer, Grant L. Roberts; trustees, John C. Rogers, L. B. Marshall and Wellington T. Lee; physician, Dr. C. K. Wallace.

## Auto Ride Ends Disastrously.

"Joy ride" indulged in by Dr. E. C. Roemer and Wm. C. Culter, both of Frankfort, ended disastrously at Shelby and Market streets. The wild dash up market street, which caused the drivers of all other vehicles to gather on the opposite side of the street, resulted in a catastrophe. Fears of being run down on the pavement, was brought to a sudden stop when the auto swerved into the gutter and struck a sewer cap on the west side of Shelby street. The machine was reduced to splinters and the occupants were thrown to the pavement. They escaped injury. However, and were able to walk to whence they were directed by Patrolmen Broyles and Minogue. According to the police, both men were under the influence of liquor. They were charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct and violating the speed ordinance. They were released on bond after being at the station a short time.

## Would Be Engineer.

All the employees, such as janitors, scorers and firemen, now employed at the capitol, will hold their jobs until June 10, when the capitol commission is expected to select a new engineer. There are several applicants for the place, which pays \$1,500. The former engineer, resigned, at a place to accept a place in Louisville.

## New Bank for Frankfort.

Articles of incorporation were filed in the county clerk's office by The American Bank and Trust Co. of this city, with a capital stock of \$100,000. The incorporators are Captain Chas. H. Dexter, Abraham Vreeland, J. M. Spiller, J. A. Tule and Hubert Vreeland, and the new bank will begin business as soon as a suitable building can be secured and other details of the organization are completed. This new bank will fill a want that has long been felt in the city of Frankfort.

## Knight of Columbus Elected.

The Knights of Columbus of Kentucky, recently elected the following state officers: State deputy, Frank P. O'Brien, of Warren county, serving as secretary; George A. Burkley, Louisville state treasurer; James Redman, Owensboro; state advocate, D. M. Cooper, Elizabethtown; state warden, T. G. Robinson, Newport; delegates to National Council, P. J. Callahan, Louisville; James C. Moore, Lexington and Frank P. O'Donnell, Mayfield. The next place for the annual meeting will be Lexington.

## Will Governor Name New Man?

On account of the importance of the position, under the new primary election law, much interest attaches to the appointment by the governor of a new member of the Board of Election Commissioners to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Charles R. McDowell.

The appointment must be made by him by the State Central Committee of the Democratic party and it has been generally understood by those not familiar with the law that the list would be submitted by the present State Committee of which Henry Previtt is chairman.

But it is very probable that the governor will make no appointment of an Election Commissioner until after the state convention and the list will be submitted by the new State Committee, which is to be chosen at the state convention.

The law says that the governor shall appoint, from a list of five names submitted to him, Judge McDowell was so appointed last summer and if there had been no vacancy no list would be submitted until July of this year. The law says that in case there is a vacancy on the Election Commission the same course shall be followed as though it was an original appointment. This is taken to mean that a new list must be submitted.

The State Election Commission, which consists of one Republican and one Democrat and the clerk of the Court of Appeals, under the new primary law, names the county commissioners, who in turn name the election officers for the primary. The State Commission also counts the votes cast at the primary election and certifies the result just as though it were a regular election. Thus far no one has been suggested as a probable appointee for the place formerly held by Judge McDowell.

Drinks Poison by Mistake. Mrs. John Webb, of Wilkinson street, was accidentally poisoned by drinking water into which some washing powder containing lye had been poured. Dr. C. A. Fish was summoned and by the prompt administration of an antidote, Mrs. Webb was soon out of danger. She had poured the washing powder in the water herself, but while she was in another part of the house someone moved the bucket to the place where the drinking water is usually kept. When Mrs. Webb took a drink of water a few minutes later she drank the water into which the wash powder had been poured, without knowing it until she took the cup from her mouth, when she realized by the peculiar taste of the water that she had taken the water out of the wrong bucket. She did not drink enough to seriously endanger her life, but she was very sick for an hour or more.

## Has Foot Crushed.

Ben F. White, a brakeman employed in the L. & N. yards, had a part of his left foot crushed while coupling cars in the E. & C. yards. He was just in the act of stepping out from behind the car when the wheel caught his foot and crushed it just in front of the instep. Doctors South and Fish were summoned and Mr. White was taken to the King's Laughter hospital, where the crushed part of the foot was amputated, as it was too badly mangled to be saved. He will be somewhat lame for life but will be able to get about reasonably well on his maimed foot. He is getting along nicely and there seems to be no fear of any complications resulting.

## Woman Paroled by Commission.

Sarah Williams, a negro, who was convicted of the murder of a white woman in the "redlight" district of Lexington, was granted a parole by the prison commission. The woman entered a plea of guilty and accepted a life sentence without a trial, to avoid it, it is said, bringing into the court certain prominent men of Lexington who were the house at the time of the killing, and would have been forced to testify. It is said that a case of murder could not have been proven if the case had gone to trial. The commission also paroled Levi O'Brien, of Warren county, serving a sentence of five years for grand larceny.

## Says It's Constitutional.

Judge Charles Marshall has handed down his opinion in the case of James Andrew Scott against James E. Zie-Creary, governor, in which he holds that the new Thirty-sixth Judicial District, comprising Franklin county, is constitutional, also that Judge R. L. Stout, now judge of the Fourteenth Judicial District, of which Franklin county is a part, cannot become judge of the new district except by appointment or election.

## CAMPAIGN IS HAVING EFFECT

Already the Death Rate From Tuberculosis is Showing a Gratifying Decrease.

In certain cities, such as New York, Boston, Cleveland and Chicago, and in states like Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, the decline in the death rate from tuberculosis is more marked than in the country at large, which declined 18.7 per cent in the ten years from 1901 to 1910. The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis says that there are many factors working together to cause the decline in the tuberculosis death rate, such factors as the change in the character of our urban population, increased sanitation, and better housing, but probably as potent a factor as any has been the nation wide anti-tuberculosis campaign. It may be foretold with considerable certainty, the association says, "that when the effects of the present rapidly increasing provision for the care of tuberculosis patients shall have become evident, the decline in the death rate from consumption in the coming decade will be even more marked than that in the last one."

## The Position for Her.

"After speaking at great length" on the emancipation of women, a young woman asked a statesman: "Supposing women were admitted to govern the affairs of the commonwealth, what post would you assign to me?"

"The management of an institution for the deaf and dumb."

"Why that?"

"Because either these unfortunates would learn to talk or you would learn to keep quiet."

## BACKACHE AND ACHING JOINTS.

Together Tell of Weak or Disordered Kidneys.

Much pain that hanks as rheumatism is due to weak kidneys; to their failure to drive off uric acid thoroughly. When you suffer aching, bad joints, backache, too, with some kidney disorders, get Doan's Kidney Pills, which have cured thousands.

Anthony Reed, 504 W. Elm St., Chicago, Ill., says: "My limbs were stiff and sore and almost paralyzed with rheumatism. My condition became so serious I was taken to the hospital but was not helped. Through the use of Doan's Kidney Pills, I gradually improved, however, until entirely cured."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

## Equivocal.

"What's in that report about private still in the mountains near your place?"

"Oh, that's all moonshine."

ELIXIR BARK STOPS CHILLS and is the finest kind of tonic. I have given it to numerous people, including a lady who was suffering with chills, malaria and fever. I recommended it to those who are suffering and in need of a good tonic. Rev. S. S. (unintelligible), Stephen's Church, Perth Amboy, N. J. Elixir BARK, 50 cents a bottle. Dr. C. K. Wallace & Co., Washington, D. C.

## Fitting for the Occasion.

"You need to put more ginger in your dinner stories."

"How would Jamaica ginger do?"

That irritable, nervous condition due to bad liver calls for its natural antidote—Gardol Tea.

Never exaggerate your faults; your friends will attend to that.

## WOMAN SICK TWELVE YEARS

Wants Other Women to Know How She Was Finally Restored to Health.

Louisiana, Mo.:—"I think a woman naturally dislikes to make her troubles known to the public, but complete restoration to health means so much to me that I cannot keep from telling mine for the sake of other suffering women."

"I had been sick about twelve years, and had eleven doctors. I had dragging down pains, and was getting worse all the time. I would hardly get over one spell when I would be sick again. No tongue can tell what I suffered from cramps, and at times I could hardly walk. The doctors said I might die at one of those times, but I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got better right away. Your valuable medicine is worth more than mountains of gold to suffering women."

"Mrs. BERTHA MURPHY, 605 N. 4th Street, Louisiana, Mo."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ailments known of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Indigestion causes heartburn, sour stomach, nervousness, nausea, impure blood, and more trouble than many different kinds of diseases. The food you eat ferments in your stomach, and the poisons it forms are absorbed into your whole system, causing many distressing symptoms. At the first sign of indigestion, try

Thedford's Black-Draught

the old, reliable, vegetable liver powder, to quickly cleanse your system from these undesirable poisons.

Mrs. Riley Laramore, of Goodwater, Okla., says: "I suffered for years from dyspepsia and heartburn. Thedford's Black-Draught, in small doses, cured my heartburn in a few days, and now I can eat without distress." Try it.

Insist on Thedford's

DEFIANCE STARCH made to work with machine clothes line.

900 DROPS

**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

*Dr. J. C. Atchison*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

**CASTORIA**

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT

Vegetable Preparation for Assuaging the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

**INFANTS & CHILDREN**

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC

Recipe of DR. J. C. ATCHISON

Franklin, Ind.  
All Gripe  
Highly Labeled  
Bottle  
Prepared at  
Castoria, Ind.  
Wm. T. Atchison  
Manufactured by

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP

Fac Simile Signature of  
*Dr. J. C. Atchison*

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK

At 6 months old 35 DROPS—75 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act

Exact Copy of Wrapper.



## GOVERNMENT SUES THE COFFEE TRUST

RECEIVER FOR \$10,000,000 PROPERTIES PETITIONED.

### INJUNCTION IS ASKED FOR

English, French, German, Belgian and American Merchants Are Defendants—Restraint of Trade Charged.

New York.—Attorney General Wickham has moved against the so-called coffee trust, or Brazilian valorization scheme. In a petition in equity filed in federal court here the valorization plan is declared to be a violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

The court is asked to decree the scheme unlawful, to enjoin the valorization committee from withholding coffee from the market and to appoint a receiver for the \$10,000,000 bonds, valued at \$10,000,000, now alleged to be stored in warehouses of the New York Dock Company.

The government also applied for a temporary injunction restraining the valorization committee from removing or disposing of coffee held in America pending the termination of the issue.

Members of the valorization committee have agreed and conspired among themselves, the government charges, to withhold from the market large quantities of coffee and raise the price to an unreasonable extent. They have thus attempted, it is declared, to restrain the coffee trade throughout the world and to injure and defraud the public for their own enrichment.

The suit has a distinctly international aspect. The Brazilian state of São Paulo is party to the agreements which are declared unlawful in America. The government holds that the Brazilian state was induced to enact laws and enter into agreements in connection with the valorization plan by those interested in increasing the price of coffee.

As the United States consumes forty per cent of the coffee sold in the world, the petition declares every act which prevents its importation in normal quantities or increases its price is a direct restraint upon the foreign and interstate trade.

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## EX-GOV. PORTER PASSES AWAY

END HAD BEEN EXPECTED FOR SEVERAL MONTHS.

### SURROUNDED BY HIS FAMILY

Had Brilliant Career—First Lawyer, Legislator, Then Governor and Secretary of State Under Cleveland.

Paris, Tenn.—Ex-Gov. James D. Porter, 81 years old, quietly passed away at his home here after an illness lasting for many weeks. His death was not unexpected, as he has been almost at death's door for the past few months. He was surrounded by his family when the final summons came.

James Davis Porter was born in Paris, Tenn., Dec. 7, 1828. He is descended from John, the first American settler, born in 1590, at Kneelworth, Warwickshire, England, in Wrexham Abbey, the ancient home of the family, where many of their numbers are buried.

Gov. Porter was the third son and third child of his parents and was educated by David Calhoun, a distinguished teacher, an alumnus of Yale, Ireland, and for many years principal of the academy at Paris.

At the age of 16 years he entered the junior class in the University of Nashville, and was graduated two years thereafter in the class of 1846. He was in poor health for many years after that date. He studied law at the law school at Lebanon, Tenn., and commenced the practice in 1851. His professional life was successful, and it was against the wishes of his wife and her father that he ever turned aside from it for the vanities of public life.

In 1850 he was elected to the legislature, and took a leading part in the proceedings of the extra session of 1861, when Tennessee dissolved her relations with the general government. He was the author of the Porter resolution, which pledged Tennessee to cooperate with the South in case of war between the states. In advocating them he said he hoped there would be a peaceful solution, but if there should be war, Tennessee must be united.

These resolutions were adopted by the legislature of Tennessee and by several other Southern states.

He assisted Gen. Pillow in organizing the provisional army of Tennessee, joined Gen. Cheatham and was with him as his chief of staff during the four years of the war and was paroled with him in May, 1865, at the surrender of the Army of Tennessee.

In the fall of 1865 he resumed the practice of his profession and was actively engaged in it until the convention was called in 1870 to form a new constitution for the state of Tennessee. He was unanimously elected a delegate to this convention, and was the author of the first provision of the schedule adopted by which all the offices in the state were vacated.

In the summer of 1870 he was elected judge of the Twelfth judicial circuit and served four years, resigning in February, 1874.

The following August he received the nomination for governor of the state at the hands of the Democratic state convention. He was opposed by Horace Maynard, the Republican candidate, and after a joint canvass of the state with him was elected by a majority of 47,000.

Two years later he was renominated without opposition and re-elected by a majority of over 50,000. His last term as governor closed in January, 1879.

In July, 1880, he was elected president of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway and served for four years, when he voluntarily retired, being annually re-elected.

He was several times a delegate from the state at large to national Democratic conventions. He has never made an effort to accumulate a fortune, but has always been in comfortable circumstances. He has been liberal with his means and cheerfully divided with those dependent upon him. He practiced law from 1851 to 1870, except during the period during the Civil War; from August, 1870, to February, 1874, he was circuit court judge, resigning the bench to enter the gubernatorial campaign of that year; was inaugurated governor of the state January, 1875, and continued in this office until January, 1879, from July, 1880, to September, 1884, he was president of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway.

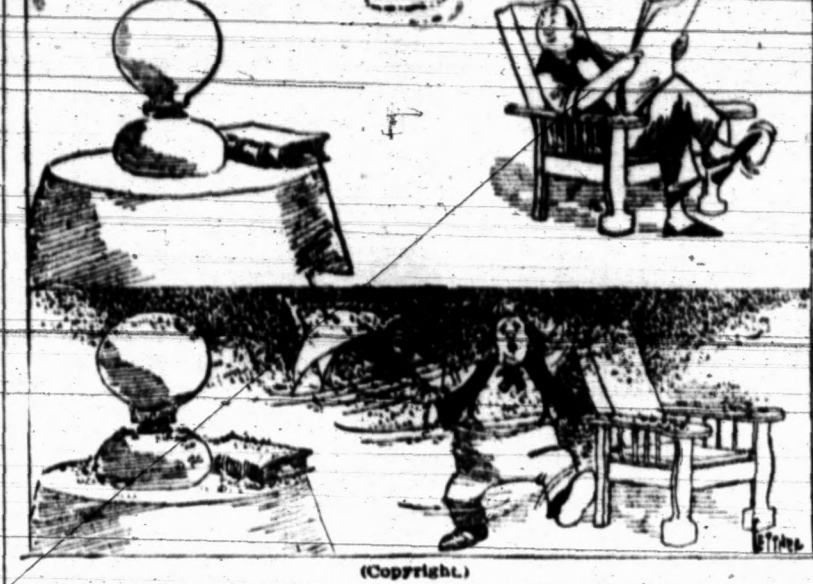
In March 1885, President Cleveland named him assistant secretary of state. He filled this position for about three years, when he tried and resigned, returning to his home in Paris, and resuming the practice of law.

The University of Nashville conferred on him the degree of LL. D. He was a trustee of the university and member of the board of trustees of the Peabody educational fund and for some time president of the Hermitage Club. He was later made chancellor of the University of Nashville, which position he held until his resignation several months ago.

His aged wife, two sons, Chas. D. and one daughter, Mrs. Susan Bibb, survive him.

He lived among big men. Gov. Porter was always a good judge of men. The success of his administration is largely attributable to his keen foresight, though his ability suffers no stain in consequence. Soon after he became governor a vacancy occurred on the district bench in Montgomery. Robertson and adjoining counties. Gov. Porter picked up a young lawyer from Clarksville and gave him his first taste of judicial life. Gov. Porter afterwards lived to see Horace H. Burton on the supreme bench of the United States.

## SWAT THE FIRST ONE



Statistics Tells Us to Swat the First Fly and Kill 9,327,648,595,471 Other Flies.

### TEDDY INTIMATES THERE MAY BE BOB

SAYS DISRUPTION WILL FOLLOW ATTEMPT AT BOSS RULE.

### WILL NOT STAND FOR FORCE

Wild Cheers Greet Him—"The Chicago Convention Will Not Be Controlled by Fraud or Force," Says the Colonel.

Columbus, Ohio.—A veiled threat to bolt the Republican party if President Taft is nominated by the seating of fraudulently elected delegates was voiced by Col. Roosevelt.

It was while Roosevelt was pounding the president for winking, as he charged, at the election of delegates by fraud that the colonel made his threat.

The colonel advised to the action of the fast leaders in the state of Washington in holding a "rump convention" and arbitrarily electing fourteen delegates at large after shutting the Roosevelt men out.

"When Mr. Taft says the Chicago convention will be controlled by the friends of constitutional government he means that it will be controlled by such men as Lorimer, Barnes, Penrose and by the delegates fraudulently elected delegates from states like Washington, avowedly they would be seated, not because they represented the people, but because they do not represent the people," declared the colonel. "Mr. Taft is mistaken. The Chicago convention will not be controlled by fraud and force in this manner."

"The attempt to so control it," the colonel went on with increasing emphasis, "will be unsuccessful. If successful, let me tell you this," and Roosevelt pointed his finger at the crowd, "it would mean the disruption of the Republican party."

The colonel's utterance was hailed with a roar of cheers.

### CALL FOR COTTON MEETING

Members of Exchange Will Confer in New York July 13.

Louisville, Ky.—At a conference here of members of cotton exchanges from all sections, a meeting of the insurance, shipping, railroad, banking and cotton interests was called for July 13, in New York, to finally dispose of the troublesome insurance question.

A resolution was adopted to the effect that: "It is the sense of this meeting that cotton should be properly covered, with ends secured and the sale of the proper density, and that we will end our efforts toward accomplishing this end, but we consider that a bale of cotton from two uncovered sample holes does not constitute a condition, even sample holes being absolutely necessary for the proper conduct of the business, and we believe the steamship agents have shown that claims due to open sample holes have been frivolous and trifling."

Armour & Co. Indicted. Chicago.—Armour & Co. was indicted by the federal grand jury for criminal violation of the United States law, for alleged interstate shipment of meat without inspection by government agents.

Recall Revolution. Philadelphia.—"It is the spirit of the impatient reformer of the French revolution, not the spirit of Anglo-Saxon freedom, which advocates these strange departures from our national traditions and our national institutions," declared Attorney General George W. Wickersham before the law alumni of the University of Pennsylvania in an address on the "Judicial Function," when he referred to the proposition that decisions be submitted to the arbitration of popular election.

Says Tonsils Dangerous. Chicago.—"If you are a well developed specimen of physical strength and wish to remain so to a ripe old age have your tonsils removed." This was the advice given by Dr. Ira O. Dorman of Toledo in discussing a paper on throat infection at the session of the Illinois Homoeopathic Medical Association.

To a child between one and five years of age the tonsils are a Godsend," he continued, "but to an adult they are as dangerous as a rusty nail in the foot."

### LATEST CREVASSE MOST DESTRUCTIVE

ADD THOUSAND SQUARE MILES TO INUNDATED AREA.

### 25 PARISHES NOW AFFECTED

7,500 Square Miles of Louisiana Lands Inundated and More Than 100,000 People Driven From Their Homes.

New Orleans.—With approximately 7,500 square miles of Louisiana lands inundated by the Mississippi river flood waters, and more than 100,000 people driven from their homes in the parish west of the river from the Arkansas line almost to the gulf, the most serious crevasse of the present disastrous flood (Tyndus) promises to add another thousand square miles or more to the overflooded territory, make homeless thousands of people and add millions of dollars to the property damage done within the state.

The property damage already wrought by the floods in this state is enormous. It will amount to the millions—no one has attempted to even approximate it for the state has been too busy with the work of rescuing people and fire stock in the flooded territory and in caring for the thousands of homeless and destitute people. The loss of live stock has been exceedingly heavy, but, although more than 25 parishes have been swept by the flood, the list of known human victims is less than 40. The territory now in water in Louisiana comprises parts of 24 parishes, with an area five times as large as the state of Rhode Island, almost four times as large as Delaware, as large almost as Rhode Island, Connecticut and Delaware combined and almost the size of the great state of Massachusetts. Within another ten days five other parishes will feel the effects of the terrible waters from the Mississippi broken levees, which hourly are creeping upon them, which no hand can stay.

Except for a small stretch of land in West Feliciana and another small stretch in lower St. Bernard, the overflowed territory in this state extends along the west banks of the Mississippi river from the northern part of the state to the extreme southern part, 200 miles in length and varying in width from 10 to 30 miles.

Two Boys Missing Dead. Cincinnati Babies Missing Since April 29 Found.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—The corpses of two little boys, discovered in the great feed box of a horse stable here turned out to be the bodies of Robert and Urban Nichols, the two who disappeared from their home on April 29.

The boys' father found the corpses. He had dipped a shovel into the feed box, and when it came in contact with a red head he poked down further till he came upon a little foot. Stretched the elder Nichols tugged at the foot till the body of a small boy was yielded.

It is believed the boys came to their death while playing about the big feed box. Evidently they fell asleep. They were overwhelmed in the mountain of yielding feed, then were suffocated.

Coat of Tar for Anarchist. Los Angeles, Cal.—After having been coated with tar and feathers by a San Diego vigilante committee, Dr. Ben Reitman, manager for Emma Goldman, arrived here. Reitman, it is said, was removed from a San Diego hotel at 2 o'clock in the morning by a committee of vigilantes in automobiles and driven twenty miles to Las Penasquitas, where, it is alleged, he was tarred and feathered, and the letters "I. W. W." traced on his back with a lighted cigar and he was forced to kneel and kiss the American flag.

Pistol Tax Law Upheld. Austin, Tex.—The constitutionality of Texas new pistol tax law was sustained by the court of civil appeals. This law provides for a tax of 50 per cent of the gross receipts derived from the sale of pistols and revolvers.

2,000 Cattle Burned. Kansas City, Mo.—Five swept over five acres of cattle pens at the Kansas City stock yards, in which more than 2,000 head of cattle were confined. The loss probably will exceed \$100,000.

## BOMBS END FIGHT WITH PARIS BANDITS

GARNIER, SCOURGE OF PARIS, AND COMPANION KILLED.

### BOMBS WERE LAST RESORT

Last of Notorious Gang Died After Fighting for Eight Hours While Concealed in Villa on Outskirts of Paris.

Paris.—The career of the last of France's notorious bandit gangs was dramatically ended Tuesday when after eight hours' battle with police and troops, its leader, Octave Garnier, and his confederate, Vallet, were blown up by explosives in a small villa at Nogent-sur-Marne, where they had taken refuge.

The explosion left a yawning opening in the villa, through which police dogs sprang while the police and troops sent volleys after valley of shots into the ruins of the building.

Some of the bullets ricocheted from the bricks, while others emerged on the opposite side, the result of which was that two policemen were wounded. Then, an armed force, holding torches, rushed into the ruins and discovered the two bandits on the floor in a room.

Garnier was only made save for a few tattered rags. He appeared to be dead. Vallet was dead or dying. The crowd now wildly merged, rushed up and tried to seize the bandits. With great difficulty the police drove them back and placed the wounded men in automobiles.

IGNORE SANITARY ORDERS. Federal Inspector—Makes Startling Statement.

Washington.—There is not of the twenty or more parking houses in New York one that complies with the federal sanitary regulations, there is not one which slaughters meat producing animals in a manner intended to best safeguard the public health, there is not one that genuinely exhibits a respect for an inspector's orders when he attempts to remedy conditions, nor one that would not permit worse conditions to exist were it not for the weak restraining hand which the federal authorities now place upon them.

This was the amazing preface to testimony offered by Dr. John A. Laidley, a former federal meat inspector stationed at New York and Newark, N. J., before the committee on expenditures in the department of agriculture, now conducting a preliminary inquiry into the federal meat inspection service under the Nelson resolution.

Q. & C. TRAIN HELD UP. Sum Secured Estimated From \$35,000 to \$200,000.

Hattiesburg.—Poses with bloodhounds are continuing their search for the two highwaymen who held up and robbed the express car of New Orleans-New York passenger train, No. 7, on the New Orleans and Northeastern Railroad, near Okolaha, eight miles south of Hattiesburg, when Sheriff Bennett of Perry county reached the scene of the old with bloodhounds the trail of the robbers was taken up by the dogs. This led them to the junction of the New Orleans and Northeastern Railroad and a tap line road, where the trail was lost.

As to the loot the robbers secured, reports vary all the way from \$15,000 to \$200,000. The Southern Express officials are exercised over the robbery.

WILL SPEND \$3,250,000. J. S. A. Presbyterians Will Increase Campaign.

Louisville, Ky.—The Presbyterian church in the United States of America was pledged by its general assembly to a campaign of increased evangelistic effort throughout the church in furthering the work of the church during the year ending March 1, 1912, according to figures presented in the report of the executive committee.

Betting Even on Colonel. New York.—Bets were being made on the stock exchange at even money that Roosevelt would be nominated at the Chicago convention. Other bets were made at 2 to 1 that he would be elected.

King of Denmark Dead. Mannheim, Germany.—King Frederick VIII, of Denmark, arrived at the Hamburger Hotel Monday, and died during the night. Christian Frederick was proclaimed king of Denmark as Frederick VIII. on January 30, 1906, after the death of Christian IX, the aged king who was dean of the crowned heads of Europe, father of King George of Greece, of the queen mother Alexandra, of Great Britain, the Empress Dowager of Russia, and grandfather of King Haakon VII. of Norway.

Taft Remits Fines. Washington.—President Taft remitted the fines of eight men convicted in the so-called "night rider" tobacco cases in Kentucky requiring the defendants to pay only the costs. The men were found guilty of violation of the anti-trust law not interfering with interstate traffic in tobacco. The fines ranged from \$100 to \$1,000 apiece.

John Stoen, Perry Stinson, A. G. Webb, J. S. Carter, Hugh L. Conrad, R. Lee Conrad, Frederick J. Conrad and John Caldwell.

## "Seek relief today"

You can't afford to trifle with catarrh or rheumatism; or with any complaint due to impure blood.

### Go to your druggist this very day and ask him for a trial bottle of "B.B.B."—ONE TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

Such troubles are bad enough in themselves; and they lead to something worse.

Go to your druggist this very day and ask him for a trial bottle of "B.B.B."—ONE TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

This powerful tonic is a thorough scientific blood-cleanser and purifier. It has relieved and cured many seemingly hopeless cases due to impure blood. And it is bound to help you. If not we will refund you the full price you pay.

Could it be any other way? How can you afford to delay another day? If your druggist can't supply you, write to us. We will have you supplied. Act now. Seek relief today.

The Blood Balm Co. Philadelphia and St. Louis. Just "B.B.B." ask for "B.B.B."

## The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver—cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

Small Wood. Pettit's BEST FOR EYE ACES Salve.

ALL THEY WANTED WAS PIE. Something of a Pity That All Labor Troubles Cannot Be Settled as Easily as This.

In the course of some light-hearted comment on the decision of the authorities of a woman's college in western Massachusetts, to banish pie from the girls' midday meal, the New York Sun recalls the following incident of an earlier day in a neighboring region:

Some twenty years ago a New York contractor was employed to build a fine country house in the Berkshire hills. The laborers, who were recruited from the neighboring villages, were boarded at nearby farmhouses. Before long they all went out on strike. The superintendent in charge was powerless. The contractor hurriedly took an express train for the Berkshires, and on arriving, immediately demanded an interview with the leaders of the strike.

"What's the matter?" he demanded. "What's your grievance?"

"We're underfed," said the spokesman. "You can't expect us to work on empty stomachs. The company has got us here. It ought to see that we are decently fed."

"The company pays enough to have you properly fed," said the builder. "What is the trouble?"

"We don't get pie but once a day," said the spokesman. "Abominable!" agreed the builder. "You shall have pie three times a day." And they did, and there was an end of that strike—YOUTH'S COMPANION.

When the Appetite Lags. A bowl of Post Toasties with cream hits the right spot.

"Toasties" are thin bits of corn; fully cooked, then toasted to a crisp, golden-brown.

This food makes a fine change for spring appetites.

Sold by Grocers, and ready to serve from package instantly with cream and sugar.

"The Memory Lingers"

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Ltd. Pure Food Factories, Battle Creek, Mich.



# THE MURRAY LEDGER.

O. J. JENNINGS, Editor.

Entered at the postoffice at Murray, Kentucky, for transmission through the mails as second class matter.

THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1912

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce Judge Alben Barkley, of Paducah, Kentucky, as a candidate to represent the First Congressional District of Kentucky in the lower branch of the United States Congress, subject to the action of the democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Deputy P. Smith, of Cadiz, Tennessee, as a candidate to represent the First Congressional District of Kentucky in the lower branch of the United States Congress, subject to the action of the democratic party.

## COMPLETE SOMERSAULTS.

The Ledger admires a newspaper that takes its text and sticks to the reading. It always admires a newspaper that entertained convictions with the courage to express such convictions. It admires a man with the nerve and character to advocate the cause of any individual, out of all the sickening things in the world is a weakening in the hands of political shysters who would use it for any purpose on earth. The Paducah News-Democrat, of Paducah, and the Calloway Times, of this city, have during the past several weeks, in fact the past several months, published columns after columns of matter in the interest of the candidacy of Gov. Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, for the democratic nomination for the presidency, and within the last two weeks both have made a clean sweep for Clark. The Ledger has on file many copies of each of these publications of recent date in which is contained scores of articles in advocacy of the New Jersey governor's candidacy. Wonder what could have come over the spirit of their dreams? Is it necessary for a newspaper to be jack in the box, when a string is pulled by the other fellow and the lid is removed, poke its head out and give a cry, and at the same command the lid is closed and the head is returned to the recesses of the box? What must the readers of such papers conclude after witnessing such acrobatic stunts, and what confidence can be placed in their advocacy of any man or any measure? There is but one answer that we can suggest at this time, and that is they are converts of the Courier-Journal and afraid of the old lady of Louisville. Shame, shame.

If the country press of the state entertains the same disregard for the "venomous criticism" of it by the Watterson papers as the Ledger entertains we are sure but few "feelings" are hurt. The Haldeman-Head-Whalen-Watterson combine, allied with it the "liquor trust" of the state, have enveiled Ollie James into their disreputable combination for the purpose of again destroying the party in this state. Nothing is being left undone and nothing is too vicious to charge against Gov. McCreary, former Gov. Beckham, Mr. Rufus Vansant, who was chairman of the last campaign committee and was responsible for the old time democratic majority resulting in Gov. McCreary's election, in order that these party and harmony wreckers might control the state convention which convenes in Louisville the 29th of this month. Watterson is not honest in his advocacy of Clark's nomination for the presidency, Watterson is not sincere in his flattery of Ollie James, but a single purpose remains and that the control of the party

machinery in this state and by this self exalted gang of political pirates in the interest of the liquor trust. The state convention should endorse Gov. McCreary, the state convention should recognize the splendid services of former Gov. Beckham by making him a delegate to the Baltimore convention in recognition of his earnest efforts last year in behalf of McCreary, and certainly democrats in the state convention will not be so ungrateful as to refuse to elect Rufus Vansant chairman of the state central and executive committee should be a candidate for the place. The fact that Watterson is offended because he is not permitted to dictate the policies of a democratic governor, because he cannot control legislation in the interest of the whisky gang, because a respectable country press will not recognize this character of "leadership" is a fact published in the Courier-Journal, the remaining vicious vitality of an old man in his dotage is poured out in abuse and vituperation upon all who would exercise political freedom and freedom of honest convictions honestly expressed.

## Champ Clark and the Pension Grab.

Champ Clark voted for the Sherman pension grab. As Speaker he was not compelled to do it, but he ordered the clerk to call his name, and he is on record as adding \$75,000,000 yearly to the burdens of the people, increasing the cost of pensions from \$165,000,000 to \$235,000,000. This enormous sum staggered a Republican Senate, and that body struck \$50,000,000 from the bill.

In 1873 James A. Garfield, a general of the Federal army, chairman of the Appropriations Committee, apologized for a pension bill calling for \$30,000,000, and General Grant said \$30,000,000 was too much, and that was eight years after the war. Hundreds of thousands of Federal soldiers have since died, but forty-seven years after the war Champ Clark jumps into the ring and votes for a pension bill calling for \$235,000,000 a year. Is he the man the real soldiers, whether Federal or Confederate, good Democrats, whether followers of Morgan or Wolford, want for President? Answer next Saturday.

## Dementia Americana.

It is a deplorable state of case when a great editor like Mr. Watterson will so forget the high position an editor should assume when he designs to make comments upon something from the country press. He never takes up any matter of this sort along lines of legitimate discussion, but starts out with coarse vulgarity and the thing generally gets worse the more he writes. Seriously we do not believe a man of Mr. Watterson's ability and common knowledge of the ethics of journalism would so often violate these rules of news paper discussion if he were not bereft of some of his powers of reason; and in this connection we are constrained to the belief that when he drew that picture of Mr. Roosevelt as the madman, he was simply painting as he looked at himself through the mirror. Cadiz Record.

## More Deception.

It is rather funny to read the editorial in Sunday's News-Dem-

ocrat when it undertakes to leave the impression that \$25,000 has been sent into the Flat district to defeat Congressman James. Congressman James is no candidate. Besides every time one dollar is sent into the First district to organize the Wilson forces, ten dollars will be spent by the whisky trust to organize the Clark forces.

No doubt within the past two weeks ten promises have been made for federal offices where only one office is to be filled. The anti-administration or Clark forces are promising more federal patronage to the First district than the entire state has to accept.

The same effort is being brought to bear by the whisky trust to defeat the friends of Mr. Wilson, as has always been when this trust seeks to control our local and state politics. Mayfield Messenger.

## ORDINANCE.

An ordinance of the City of Murray (a city of the fifth class) granting a Franchise to the purchaser thereof at sale herein provided, for the erection, maintenance and operation of a sewer system in said city, and to regulate same.

The City Council of the City of Murray, Kentucky, do ordain as follows, viz:

Sec. 1. That the privilege is hereby established and conferred upon the purchaser of same as hereinafter provided, to build, maintain and operate a system of sewers to consist of pipes to be laid along and under the streets, alleys and public grounds of the City of Murray during a term of twenty years from the date of the adoption of this ordinance and to erect and construct such fixtures, including conduits and manholes, as may be necessary to enable such purchaser to furnish the sewers to the inhabitants of said City of Murray and its adjacent territory.

Sec. 2. That the rights and privileges mentioned herein are granted solely upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

Sec. 3. That the privilege of franchise herein established and granted, may be assigned by the purchaser thereof, the terms and conditions hereof being conditions precedent to the original or continued enjoyment of such right or privilege, and hereafter in this ordinance to City of Murray shall be called the party of the first part, and the purchaser of the privilege herein provided for, his or its successors or assigns, shall be called the party of the second part.

Sec. 4. That the party of the second part shall begin the actual bonafide construction of such sewer system undertaken in this ordinance within twelve months from the adoption thereof, or this franchise shall become null and void. That sewer pipes of adequate size for the City of Murray shall be laid underground, so that the surface drainage of streets, alleys or sidewalks will not be interfered with; such pipes to be laid on such streets and alleys as may appear necessary for the proper disposal of sewage. The party of the second part agrees to place surface of the street in as good condition as possible, by ramming and other means, as it was before or previous to the laying of said pipes.

Sec. 5. That whenever the City of Murray shall deem the inhabitants of any new adjacent territory to said City sufficient to lay or, extend its water pipes into said locality, then the party of the second part shall likewise lay sewers into said territory for the use of the people thereof provided the parties desiring such extension give a good and sufficient guarantee of six (6) per cent upon the cost of construction and operation of such extension.

Sec. 6. That in the laying and

construction of said sewer pipes the party of the second part, his or its successors or assigns, shall use only approved materials for such purposes, put together and constructed with good workmanship and in a sanitary manner. That all reasonable precautions shall be taken to prevent injury to vehicles and pedestrians while engaged in the construction of such work. That all excavations shall be properly guarded by barriers, and red lights to warn against danger, and that it is part of this contract that party of the second part, his or its successors or assigns, shall indemnify the said party of the first part against any loss or damage from such injuries as may occur through the means of said construction and laying of said pipes by the party of the second part, his or its successors or assigns, from the negligence of any operative or employee of same.

Sec. 7. That the rates charged by the party of the second part for the said sewer service in the City of Murray shall be as follows, viz:

Residences, \$7.50 to \$12.00 per annum.  
Stores, \$7.50 to \$15.00 per annum.  
Livery Stables, Hotels, Office Buildings, and other uses not specified above. (Special Rate)

Sec. 8. That the party of the second part will furnish to the party of the first part during the continuance of this franchise, one sewer connection free of charge provided that same shall be for one sink or one closet only, and that said party of the first part agrees to furnish free of charge to the party of the second part, his or its successors or assigns, water from the city mains for flushing said sewers, whenever necessary during the life of this franchise.

Sec. 9. That, in consideration of the construction, operation, and proper maintenance and repair of the said sewer system in said City, and of the rental, or toll, of same to the citizens thereof at reasonable rates as aforementioned, the said party of the first part does hereby agree to exempt the party of the second part, his or its successors or assigns, from all municipal taxes of the said City of Murray during the life of this ordinance and franchise. It also binds itself to enact all such ordinances and measures toward sanitary ends and to promote the use of the said sewer system as said City may be able to do under the laws of Kentucky or under its inherent rights as a municipality, and to enforce same as required by the Board of Health or City Health officer for said City of Murray.

Sec. 10. That within five days after the adoption of this ordinance, it shall be the duty of the Mayor of the City of Murray to advertise by posting written or printed notices in at least three different public places in said city for a period of at least ten days, or by publication in some newspaper published in said city, reciting that bids will be received at public outcry for the privilege or franchise established by this ordinance and shall state the time and place of said sale; and the Mayor shall hold said sale in accordance with such notices and receive the bids, and shall report same to the Board of Council at its next regular meeting thereafter, and the said Board of Council shall award said privilege or franchise to the highest and best bidder at said sale. The said best bidder shall pay the purchase price of same in cash or by certified check to the City Treasurer within five days after said franchise is awarded.

Sec. 11. Provided, further, that the party of the first part can take over said sewer system at any time after Five Years, upon the payment to the party of the second part, his or its successors or assigns, of the cost of construction and all extensions

## SPRING AND SUMMER MILLINERY

A magnificent assemblage of Spring and Summer millinery. This great collection shows distinctive beauty and originality that will not fail to delight the most discriminating feminine taste. Nowhere else will you see such really clever styles and so many of them. Every color and shape.

## PERFECT DREAMS

at prices below all other stores. Come and let us prove what we say is so. Yours to serve.

## MURRAY MILLINERY PARLOR.

MISS RUTH HUMPHREYS, Manager.

## QUARTERLY REPORT

Of the condition of the Citizens Bank, doing business Murray, Kentucky, at the close of business on the 15th day of May, 1912.

## RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts, with other assets not elsewhere included.	
Real Estate Mortgages	\$1,825.00
Call Loans on Call collateral	10,507.50
Time Loans on Call collateral	11,163.11
U. S. Bonds	0.00
Other Stocks, Bonds, Etc.	1,467.75
Due from National Banks	1,007.75
Due from State Banks and Banks	9,626.99
Due from Trust Companies	0.00
U. S. and National Bank Notes	3,269.00
Specie	1,800.00
Checks and other cash items	438.00
Exchange for Clearing House	0.00
Overdrafts (secured)	3,527.50
Overdrafts (unsecured)	2,987.01
Taxes	0.00
Current Expenses Paid	1,480.00
Real Estate Banking House	12,500.00
Other Real Estate	0.00
Furniture and Fixtures	3,501.16
Other Assets not included under any of the above heads	0.00
Totals	145,881.47

## LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in, in cash.	
Surplus Funds	\$20,000.00
Undivided profits	5,000.00
Fund to pay Taxes	1,784.65
Deposits on which interest is not paid	522.54
Deposits on which interest is paid	68,733.48
Demands/Certificates of Deposits on which interest is paid	6,000.00
Time Certificates of Deposits on which interest is paid	5,800.00
Saving Deposits on which interest is paid	36,266.88
Certified checks	0.00
Due National Banks	3,680.99
Due State Banks and Banks	0.00
Due Trust Companies	0.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	88.13
Notes and bills rediscounted	0.00
Bills payable	0.00
Taxes due and unpaid	0.00
Unpaid dividends	0.00
Other liabilities not included under any of the above heads	0.00
Total	145,881.47

State of Kentucky,  
County of Calloway,  
I, H. B. Gilbert, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. B. Gilbert, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me by H. B. Gilbert this 22nd day of May 1912.

My commission expires at end of next session of Senate.

V. H. Clark, N. T.

Correct Attest:  
Geo. W. Overby, Barber, McElrath

W. T. Siedel, Directors.

## Fifty Suits.

50 suits of clothes at cost. Size 34 to 37. This stuff is perfectly all right; just want to clean up that's all.

Beale & Wells.

A stable belonging to Anderson Rowlett, colored, was destroyed by fire Friday morning.

## YOUR

efficiency depends upon your condition.

Scott's Emulsion builds, strengthens and sustains robust health. All Druggists.

Scott & Bowne, Incorporated, N. Y.



## What Is So Fair as the Flower Trimmed Hat?

Seriously ask yourself the question, "What is so becoming to me as the large hat, flower-trimmed?" Be the woman tall or short, blonde or brunette, the large hat is more dressy, picturesque and becoming, and when the hat is lanked with pretty flowers and ribbon the effect is magical. The women of the country who dress well, and who are makers of fashion are now wearing flower-trimmed hats.

We have just received a big line of children's hats for boys and girls. Come in and let us show you. Prices reasonable.

**MISS ELIZABETH PARKER**  
MILLINERY and LADIES READY-TO-WEAR  
Next door to Parker's Jewelry Store.

### LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Just received a car of Liquid Smoke  
Kennedy & Bicy.

Corn drills with and without  
fertilizer attachments. A. B. Beale & Son.

Mrs. J. N. Berry, of New  
Burnside, Ill., arrived here the  
past week to be the guest of her  
son, Dr. Berry, and family for  
some time.

Another shipment of corn  
drills to clear out at low prices.  
A. B. Beale & Son.

If you want to protect your  
loved ones from water when  
they are buried you had better  
get one of these steel vaults from  
J. H. Churchhill.

Former Gov. Porter, one of  
Tennessee's honored and es-  
teemed citizens, died last Fri-  
day at his home in Paris, Tenn.,  
at a ripe old age.

Young man, put some of those  
dollars you are throwing away  
in the Peoples Building & Loan  
Association. See M. D. Holton.

Better get one of those cheap suits  
at Beale & Wells, you are missing the  
chance of your life if you let them  
slip.

Hon. John K. Hendrick and  
Col. Jake Corbett, candidates  
for congress, were in Murray  
the latter part of the past week  
looking after political fences.

If you need a corn drill with  
or without fertilizer attach-  
ment, come and get one from  
us. A. B. Beale & Son.

A quart of Ice Cream for 25c at  
Harold Schroeder's.

A. T. Whitnel and family re-  
turned Monday from a visit to  
relatives in Tennessee and Cal-  
loway county, Ky.—La Center  
Advocate.

Another shipment of corn  
drills just received—A. B. Beale  
& Son.

Beale & Wells have two or three  
nice 9x12 duvets left, they will  
sell cheap, better see them if you are  
going to buy this spring.

There will be an ice cream  
supper at the Methodist church,  
Coldwater, Saturday night May  
25, for the benefit of the school  
library. The public is cordially  
invited.

Blacksmith Wanted.—Large  
shop, well equipped. Will pay  
good wages or per cent of the  
business. A rare opportunity  
for a good workman. Address  
S. I. Spiceland, Golden Pond,  
K.

Fix your tobacco ground with  
a fertilizer corn drill, we have  
got 'em. A. B. Beale & Son.

Kenneth Matheny has sur-  
rendered his position as clerk  
in the Murray postoffice and has  
accepted a position as book-  
keeper with the Citizens bank.  
Mr. Matheny is one of the  
city's popular and very capable  
young men and has many friends.  
He is succeeded in the post-  
office by Mr. C. G. Miller, of the  
New Providence section of the  
county.

Lost. Red leather, metal rim  
pocket book, containing about  
\$122. \$120 in bills balance in  
small change. Think it also  
contained W. O. W. receipt. Lost  
Monday 6th between Murray  
and Vanclose place east of town.  
Will pay \$10 reward for return.  
C. T. Altgen.

It would surprise you to know  
of the great good that is being  
done by Chamberlain's Tablets.  
Earl D. Downey, of Newberry,  
S. C., writes: "My wife has been  
suffering from constipation and  
finds them very effective and  
pleasant to take. Her health is  
now good. If you have any  
trouble with your stomach or  
bowels give them a trial. For  
sale by Dale & Stubblefield."

Alonso Beaman, who well  
known west side farmer, today  
received a handsome new Ford  
automobile. He is the first far-  
mer in the county to buy a new  
car, but with improved road  
conditions it is only a question  
of time until many of Calloway's  
farmers will own them. We do  
not know whether Alonso ex-  
pects to plow and drive cattle  
and logs with the machine or  
not but here's hoping that he  
will enjoy every day of his fu-  
ture life.

When the baby takes too much  
food the stomach turns, the re-  
sult is indigestion, sourness and  
vomiting. Frequently the bow-  
els are involved and there is  
colic, pain and diarrhoea. Mc-  
Gee's Baby Elixir is a grand  
corrective remedy for the stom-  
ach and bowel disorders of in-  
fants. It is pure, wholesome and  
pleasant to take. Price 25c and  
50c per bottle. Sold by Dale &  
Stubblefield.

L. A. L. Langston is now as-  
sociated with the Farmers &  
Merchants bank, of this city,  
assuming the duties of assistant  
cashier the first of the week.  
Mr. Langston is one of the  
counties best known citizens  
and has been for the past two  
years in charge of the public  
school of Hazel and the county  
high school in connection. He  
served Calloway eight years as  
superintendent of schools and is  
widely known. He has many  
friends who will be glad to ex-  
tend him a share of their bank-  
ing business.

Dizziness, vertigo, (blind  
stagger) sallow complexion,  
flatulence are symptoms of a  
torpid liver. No one can feel  
well while the liver is inactive.  
Herrine is a powerful liver stim-  
ulant. A dose or two will cause  
all bilious symptoms to disap-  
pear. Try it. Price 50c. Sold  
by Dale & Stubblefield.

We direct attention to the big  
advertisement in this issue of  
the Ledger announcing the sale  
of the Beale and Holton lots,  
known as a part of the Irvan es-  
tate, just west of the city limits.  
This is one of the most desirable  
pieces of suburban property  
near the city. Bishop & Bishop  
a well known firm of real  
estate men, will be in charge of  
the sale and will conduct it in  
an attractive manner. The  
property has been divided into  
about 50 lots suitable for build-  
ing purposes. The sale will be  
conducted June 3 and will no  
doubt be largely attended.

The Murray Millinery Parlor,  
under the management of Miss  
Ruth Humphreys, is just in re-  
ceipt of another large shipment  
of new and seasonable goods.  
Miss Humphreys is just back  
from Nashville where the pur-  
chase was made. The ladies of  
the city and county are invited  
to call and see the new things  
purchased.

FOR RENT—Balance year 1912,  
one 4 room house with one acre of  
ground adjoining for garden and truck  
patch, can furnish heating one half  
the time, or party wishing to rent, can  
secure cop and tobacco. Good coven-  
ient to residence. Apply at once to  
P. F. Underwood.

Ice Cream, 25c per quart at Harold  
Schroeder's.

### IF YOU WANT TO SAVE TAKEN STOCK IN THE PEOPLES BUILD- ING & LOAN AS- SOCIATION

(INCORPORATED)  
J. D. SEXTON,  
PRES.  
M. D. HOLTON,  
SEC.

U. D. C. Program.

The public is cordially invited  
to attend the bestowment of Crosses  
of Honor by J. N. Williams  
Chapter (U. D. C.) June 3rd, at  
the M. E. church at 2 o'clock.

All Veterans are urged to be  
present, especially those having  
crosses and those desiring them  
by October 3rd.

Invocation.

Rev. Russell,  
Song "All Hail the Power of  
Jesus Name"

Congregation,  
The Cross of Honor.

Mrs. Swan,  
"Gloria" "Tenting on the Old  
Camp Ground" Daughters.

Reading: The Confederate  
Flag. Miss Oakley.

Presentation Address.  
Mrs. Chas. Smith.

Carry Me Back to Old Van-  
Daughters.

Benediction.  
Rev. Russell.

Murray Route 6.

Hello, yes, we farmers are  
sure busy plowing.

Tobacco plants do not seem to  
be so plentiful as was once  
thought for, but we will get out  
enough of the weed anyway.

Mr. Sid Johnson is right sick  
at this writing.

Miss Eva Scarbrough and Mr.  
Eaker Farmer were united in  
the Holy bonds of wedlock the  
19th.

You can hear O. E. Williams  
hollow gaud, get up, most  
any time after 9 o'clock in the  
morning. I guess he has decided  
to make a crop.

Bun Ray went to Coldwater  
Sunday.

Mrs. O. E. Williams and Mrs.  
Will Ray goes to market every-  
time they get a dozen eggs.

Sap Head.

A Texas Wonder.

The Texas Wonder cures kid-  
ney and bladder troubles, remov-  
ing gravel, cures diabetes, weak  
and lame backs, rheumatism,  
and all irregularities of the kid-  
neys and bladder, in both men  
and women. Regulates bladder  
troubles in children. If not sold  
by your druggist, will be sent  
by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One  
small bottle is two month's treat-  
ment, and seldom fails to per-  
fect a cure. Send for testimo-  
nials from Kentucky and other  
states. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926  
Olive-street, St. Louis, Mo.  
Sold by druggists.

Mrs. Nolan Webb, who has  
been confined in the Mason,  
Evans & Keys hospital the  
past three weeks where she un-  
derwent an operation, has suf-  
ficiently recovered to be moved  
to her home near Crossland.  
She left Sunday morning. Her  
many friends in the county will  
be delighted to know that her  
health is much improved and  
that she will soon be entirely  
recovered.

Ice Cream 25c per quart, at Harold  
Schroeder's.

Oak Ridge Stock Farm

FRANK BEAMAN, Proprietor

Registered Poland China Hogs  
and Shropshire Sheep. Young  
stock of both sexes for sale.  
Rhode Island Red eggs at 50c for  
12; also Wild Mallard Duck eggs  
15 for \$1.00. Write your order

MURRAY, KY., R. F. D. 1.

Telephone 285

## A HOME INDUSTRY

We now have our Laundry in good  
running condition and will sincerely  
appreciate your patronage. SATISFAC-  
TION GUARANTEED. We want to  
please you and will gladly do ever free of  
charge any work that does not please you.

FAMILY WASHING A SPECIALTY  
Will call regularly, Monday and Tuesday  
and any other time requested. Will  
accepts your laundry Monday  
day, when convenient for you to do so.

Murray Laundry Company.

### WELL PLEASED

The Praise that Comes From  
Thankful Murray People.

One of our ready has known  
merit.

Murray people rely on it.

That remedy is Doan's Kidney  
Pills.

Murray testimony proves it  
reliable.

Mrs. S. J. Paul, Paul St.,  
Murray, Ky., says:

"I used to suffer very much  
from kidney trouble. For years  
I was unable to rest at night  
and in the morning I would be  
all tired out. This would make  
me nervous and caused head-  
aches. My sight was blurred  
and I would often become dizzy.

When I started I had sharp  
twinges in the small of my back.  
In 1908 I heard of the excel-  
lent results obtained from Doan's  
Kidney Pills, so I got a box and  
used them as directed with good  
results. Since then I have used  
Doan's Kidney Pills whenever I  
have feared a slight return of  
kidney trouble coming on me  
and they have kept the pains  
away. It gives me great pleas-  
ure to recommend such an ex-  
cellent remedy as Doan's Kid-  
ney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price  
50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buf-  
falo, New York, sole agents for  
the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's  
—and take no other.

Sexton Bros. on Wheels.

Some times we say a fellow  
has "wheels in his head" but  
this does not apply in this case,  
but it is a case where the above  
named firm has wheel goods to  
sell. Sexton Bros. placed an  
advertisement in this issue of  
the Ledger to which we direct  
attention, also attention to the  
fact that they are one of the  
oldest firms in the county sel-  
ling continuously a superior  
line of fine buggies, surreys,  
cultivators, corn drills, in fact  
wheel goods of every description.  
Look them up before investing in  
wheel goods of and charac-  
ter.

Health is very good at pres-  
ent.

Some few people have set to-  
bacco.

No weddings to report this  
week but think there will be  
right soon.

Mr. Lynch Baucum and Harry  
Cunningham are building some  
nice houses for Mrs. Nanie Ed-  
monds.

Myrtle Wells has been quite  
sick, but is better at this writ-  
ing.

Last Sunday was preaching  
day at Locust Grove, a large  
crowd was present.

Mrs. Amanda Edmonds and  
children visited her people near  
Paris last week.

Frances Shackelford is very  
sick at present.

Kony Wells came home from  
Paducah last week to spend a  
few days.

I will ring off hoping the Led-  
ger and its many readers much  
success. Red Wing.

### Death of Mrs. White.

Mrs. Ben White, a highly re-  
spected lady of 60th Hazel died  
last Friday morning at 3 o'clock.

The passing of this good lady is  
made especially sad from the  
fact she leaves, besides a hus-  
band and son, two little twin  
baby girls, about ten days old.

The burial was at Liberty  
Saturday in the presence of a  
large number of friends and  
relatives of the deceased.

The funeral services were  
preached by Eld. Wm. Ethridge,  
of Murray. Hazel News.

Chairman is Elected.

At a meeting of the Calloway  
county republican committee  
held here last Friday Geo.

Downs was elected chairman to  
succeed A. Downs. This change  
was made necessary under a re-  
cent ruling of the postal depart-  
ment prohibiting postmasters or  
other persons in the post depart-  
ment acting in the capacity of  
party officials. Mr. A. Downs  
has been acting as county chair-  
man the past several years.

Association Tobacco Sales.

C. E. Farmer & Co., Associa-  
tion tobacco prize at Murray,  
Ky., sold 80 lbs of tobacco  
during the past week. Prices  
as follows:

50 lbs left from \$9.00 to \$13.50.  
30 lbs left from \$6.00 to \$7.50.  
E. C. Farmer & Co.

Living in Calloway.

W. Doss Harris, who has been  
living in Arkansas since he left  
Trigg county several years ago,  
recently moved to Calloway  
county and will engage in farm-  
ing this year with his brother-  
in-law, F. H. Guier, near Back-  
usburg. Cadiz Record.

Rev. J. E. Skinner, of Tampa,  
Fla., was here a few days of  
this week the guest of his broth-  
ers, John and Joe Skinner,  
east of town. He will leave  
Saturday for McCracken county  
where he will visit his other  
brothers before returning home.  
He was here en-route home  
from attending the Southern  
Baptist Convention, which ad-  
joined at Oklahoma City the  
first of the week. Rev. Skinner  
is in fine health and is well  
pleased in his Florida home.

Norman Harris, of Nashville,  
arrived here Thursday to spend  
several days the guest of rela-  
tives and to transact business.

## Stimulant or Tonic?

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a  
stimulant. It does not make  
you feel better one day, then  
as bad as ever the next.  
There is not a drop of alco-  
hol in it. Ayer's Sarsapa-  
rilla is a tonic. You have the  
steady, even gain that comes  
from such a medicine. Ask  
your doctor all about this.  
Trust him fully, and always  
do as he says. He knows.

Who makes the best liver pill? The  
J. C. Ayer Company, of Lowell, Mass.  
They have been making Ayer's Pills for  
over sixty years. If you have the slight-  
est doubt about using these pills, ask  
your doctor. Ask him first, that's best.  
Made by the J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.



SERIAL STORY

No Man's Land

A ROMANCE

By Louis Joseph Vance

Illustrations by Ray Walters

Garrett Coast, a young man of New York City, meets Douglas Blackstock, a man being that both are in love with Katherine Thaxter. Coast falls to convince her that Blackstock is unworthy of her friendship. At the party Coast meets two men, Dundas and Van Goy. There is a quarrel, and Blackstock shoots Van Goy dead. Coast struggles to escape from him, but a police officer discovers them. Coast is arrested for murder. He is convicted, but as he begins his sentence, Dundas names Blackstock as the murderer and kills himself. Coast becomes free.

CHAPTER III—(Continued.)

His journey uptown in the subway which he accomplished without misadventure, shelling himself behind a newspaper, was his first taste of unrestricted freedom—and by that token a delight without alloy.

At a quiet and inconspicuous hotel in the Forties, some distance from Broadway he registered boldly as "Frederick West, Philadelphia," and paid for his room in advance, explaining that his luggage would come in later. The open stare of the room, clerk irritated him but little, whose thoughts were preoccupied with a hundred half-formed and less than half-considered plans.

In his room, forgetful of his promise to telephone Warburton, he threw himself upon the bed to ponder the next move; and exhaustion, superinduced by excitement, overcame him almost immediately. For the better part of an hour he slept without stirring, and awakened in the end only to the shrilling, prolonged and not-to-be-denied ring of the telephone by the head of his bed.

Still a little stupefied with sleep, he required a moment or two to grasp the import of the switchboard operator's advice, to the effect that a Mr. Cross, representing the Evening World, would like to see Mr. Brainerd West. The message was repeated in accents peremptory before he comprehended that he had been run to earth.

"Ask the gentleman to come up at once," he said, and, seizing his hat, left the room as soon as he had finished speaking.

Ascending a single flight of the stairway that wound round the elevator shaft, he waited until the car began to rise, then rang. As he had foreseen, it paused at the floor below to discharge the newspaper man before coming up for him. As he stepped into the cage he pressed a dollar into the operator's palm.

"Down," he demanded, "ground floor. And don't stop for anybody."

A single minute later he was in the street. Haste being the prime essential of the situation, he dodged round the corner into Sixth avenue, walked a block uptown and turned through to Broadway.

There suddenly, as he paused at the upper end of Longacre square, doubting which way to turn, what to do, he quickened to sensibility of his solitude, and knew himself more utterly alone in that hour than ever he had been throughout his days.

A passing handom pulled in to his signal. He entered, giving the address of Katherine Thaxter's home.

There was a crimson glare of sun set down the street when he alighted and paid his fare.

"Just in time," said Coast; "I was to come to tea today—I begged the privilege only yesterday."

He paused, silenced by a presentiment brood of the aspect of the house. At every window the shades were drawn level with the sills. The flight of brownstone steps, littered with wind-swept dust and debris, ran up to heavy oaken doors, tight-closed. The seal of a burglar-protective concern stared at him from a corner of one of the drawing-room windows. Only in the old-fashioned basement were there signs of life; the area-gateway stood open; a gas jet glimmered through shaft-curtains.

Heavily Coast turned into the area, and rang the basement bell.

After some time the door was opened to him and he entered, to have his hand caught and fawned upon by the aged butler who had smuggled him sweets when Coast in the pride and pomp of his first knickerbockers had come to stay with Katherine in her nursery.

"Oh, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Garrett!" the old voice quavered. "God bless the day, sir! I've seen the papers and I said that you'd be here, sir, as soon as ever you got back home. I knew 'twould turn out so, sir, from the first; I've never failed to stand up for you and say you never done it."

But a black shame it is justice was so long in coming.

Soames rambled on, garrulous in semi-sentimental joy. Coast leaned wearily against the wall of the gloomy base-

ment hallway, with no heart to interrupt. At length, however, he found his voice.

"Thank you, Soames," he said, gently. "But—Miss Katherine?"

"The answer he had foreseen, hopelessly. 'Gone, sir—gone this many a day. You know what happened, sir—'

"I can guess. But—tell me!" He steeled himself against the disclosure of what he already knew with intuitive certainty.

"Mrs. Gresham—do you know that, sir?" Soames named Katherine's aunt, with whom she had lived after her parents' death.

"During my trial—yes, I knew." "She never believed you guilty, sir. Perhaps you'd like to know—"

"But—Miss Katherine?" The old man shook his head mournfully. "Mad, sir, mad!" he mumbled.

Coast caught his wrist fiercely. "What's that you say?"

"I say she was mad, sir, to do what she done, and that I'll say though it cost me my place."

It wasn't a decent three months after Mrs. Gresham passed away, sir—you'd been—been sent away barely a month—when she married him—"Blackstock?"

"Yes, sir. She didn't know what she was doing, sir. I've thought it was what I've heard called infatuation. She didn't know her own mind when he was talking to her. He carried her clean off her feet, so to speak. So they were married and went away."

"To Germany, I understood, sir."

"You've heard—"

"Never a word—not a line. I sometimes wonder at it, sir. She left me a bit of money to run things on till she returned, but that's gone long ago."

"A boat," Coast added, "preferably of the centerboard cat type, with a hard-working motor auxiliary."

The Huxtable mind, which you are to believe typical of its caste, like a ship wisely navigated, moved cautiously in well-bounded channels. It clung to tradition, whether in the business of boat building, which it pursued to admiration, or in the lighter diversion of humor to which its attitude resembled that of the ancestor worshipping heathen Chinese. Preliminary symptoms of a reversion to type in the matter of wit were betrayed by the corrugation of the Huxtable wrinkles.

"To go sailing in?" After this utterance, tradition flapped its wings and screamed. Huxtable himself, condescended to chuckle. Coast, to a tolerant smile.

"Possibly," he conceded. "Have you such a boat?"

"I might have," Huxtable admitted cautiously. "Come along." He rose and led the way through a back door into the boat yard.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Take Your Choice. "Don't you think, Dr. Fourtly," said his literary parishioner, "that the larger, fuller intellectual life of the present day, with its freedom from the baseless fears and superstitious that have kept the human soul in bondage through the centuries, has been a potent agency in bringing about the demonstrated and well-established increase in the average duration of human life?"

"O, yes, to be sure," said the Rev. Dr. Fourtly. "And then people take better care of their teeth nowadays than they used to, you know."

He Needed One. "Jack has a strong face," he said. "It has to be. You should see his wife."—Fort Worth Record.

He Carried Her Clean Off Her Feet, So to Speak.

He Carried Her Clean Off Her Feet, So to Speak.

He Carried Her Clean Off Her Feet, So to Speak.

He Carried Her Clean Off Her Feet, So to Speak.

He Carried Her Clean Off Her Feet, So to Speak.

CHAPTER IV.

To the boatyard and ship-chandling establishment of a certain Mr. Huxtable in the town of Fairhaven, on the eastern bank of the Amunahat river, there came—or, rather, drifted with the tide of a casual fancy—to ward the close of a day in June, Garrett Coast.

A declining sun threw his shadow athwart the floor of the chandlery. Huxtable glanced up from the muddle of papers on his desk. Coast lounged easily in the doorway, with one shoulder against the frame; a man notably tall and slender and—swept, besides, with a simple dignity of manner that asserted oddly, in the Huxtable undergarment, with clothing well-worn and travel-stained. Out of a face moderately browned, his dark eyes glimmered with humor whistled, regarding Huxtable.

The object of their regard pushed up his spectacles for a better view.

"Well," he inquired, not without a suspicion of grim resentment, who was not weathered to laughter at his own expense.

It happened, however, that Coast's amusement sprang from another cause; his own utter irresponsibility, which alone had led him to the chandlery, he considered hugely diverting.

"I was just thinking," he said, smiling, "that now would be a useful time to buy a boat."

Huxtable, possessed of an inherent predilection for taciturnity, habit, ever and anon, to be some beast if not wholly put to rout by the demon Curiosity (a familiar likewise legitimate handed down to him by several generations of New England forebears), with a mute nod to signify that he had heard and now awaited without prejudice a more explicit declaration.



NATIVES ON LUZON ISLAND

Savages Are Divided Into Seven Different Tribes. Passionately Fond of Silver Trinkets.

Manila, P. I.—There are many strange, uncivilized people among the Asiatic-Americans of the Philippine Islands. The wild men of the great island of Luzon may be divided into seven different tribes, known as the Ilongots, Irayas, Bontoks, Igorots, Lepanto-Igorots, Kalingas, Tinglians and Negritos. These people have not yet felt the influence of civilization, and retain their ancient customs, dress and manner of living. They can be reached only by a long and arduous journey through mountains which, on the western slopes, are covered with tropical jungle, and on the eastern



Group of Native Tinglians.

with open pine forests. The five tribes in greatest demand among these savages are Ilongots, Bontoks, Irayas or blue cloth and brass wire, red or blue cloth and brass wire, and looking glasses, small bells, sea shells and white horsehair are also greatly prized by them. For these things they will exchange chickens, eggs, camotes (a sort of native sweet potato) and rice, their principal products.

The Tinglians are a very uncouth tribe of savages. Their headmen have their arms almost completely covered with strings of beads, wound round their necks and striking designs. A long, heavy string of beads is also twisted around the hair and hangs down the back like a braid. The skirts of these headmen are white, with a blue border, and the waist is of light yellow. They smoke pipes of solid silver, ornamented with bangles. In the bowls of which pieces of cigar are inserted.

The typical young Tinglian chieftain wears a stiff collar of beads and a brightly colored calico skirt, over which is a sort of scarf trimmed with many all-igator skins. The members of this tribe are very fond of silver. They make a large number of finger rings from silver coins, and each man usually has from five to ten of these rings about his person, but not necessarily on his fingers.

The Tinglians are fond of a peculiar dance. The music is produced by beating with the palms of the hands on "kansas," or tom-toms. The dancers, a man and a woman, with arms outstretched, circle about each other in a spiral, the man pursuing the woman with a quick, jerky step. As they approach the center of the spiral he suddenly swoops upon her, when she always eludes him by suddenly darting out of his reach.

The Kalingas, like all wild people, are extremely fond of ornamentation.—Forrest Clark in Leslie's.

TWO SISTERS AID CHILDREN

South American Women Present Argentine With Home For Convalescent Babies.

Mar del Plata, Argentine.—All the Argentine has been ringing with echoes of the dedication services that marked the opening of the great new orphan asylum, Saturrino E. Uzuze, in the city of Mar del Plata. The magnificent building was erected at a cost of \$2,000,000, and was given to the republic by two sisters, the Senoras Concepcion Uzuze de Cesario and Maria Uzuze de Alvarez, to honor the memory of their parents. It is destined to serve as a haven of refuge for the convalescent children of the poor which the Benevolent society of Mar del Plata has in its various establishments, and not only the building itself has been donated by the sisters, but a sum sufficient to insure its maintenance in perpetuity. To a Spanish people, noted for filial affection, the munificence of the Mar del Plata gift is especially acceptable because it is a monument to that domestic tenderness which they delight in, as well as a thing of architectural beauty and potentiality for the relief of immediate distress.

The dedication ceremonies brought to Mar del Plata the most prominent people in the republic's official and social world. The president of the republic was there, the minister of foreign affairs, the governor of the province, the mayor of the city, the bishop of the diocese. In the speeches made it was brought out that the asylum's doors were to be opened at once to 160 children who were in need of shelter and care. The building, it was pointed out, was complete to the last detail with modern hospital equipment for hygiene and comfort.

Health & Beauty Hints

By Katherine Morton

"Please write something about treatments for disfigured finger nails. Mine are very tender and ugly from a long course of housework, but now I've got some help I want to improve my hands."

"A COUNTRY-READER."

The working housekeeper's hands have many injurious influences to encounter, but the very worst of them is the constant immersion in water which dishwashing and other cleaning up involve. Rapid changes from hot to cold water, and the reverse, are very hard on the hands, the changes of temperature making the nails brittle and scoring them with the ridges so often seen on much-used hands. The texture of the skin is also coarsened, while the soaps used in all forms of housework, being full of alkali, may so attack the delicate flesh about the nails as to loosen them. So a proper care of the nails certainly means a proper care of all the hands, and it is easy enough to protect them when doing some forms of coarse work. There are heavy white cotton gloves for sweeping and dusting which cost only ten cents a pair. Before putting these on, the palms and nails should be greased with olive oil or vaseline, either unguent rubbed well into the skin and all about the nail itself. The gloves should also be regularly washed, for when they are grimed with dirt they are certainly useless for beautifying purposes.

With these gloves and a mop, dishes and cooking utensils may be washed without injury to the hands, or, if preferred, rubber gloves could be used for the dishwashing.

The first care of hands injured with housework begins with the cleansing bath, with soft water barely more than tepid, and the soap of a very good sort. If the water used is hard the bath by wetting the hands, and before using the soap shave it up and boil it down to a jelly. Get a cake of good old castile for the purpose, and after the soap is dissolved pour in about half a cup of benzoin, stirring it well into the jelly. Begin the bath by wetting the hands, and then rub the jelly on them, working the hands together in the usual way as when using soap. Wash off in one water and then rinse in another of the same temperature, drying the hands at once on a clean, soft towel.

Such a hand bath should be taken every night before going to bed, and when the hands are dry some unguit must be rubbed at once over and about the nails—either olive oil or vaseline, as hitherto stated.

As numerous baths, even with the best soap and softest water, are not always good for sensitive nails and delicate skin, it is wise to clean the hands several times during the day with olive oil or palm oil; if the hands are well rubbed with either of these, then dusted with talcum powder, and wiped off with a coarse and yet soft towel, the soil will be entirely removed. Coarsened nails are much improved, too, by the wearing of loose old white kid gloves, both during the day and at night, while the regular gloves worn should also be fairly loose and of a soft leather such as chamalos or doeskin.

KATHERINE MORTON.

From "N. B. D."

Will you kindly answer through the paper whether it is proper to bring a box of candy or chocolates when taking a lady to the theater? Also which side should a gentleman be on (right or left of lady) in escorting her across the ballroom floor, and on which side should he seat himself?—N. B. D.

Glove Etiquette.

Is it necessary to remove the glove before shaking hands? Are there certain occasions when this is or is not necessary?—WAITING.

If a man should be working and have on heavy soiled gloves he should remove them before shaking hands, otherwise it is not necessary.

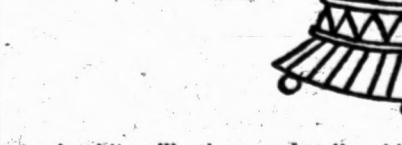
MADAME MERRI.

Breeze Baskets.

The bedroom that is redolent of the old-fashioned scent of lavender suggests refreshment and peace. It is not enough to line the wardrobe shelves with lavender sachets, though to do so is a step in the right direction.

Very pretty are the hanging "breeze" baskets which every breath of air from the outside encourages to send forth a delicious scent. The baskets are hung upon ribbon and slung upon the looking glass or upon the handle of an ecorchie, out of sight maybe, but not out of mind.

Pretty Decoration for the Handkerchief or Glove Case



A white silk glove or handkerchief case may be charmingly decorated with this little basket, worked in colors. The daisies are worked solid in white with yellow centers; the forget-me-nots in blue with yellow centers, and the leaves and ferns in green. The stems are done in the outline stitch in green. The basket is also worked in the outline stitch in a light shade of brown, and the ribbon is done in the solid satin stitch in pink, blue, lavender or green. Use the moss for the embroidery.



## Higher Earnings

## Proper Training of Working Force Assures Future

By H. G. SMITH, Boston, Mass.

THE establishment of a successful shipyard at Quincy has meant the application of every possible principle of scientific management in all the many branches involved. We feel that only by constant betterment of our efficiency and the consequent training of a proper working force, are we assured of a proper future.

Scientific management, to my mind, is the application of certain principles to the directing and guiding and the assisting of labor along proper business and economic lines. These principles are universally recognized in the business world today, and are necessarily becoming more evident in every American shop as the competition grows keener and the necessity for the utmost proficiency correspondingly greater.

This is especially true in a plant where so many different trades are involved as in a shipyard. Only by dint of constant attention to details and careful booking of results for future comparison can efficient results be arrived at. The difficulty of obtaining such results is greater in proportion as the repetition is less.

For some years past we have endeavored to keep careful account of work done and the time spent thereupon in every department, and the use of this information has given us a definite idea of the efficiency of our working force, and has allowed them in turn to make higher earnings, with correspondingly greater satisfaction to us both.

Specialization of the work to which this points the way, elimination of unnecessary processes, and the necessity for proper aids to efficiency are three of the cardinal principles of scientific management which we have used, and are using more and more every day in the development of this shipyard.

We have not adopted the Taylor system as such, as our work is so complex a variety that we cannot employ any such general scheme in all our departments. We are, however, as is everyone else at present, constantly striving to increase the efficiency of the labor employed, and, with very few exceptions, in every case where a systematic study of the question has permitted the introduction of premium or contract work lessened costs have meant greater earnings to the workers who brought them about, and this with no injurious results to them.

H. G. Smith

## False Teeth Tend to Shorten Life

By H. E. CROSSWELL, Raleigh, N. C.

I believe that false teeth are one of the elements in modern times which contribute to shorten life.

That is one of my pet hobbies, and although I am often laughed at for holding such an opinion, I believe it is correct and I will tell you why. A man rarely needs a set of false teeth until he is nearing fifty at the earliest, and he usually manages to get along for perhaps eight or ten years before that on a few natural teeth.

He is getting old in the meantime, and finding himself hampered by inadequate teeth. He must perforce forego many articles of food which other people can eat without any difficulty. Now, after ten years, perhaps, of abstinence from heavy foods, difficult to masticate, and getting older every day, he purchases a set of false teeth. Immediately he feels rejuvenated and starts to eat anything and everything with the avidity of a schoolboy. But his stomach rebels, although in many cases the man feels no ill effects at the time.

But after a while he gets indigestion, dyspepsia and a thousand other complaints, and all because of his false teeth. If he had let them alone he would have continued eating easily digestible food and his stomach, to say nothing of years to his lifetime, would have been saved. No, sir, don't wear false teeth, and I never shall.

## Man Needs to Know but Three Tongues

By J. H. GEHRING

I possess the same fluency and command of German and English, but possibly I can use the English just a trifle more readily as I converse in it oftener than the other, which is my native tongue. When speaking with my father and mother I invariably speak German.

A good many years ago I had a very fair mastery of Italian and Spanish, but through disuse I have utterly lost the ability to converse in either. French I read with ease, but seldom essay to talk it because of bad pronunciation.

After all, a man nowadays needs to know but three tongues—English, German and French. The Russian matters little for one can go all over the czar's dominions on one or two of the predominant languages.

The English will keep at the head of the procession, for many more millions employ it than any other one tongue. While a great language, it is in some respects very inferior to the German.

One can express his thoughts more clearly, I think, and convey his exact meaning more accurately in German. By reason of this the German literature is preferable to the English.

## Why Allow Guilty Persons to Escape?

By K. J. MARSHALL

In many of the sensational divorce cases reported in the newspapers a correspondent is named, with dates and places. The judge hears the case and a decree is given. But is the correspondent, to a divorce suit not a criminal if the trial judge finds the allegations true? Is not the one who has broken up a home, robbed another of that which is most precious and sacred, a worse robber than a burglar? Then why are the guilty ones not prosecuted after being found offenders in a divorce suit? Stolen articles can be replaced, but home ties and peace of mind never.

Could not the legislature amend the present law and grant the trial judge or jury hearing a divorce case the power at the same time of sentencing the respondent if guilty to the penitentiary for from one to five years, at the same time making other statutory grounds punishable by penitentiary sentence? This would soon cure the divorce evil, save the home ties and protect the children.

## HEALTH FOR THE CHILD.

The careful mother, watching closely the physical peculiarities of her children, soon learns that health is in a great measure dependent upon normal, healthy, regular bowel action. When the bowels are inactive, loss of appetite, restlessness during sleep, irritability and a dozen and one similar evidences of physical disorder are soon apparent.

Keep the bowels free and clear and good health is assured. At the first sign of constipation give the child a teaspoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at bedtime and repeat the dose the following night, if necessary. You will find the child will quickly recover its accustomed good spirits, and eat and sleep normally.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is far preferable to salts, cathartics and purgative waters, which are harsh in their action. Syrup Pepsin acts on the bowels easily and naturally, yet positively, and causes no griping or discomfort. Its tonic properties build up the stomach, liver, and bowels, restoring their normal condition. Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in 50c and \$1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this remedy, send for a sample to Dr. W. H. Caldwell, 291 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. He will gladly send a trial bottle without any expense to you whatever.

## Looking Forward.

The husband and wife were making a call on friends one evening. The wife was talking.

"I think we shall have Marian take a domestic science course along with her music and regular studies when at college."

"Ah," said a man present, who had been a stranger until that evening, "you look rather young to have a daughter ready for college."

"Oh," said the mother, naively, "she isn't old enough now; she is just eight months old, but I do so like to look forward!"—Indianapolis News.

## PHYSICIAN ADVISES CUTICURA REMEDIES

"Four years ago I had places break out on my wrist and on my shin which would itch and burn by spells, and scratching them would not seem to give any relief. When the trouble first began, my wrist and shin itched like poison. I would scratch those places until they would bleed before I could get any relief. After a while the places would scale over, and the flesh underneath would look red and feverish. Sometimes it would begin to itch until it would wake me from my sleep, and I would have to go through the scratching ordeal again."

My physician pronounced it "dry eczema." I used an ointment which the doctor gave me, but it did no good. Then he advised me to try the Cuticura Remedies. As this trouble has been in our family for years, and is considered hereditary, I felt anxious to try to head it off. I got the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, and they seemed to be just what I needed.

"The disease was making great headway on my system until I got the Cuticura Soap and Ointment which have cleared my skin of the great pest. From the time the eczema healed four years ago, until now, I have never felt any of its pest, and I am thankful to the Cuticura Soap and Ointment which certainly cured me. I always use the Cuticura Soap for toilet, and I hope other sufferers from skin diseases will use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment."—Irven Hutchinson, Three Rivers, Mich., Mar. 16, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 22-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

## Unappreciative.

"Ha!" mused Noah, as he looked upon the flood from one of the windows of the Ark, "the folks who jeered at me for building this vessel, laughed at me when I told them it was the original water wagon, but they would have fared better had they appreciated in time the dry wit of my little joke."

## Use Allen's Foot-Ease

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes or tired, tender, smarting, itching, swollen feet. It makes your feet feel easy and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. For free trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

## Not Serious.

"I met a man today," said the popular author to his wife, "who wanted to take my life."

"Good heavens," she cried. "Did he try to murder you?"

"No, indeed, my dear. Merely asked some notes to write a biography of me."

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM. Take the old Standard Quinine Tablets. The formula is simple. Quinine and iron in a pleasant form, and the most effective form. For grown people and children, 25c a box.

Probably there is nothing more expensive than the things we get for nothing.

Garfield Tea helps clear a muddy complexion, dispel foul breath and sweeten the teeth.

Freedom is won through hard obedience to the truth.—William James.

## REAL MISTRESS OF HOUSE

In Olden Days, Among Other Accomplishments, Woman Was Required to Be Expert Carver.

In the matter of old-time etiquette at the table one recalls the part played by the lady of the household. In the eighteenth century she was mistress of the ceremonies—she carved and she dealt the while her lord merely "pushed" the bottle.

She was also the menu, for it she gave a dinner of several courses it was her duty to announce to the guests seated expectantly, what was due to appear at table. A dinner of one course—and she remarked that "they saw their dinner."

Then her powers of gentle persuasion came into play. A guest when he had stuffed sufficiently placed the handles of his knife and fork into his plate, and the slight of a knife in position was the signal for the hostess to inquire "if he would please to have something more."

In the art of carving, of course, the mistress of any country house was a past mistress. One recalls Lady Mary Montagu's flight after perfection under the wing of a professional carving master. "She took three lessons a week, that she might be perfect on her father's public days; when, in order to perform her functions without interruptions, she was forced to eat her own dinner alone an hour or so beforehand."

## ONLY ONE OF EACH.



Howell—I don't see why Tom Watson always has "of Boston" after his name.

Raywell—Neither do I; it is no more necessary that it was in the case of John L. Sullivan.

Looking to the inevitable. Seventy-nine years old, but with no thought of dying for years, a South Brooklyn retired windmill dealer spent his recent birthday in Cleveland, O., looking for a bargain in coffins. He said he never had cared much for show and thought he would care less when dead; so he wanted something that would be durable, not fancy. "The undertakers wanted more than \$100 for good coffins," he told a friend, "none of which looked to be worth more than \$50. For \$25 I found I could get one that looked as if it might have cost \$250 to make. You don't suppose I could get a good second-hand one anywhere, do you?" The man did not invest, but decided he would wait a while and see if the high cost of dying might not be reduced.

## Her Natural Protector.

"O Clara, we had a dreadful scare" said Mrs. Pink. "There was a faithful noise about two o'clock, and I got up. I turned on the light and looked down, to see a man's legs sticking out from under the bed."

"Clara, how dreadful! The burglar!"

"No, my dear, my husband's. He had heard the noise, too."—Youth's Companion.

## Irrelevant Reasons.

"Why is Jones making his girl take music lessons? She'll never learn if she practices for a million years."

"Jones says he knows she has no talent, and he can ill afford the expense, but that she hates the people so on the next floor."

To be sweet and clean, every woman should use Paxtine in sponge bathing. It eradicates perspiration and all other body odors. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

## A Hint.

He—I don't approve of tips. She—It has been noticed that you do not even tip your hat.

For liver or kidney troubles, nothing is quite so reliable as Garfield Tea.

Even a love match may have its "dare-ups."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Tact sometimes consists of knowing enough not to know too much.

To stay young or to grow young, Garfield Tea can help. It rejuvenates both in looks and energy.

The man who hesitates may win by watching others lose.



## Here's The Road to Comfort

A vanished thirst—a cool body and a refreshed one; the sure way—the only way is via a glass or bottle of

# Coca-Cola

Ideally delicious—pure as purity—crisp and sparkling as frost.

Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

Demand the Genuine as made by THE COCA-COLA CO. ATLANTA, GA.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

## W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS. W. L. Douglas \$3.00 & \$3.50 shoes are worn by millions of men, because they are the best in the world for the price. W. L. Douglas \$4.00, \$4.50 & \$5.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing \$6.00 to \$8.00.

Why does W. L. Douglas make and sell more \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world? BECAUSE: he stamps his name and price on the bottom and guarantees the value, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes of other makes. BECAUSE: they are the most economical and satisfactory you can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. BECAUSE: they have no equal for style, fit and wear. DON'T TAKE A SUBSTITUTE FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charge prepaid. Post Color Style Card.

## WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

OR MALARIA GENERAL TONIC. Oldest and Best 45 Years of Cures.

Reduce The Feed Bill—Improve The Animals. Horses and Mules do more work: Cows give more and better Milk and Butter: Sheep and Goats grow better fleeces: Hens lay more eggs, and all as well as better health and condition when fed on.

Cottonseed Meal and Cottonseed Hulls. For Breeding or Nursing Stock, Hares, Cows, Swine or Eggs, it is especially valuable. Much better than Hay, far cheaper than Corn. Write for free Booklet containing much valuable information to Feeders and Stock Raisers to.

THE BUREAU OF PUBLICITY. Interstate Cottonseed Crushers Association. 80 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

## Special Offer to Printers

This paper is printed from ink made in Savannah, Ga. by the SOUTHERN OIL & INK CO., Savannah, Ga. Price 6 cents per pound, F. O. B. Savannah. Your patronage solicited.

## TEETHING CHILDREN

are a source of great anxiety to their parents. It is heartrending to them to see the little ones suffer. We wish every mother knew, as we know, of the wonderful efficacy of OLD DR. BIGGER'S Huckleberry Cordial.

## Huckleberry Cordial

In all cases of teething, when accompanied by colic, diarrhea, dysentery or any kind of bowel trouble, a bottle would then be in every house for emergency. Ask your druggist. Serial No. 505. Price 25c and see per bottle. Send for Confederate Veteran's Book free. Mtd. only by Hattiwanger-Taylor Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga.

## DAISY FLY KILLER

PLACED AS WHERE, AT TRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES. Not clean, unsanitary, convenient, cheap. Taste all same. Made of purest oil, can't kill flies, but will not hurt flies. Guaranteed effective. Place each at bottom of 8 cent prepaid for 10.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 Duane Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

## PARKER'S HAIR SALAM

Changes and beautifies the hair. Dandruff and itching scalp. Prevents hair falling. 25c and 50c bottles.

## THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, S.A.L., S.E., S.O., S.W.

Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS. Cures ALL Kinds of Diseases. PILES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN Eruptions. EITHER SEX and all other diseases. For full booklet, 25c. S.E., S.O., S.W., 100, HAVENSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGL.

## DROPSY TREATMENT

Give quick relief and short breath in a few days and water relief in 15-20 days, trial treatment FREE. No. 100, HAVENSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGL.

WANTED ACTIVE MAN IN EACH CITY. Send 10c for full booklet. Write for place. 205, 4th St., COVINGTON, LA.

W. N. U., MEMPHIS, NO. 21-1912.

## Death Lurks In A Weak Heart

If Yours Is Fluttering or Weak, use "RENOVINE." Made by Van Vleet-Mansfield Drug Co., Memphis, Tenn. Price \$1.00.



**WHY OWN WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY**

**THE MERRIAM WEBSTER**

Because it is a NEW CREATION, covering every field of the world's thought, action, and culture. The only new unabridged dictionary in many years.

Because it defines over 200,000 words; more than ever before appeared between two covers. 2,700 pages. 5000 illustrations.

Because it is the only dictionary with the new divided pages. "Divided Columns."

Because it is an encyclopedia in a single volume.

Because it is commended by the Courts, the Schools, and the Press as the one supreme authority.

Because he who knows *Webster's* knows success. Let us tell you about the new work.

WHY own Webster's of the new divided pages. B. & C. MERRIAM CO. Publishers, Springfield, Mass. Examine this paper, receive FREE a set of pocket maps.

**Obituary**

Leslie Buel Puckett, son of Eulius Puckett, was born July 21, 1911, died February 25, 1912, aged seven months and three days. Burial took place at the Jeffrey grave yard. Funeral services were conducted by Elder J. B. Jeffrey.

Weep not, dear parents.  
But prepare to meet him.  
Where parting is no more.  
We miss thee from our home, dear.  
We miss thy lonely cry.  
By Talmage Jeffrey.

**"Calumet" Fertilizers**

We have received a car of the famous "Calumet" Fertilizers and those parties who made order will please call as early as possible for the amount subscribed. We want every farmer to give this fine fertilizer a trial this season. It meets every requirement for both corn and tobacco and is not excelled by any make on earth. Call on us and let us tell you about it.—L. A. Curd & Son, Penny.

**E. S. Dinguid & Son.**

Remember the low prices we are making on all lines of farming implements, wagons, corn drills, fertilizers, Elwood and National fence, and by all means remember our exclusive line of furniture, steel and cast stoves and ranges, sewing machines, and queens ware. These low prices are not for 10, 20 or 30 days, but for the entire year of 1912. The list above is not all that we have in stock. This is not talk but facts about the low prices. Come in and see us and be convinced.—E. S. Dinguid & Son.

A quart of Ice Cream for 25c, at Harold Schroeder's.

For Sale. Good horse and buggy.—H. B. Gilbert.

**ONE DROP**

OF BOURBON POILTRY CURE

gives a chicken's throat cure. A few drops in the drinking water cures and prevents cholera, diarrhoea and other chicken diseases. One bottle makes 12 gallons of medicine. At all drug stores. Sample and bottle on "One Drop" cases of "Kaiser" sent FREE. Bourbons Kennedy Co. Inc. N.Y.

**Electric Bitters**

Made A New Man Of Him.

"I was suffering from indigestion, headache, and general nervousness. After using a few bottles of Electric Bitters, I feel like a new man. My appetite is improved, my head is clear, and I am able to do my work with ease and energy."—J. H. Smith, N.Y.

PRICE 50 CENTS AT ALL DRUG STORES.

**COMING**

**SOON**

**COMING**

**BISHOP & BISHOP**  
LAND AND AUCTION COMPANY  
**MURRAY, - - KENTUCKY**

**Monday, June 3,**  
1912

**GOING**

**Going, Going At Auction**

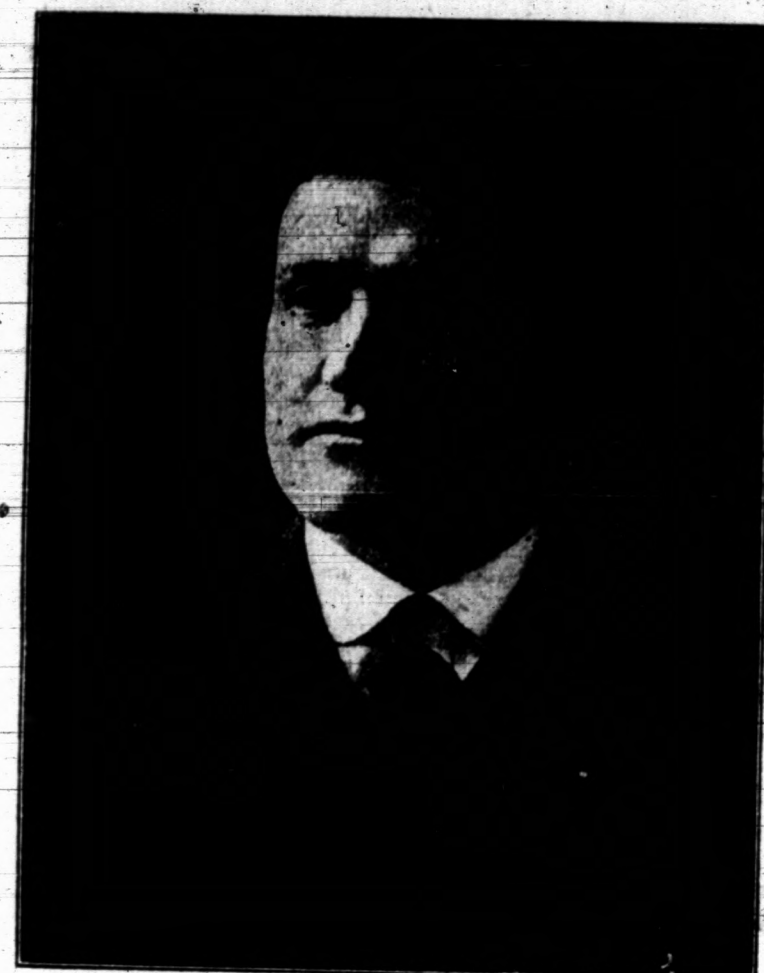
**Monday, June 3,**  
1912

Beale and Holton Woodland Addition of Fifty (50) Lots; known as Irvan land, located on west Main Cross street; 50 Ideal Building Beauty Spots, the Prettiest in Murray for Homes of Comfort where you can share all the city conveniences, the prettiest in Murray for homes commingled with pure air and country life, where Health, Wealth and Happiness beckons one on to the comforts of an earthly home and where values go one way only—upwards.

**—Sale Commences at 10 O'clock A. M.—**



**COL. W. W. BISHOP, Auctioneer,**  
will entertain you with his wit, instruct you with his wisdom, and enrich you with his bargains. Colonel is a veteran knight of the hammer, and a past master in auctioneering. It will be worth mile of travel to hear one of the leading lights in auctioneering.



**I. O. P. BISHOP, Manager,**  
Bishop & Bishop Land and Auction company, positively guarantee everything to take place as advertised, and everything sold to the highest bidders. No boosting; no by-bidding; no minimum prices. Title absolutely perfect, deeds given on grounds. A square deal of your lot is free.

**A WORLD OF FORTUNE IN A WHIRL OF PLEASURE**

Band Concert on public square 8:30 to 9:30 a. m., an hour of sweetest melody to charm the soul, and drown in ecstasy the burdens of life. A parade of Free Carriages will leave business center for grounds 9:30 o'clock sharp. A Free Ride for Everybody. Get ready, help swell the crowd

Band Concert, Public Wedding, Balloon Ascension, Baby Beauty Contest, Old Settlers Foot Race, One Lot Given Away Free.

**A Rare Program Artistically**  
arranged to Amuse the Courious, Instruct the Thoughtful, and Enrich the Wise.

**Sale Commences at 10 a. m. — Sale Commences at 10 a. m.**

**Public Wedding Proposal** open to all residents of Calloway county. We have the license, give the minister, furnish carriages for bride and groom, and furnish a beautiful reception at the home of the bride. The bride and groom to take place on grounds during hour of sale. Make application to O. P. Bishop, at Bishop & Bishop Land and Auction Company, Murray, Ky.

**Baby Beauty Contest** Open to all babies born in Calloway county, over six and under eighteen months old. 1st prize, \$10; 2nd prize, \$5; 3rd prize, \$2.50. Must be six or more to enter.

**Old Settlers Foot Race** open to all residents of Calloway county over 50 years old. 1st prize, \$7.50; 2nd prize, \$2.50. A 100 yard dash. Must be six or more to enter.

**FREE** One big residence lot will be given away. Every man, woman and child attending sale will be given ONE chance on this lot free of all cost. Some

one must get in, and it may be YOU. Costs you nothing to try, look and lightning strike unexpectedly.

**Balloon Ascension and Parachute Leap** by the celebrated aerial artist, PROF. CASH SWARTZ. A 2,000-foot trip to distant clouds; dozens of mid-air juggling, full of life stirring features. Don't fail to see him. He is the king of the air for high flights in hot air balloon.

**MURRAY, County Site of Calloway County,**

is the queen city in west Kentucky, commanding an unobstructed territory, where the Farmers are Coining the Soil and Sunshine into Gold, here must be a larger city, property is bound to become a habit, and Murray, Ky., a City of Certainties, is located in the heart of this great wealth, where economic laws demand there shall be a great city. Nature has done wonderful things in creating a beautiful site for Murray, Ky. Natural drainage combined with high altitude and purest air, makes it a high class place to live and enjoy the comforts of a earthly home. Murray's future, so easily seen, needs no poets pen to write her praise. The magnificent land that is being developed, makes her for 500 years a great city. The city of the future is being built in the heart of the land of the future. The city of the future is being built in the heart of the land of the future. The city of the future is being built in the heart of the land of the future.

Think of It, Act on It, In the Future Live on It.

A Poor Man's Chance; A Rich Man's Snap.

A Living Opportunity for all Classes, from the Cradle to the Grave.

**Beale and Holton Woodland Addition of 50 Lots**

Located on west Main Cross street (known as the Irvan land) is the Beale and Holton Woodland Addition, a beautiful tract of 50 lots, each an ideal building beauty spot, surrounded by refinement and culture, offering a congenial atmosphere for the lovers of quiet home life, where you share all the city conveniences of city water and electric lights. Close to school, church and business; sufficiently removed from the city to make it a most desirable place to live and enhance the value of the property. The lots are of various sizes, from one-half acre to one acre, and are all beautifully landscaped with trees and shrubs. Every lot is a gem of nature, and a most desirable place to live. The lots are all sold at a low price, and are a most desirable investment. The lots are all sold at a low price, and are a most desirable investment. The lots are all sold at a low price, and are a most desirable investment.

Remember, Everything takes place as Advertised; All Lots Sold to the Highest Bidders. Remember the hour, 10 O'clock a. m.; the day, Monday, the date, June 3rd. Everybody invited, Everybody Come.

**Bishop & Bishop Land and Auction Company**

P. S. Every Monday Sale Will Take Place Following Day.



## WHEEL GOODS

We Sell all Kind of Things that Runs on Wheels

Viz:

Several brands of the highest grade Buggies that can be found on the market. Prices right ---quality considered

The well known J. I. Case Disc "foot-guide" Cultivator, the best cultivator sold in Kentucky.

Large stock of Bicycles and Repairs.

McCormick Mowers and Hay Rakes

## Sexton Brothers

Murray,

Kentucky

While the ground is so full of water you ought to use one of those steel culverts from J. H. Churchill's.

Get E. S. Diuguid & Son low prices on Queensware, Furniture and Stoves.

Young, but full grown, is the way the folks refer to the Murray Land Co. Do you want to sell or buy, if so see them.

FOR SALE—25 nice clean Whipoorwill Peas. \$2.00 per bu. P. F. Underwood.

Wanted. Car load chickens, will pay 11c per pound, 17th and 18th. Uufes day of delivery. B. H. Pitman & Elms. 2t\*

E. S. Diuguid & Son have a lot of decorated Plates, Cups and Saucers that they are selling at extra low prices. See them.

Farm Hand.—I want a good farm hand for the year. Must come with good recommendations. W. E. Gilbert, Murray, route 2. 2t\*

Results.—An ad in the Ledger

### Notice.

All parties holding debts and demands against the estate of D. L. Thomas deceased, are hereby notified to present same properly proven to me for payment at once, or before Aug 1st, 1912 or be forever barred from collecting same.

Said estate either by note or account must come forward at once and make settlement of same. This April 15th, 1912. W. T. Steel, Adms. 4-t

Sallow complexion is due to a torpid liver. Herbine purifies and strengthens the liver and bowels and restores the rosy bloom of health to the cheek. Price 50c. Sold by Dale & Stubblefield.

### Eggs for Sale.

Pure strain Rhode Island Red eggs for sale at 60cts for 15. J. W. Herndon, Murray Ky. Route 7. 4t

For eczema, toothache, pains, burns, scalds, sore throat, try Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, a splendid remedy for emergencies.

For Sale or Trade. Good work mare, will trade for young stock or sell for \$85, on time, good note at 5 per cent. L. Y. Woodruff.

I have three different kinds of burial vaults that are guaranteed to keep water from your loved ones when buried. J. H. Churchill.

We want your Hardware, Implement and Furniture trade. Come in and get our low prices.—E. S. Diuguid & Son.

Will pay 11c per pound for chickens Friday and Saturday until 12 o'clock, 15c for eggs Saturday. P. P. Underwood.

### Porto Rico's New Wonder

From far away Porto Rico come reports of a wonderful new discovery that is believed will vastly benefit the people. Ramon T. Marchan, of Barceloneta, writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is doing splendid work here. It cured me about five times of terrible coughs and colds, also my brother of a severe cold in his chest and more than 20 others, who used it on my advice. We hope this great medicine will yet be sold in every drug store in Porto Rico." For Throat and lung troubles it has no equal. A trial will convince you of its merit. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Dale & Stubblefield.

A good colt is as easily raised as a sorry one, breed to the best and secure the best colts possible. Investigate the W. L. Whitnell horses and jacks before carrying your stock elsewhere.

If you would breed the best colts possible carry your stock to the very best horses. Algerian, Massey Hamlet, Sprague Patch, Bruden Gentry, Favorite Cook, these fine horses with Napoleon 743, Paragon, Jr., Carmack 2211, three fine jacks, are at the service of the public at the W. L. Whitnell stables.

### Wool Carding.

I will be in Murray every fourth Monday receiving wool for carding and delivering wool rolls. No wool received or delivered between fourth Mondays.

Yours truly,

J. E. Eastwood.

Now is the time to get rid of your rheumatism. You can do it by applying Chamberlain's Liniment and massaging the parts freely at each application. For sale by Dale & Stubblefield.

### Pasture.

Fifty acres under wire fence plenty of water.—W. R. Hart, Hazel, Ky.

Lame back is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles of the back, for which you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Liniment. For sale by Dale & Stubblefield.

The best is always the cheapest. While it costs a little more to breed to the W. L. Whitnell stock it is the very best investment that can be made. Inquire about horses these and jacks before you decide.

### Please Pay Up.

All persons indebted to me for shop work are notified that they must come forward at the earliest date possible and make settlement either by cash or good note. Please give this matter attention as I must have the money due me for work.—O. T. Weatherford, Almo, Ky.

There was a time when people appreciated the real merits of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy more than now. This is shown by the increases in sales and voluntary testimonials from persons who have been cured by it. If you are your children are troubled with a cough or cold give it a trial and become acquainted with its good qualities. For sale by Dale & Stubblefield.

### Notice to Debtors.

I have written personal letters to parties, whose postoffice could be ascertained, whose notes I found in A. L. Barber's papers; but so far have had but few responses. This, now, is final notice before putting these matters in the hands for judgment and collection.—A. L. Barber, deceased, administrator. A. L. Barber, deceased.

## Buggies

AND

## Surries

If you want a buggy or a surry—Come and see our line. It is neat, noby and up-to-date and at prices right.

COME AND SEE

## A. B. Beale & Son

Murray, Kentucky.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo,

Lucas County, ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., incorporated in the city of Toledo, county and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D. 1886.

W. A. LEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MONEY TO LOAN on Real Estate, first mortgage. Peoples Building & Loan Association, Inc., M. D. Holton, Sec'y. 2t

### FOR SALE.

Turkey Eggs.—Mammoth Black, bronze and white turkey eggs for sale at \$2.50 for setting of 15. Apply to R. B. Parker on the T. M. Morris farm south-east of Murray.

Most disfiguring skin eruptions, scrofula, pimples, rashes, etc., are due to impure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters as a cleansing blood tonic, is well recommended. \$1.00 at all stores.

For Sale.—Good mare mule, about 15 hands, 7 years old also one good mare, 16 hands, 10 years old.—Harmon H. Wilson, 14 miles west of Stella.

### Eggs for Sale.

Pure strain White Leghorn eggs for sale at \$1. per setting of 15. Address or call on W. D. Perdue, Murray, Ky. Route 6. \*

## We Are Making

Some close prices on all lines of

Furniture, Rockers, Sewing Machines, Cast and Steel Ranges, and everything in this line.

Also remember our line of

Vulcan Plows, Disc Cultivators, Wire Fencing and Wagons.

Come in and let us make you some interesting prices

## E. S. Diuguid & Son

## The Indian Motorcycle

### TAKE ADVANTAGE

of the open country! It's at your door when you ride an INDIAN Motorcycle.

Anybody who has ever ridden a bicycle can master the Indian in five minutes. You need no mechanical knowledge or skill. You need only to become familiar with the control devices, and in the Indian they're very simple. A twist of the wrist applies and releases the power, and absolute control is assured at all times. The Indian is capable of any speed you like, from 4 to 50 miles an hour. The Free Engine Clutch and improved Hedstrom Carburetor enable you to drive your Indian at a walking pace amongst traffic. As for speed, the Indian holds all American official records and, moreover, all the A. M. championships, the trans-continent record and all economy class records save one. Free Engine Clutch and Magneto supplied with all 1912 Indians, without extra charge.

Send for free, illustrated catalog describing all 1912 models and improvements.

Callway Motor & Cycle Company





# THE PEST OF THE ENGLISH SPARROWS

## By N. DEARBORN



**T**HE English sparrow among birds is comparable to the rat among mammals. It is cunning, destructive, and filthy. This sparrow was introduced into America about 60 years ago, and is now distributed generally over the eastern half of the United States and southern Canada and locally westward to the Pacific coast. This rapid increase is a result of the bird's hardiness, extraordinary fecundity, diversity of food, aggressive disposition, and almost complete immunity from natural enemies through its sagacity and its preference for thickly settled communities.

Its natural diet consists of seeds, but it eats a great variety of other foods. While much of its annual fare consists of waste material from the streets, in autumn and winter it consumes quantities of weed seed, and in summer numerous insects. Aside from the destruction of weed seed, there is very little to be said in the sparrow's favor.

It destroys small fruits, as cherries, grapes, pears and peaches. It also destroys buds and flowers of cultivated trees, shrubs, and vines. In the garden it eats seeds as they ripen, and tips ground peas and lettuce being especially subject to attack. It damages wheat and other grains when newly sowed, ripening, and in shocks. It reduces the numbers of some of our most useful native species, such as bluebirds, house wrens, purple martins, tree swallows, cliff swallows, and barn swallows, by destroying the eggs and young, and by usurping the nesting places. It attacks other familiar native birds, as the robin, wren, reynard vireo, catbird and mockingbird, causing them to desert parks and shady streets of towns. Unlike our native birds whose places it usurps, it has no song, but is noisy and vituperative. It defiles buildings and ornamental trees, shrubs, and vines with its excrement, and with its bulky nests.

The evidence against the English sparrow is overwhelming, and the present unfriendly attitude of the public toward it is reflected in our state laws. Nowhere is it included among the birds that are protected. In response to frequent inquiries for means of abating the sparrow nuisance received by the United States Biological Survey, a few approved methods applicable to different conditions are here described.

Sparrows frequently give annoyance by roosting in ornamental vines and in crevices about buildings. If driven out late at night, several nights in succession, they will usually desert the roost. A jet of water from a garden hose is a potent disturber, particularly on frosty nights. Where water is not available, small Roman candles may be employed. Though sparrows may be driven from a given neighborhood, the relief thus obtained is only temporary, and has the further objection that the nuisance is simply transferred elsewhere. More drastic action is therefore preferable.

The most effective method of preventing the increase of sparrows in a locality is to destroy their nests at intervals of ten or twelve days throughout the breeding season. Occasionally they build large covered nests in trees, but as a rule they build open nests in bird-houses, electric-light hoods, cornices, water-spouts, and similar places. While it is often difficult to reach nests with the hand, they can usually be torn down by means of a long pole having an iron hook at the tip. By a concerted and continued movement to destroy every nest after the eggs are laid, English sparrows in any locality may be gradually reduced without resorting to shot or poison.

The sparrow's habit of nesting in crevices can be turned to account against it. By providing one-room bird-houses, or even packing boxes of tin cans, and putting them in trees or on poles or buildings at a height of about ten feet, the birds may be captured after dark with the aid of a long-handled net. This net should have a deep bag and a small hoop made to fit the front of the boxes closely. After the net has been quietly placed over the entrance, a few rays on the box will send the tenant into it. Dilapidated buildings may sometimes be fitted up for catching sparrows in this way, as well as for destroying their nests and eggs. The illustration herewith shows how this can be done. An ordinary wooden box may be nailed to the inside of the building over a hole made to admit the sparrows. The box should be arranged so that the top or upper part of the back can be lifted to gain access to the inside.

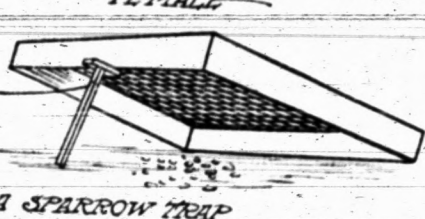
The box also illustrated on this page is designed to be hung on a building or a tree. Its floor should be about six inches square and its height at the eaves about eight inches. The roof should be hinged at the top for removing the eggs or young. Such boxes may be built of rough boards at slight cost. By distributing a number of them about orchards, shade trees, and out-buildings, and catching the sparrows that occupy them, or by destroying eggs, the work of extermination may be carried on at a season when other methods are least effective.

Preliminary to the following destructive measures, sparrows should be baited until they are attached to the spot selected for their execution. Seeds, grain, or waste from the table, if supplied regularly, will soon establish a feeding place. If a general campaign is to be undertaken, enough such feeding places should be maintained to attract to them practically all the English sparrows in the neighborhood. This can easily be done in winter when food is scarce. After this baiting the sparrows they may be trapped, shot, or poisoned.

Traps alone are inadequate to exterminate sparrows, but a reduction of numbers can be effected by using a shallow box not less than four feet square, open on one side and covered with woven wire on the other. One side of this trap rests on the ground, while the opposite side is supported by a stick 18 inches long. Near the upper end of this stick is attached a long cord, and between the top



ENGLISH SPARROW, MALE AND FEMALE



A SPARROW TRAP

of it and the edge of the trap is placed a chip. By setting the trap over bait and pulling the cord from a sheltered point of observation when a flock of sparrows is beneath it, numbers of them may be caught. Instead of the box described above, by which the birds are taken alive an old door or some other similar device may be employed to advantage as a deadfall. In either case the trap should be kept set and baited until the sparrows are not afraid to go under it. The best time for trapping is just after a snowstorm, when the birds have been fasting. Then, if the ground be cleared and chaff and grain be put under the trap, the birds will crowd in and enable the trapper to secure nearly all of the local flock. If any escape they will spread the fear of traps, and before long very few of the birds can be induced to go into one.

Sparrows are accustomed to feed in close flocks, and when thus assembled a large number can be killed by a charge of No. 10 shot. The best way is to scatter grain over long, narrow areas and shoot the sparrows at these baiting places. Where sparrows infest country yards, the bait may be placed on a board, supported at such an elevation that the birds can be shot without danger to the poultry.

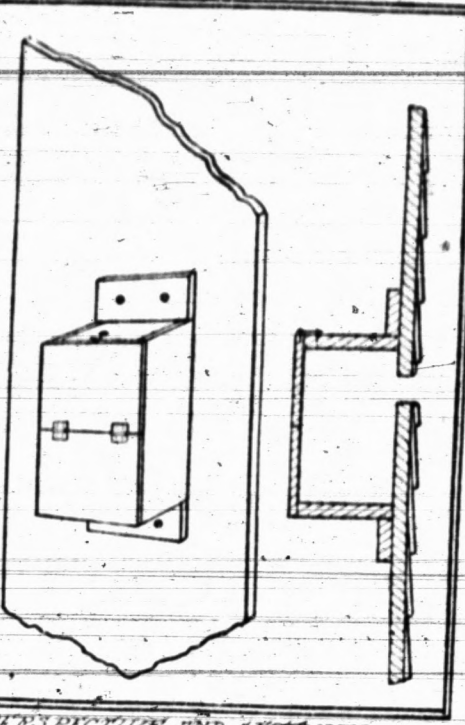
Since English sparrows are a pest and a reduction of their numbers is important on economic grounds, there would seem to be no reason why the birds, when trapped or shot, should not be utilized for food in this country, as they have been in the Old World for centuries. Their flesh is palatable and nutritious, and in city restaurants they are often served under the name of reed birds. Where the use of poison is not prohibited by law, it may be effectively used to reduce the number of sparrows. Of the different poisons tested, the most satisfactory is strychnia sulphate. It is easily prepared and acts quickly. Wheat has proved to be a good bait, as well as an excellent vehicle for administering the poison. The grain should be regularly supplied at the baiting stations until the birds have become accustomed to resort to the place. A good time to put it out is early morning, as the birds are sure to be hungry for breakfast. The capacity of the sparrow's



YOUNG SPARROW

crop and stomach is about 30 kernels of wheat, varying according to size of the kernels. In deciding the amount of poisoned wheat to put out at one time, it is well to estimate the number of sparrows frequenting a feeding place and to allow about 20 kernels for each sparrow. Although two kernels of wheat coated with the solution described below have been known to kill a sparrow, six or seven kernels are required to insure fatal results. Only as much poison should be put out as is likely to be eaten in one day, as exposure to moisture reduces its virulence. Furthermore, sparrows that take less than a fatal quantity, or that become frightened by the death of comrades, will forsake a feeding place if poison is kept there constantly. It is better, therefore, to supply unpoisoned wheat after each poisoning until the birds have recovered confidence. An important advantage in having several feeding grounds is that they may be used in rotation, the sparrows forgetting their fear of one while the others in turn are receiving poison.

A poison mixture that has proved very effective is prepared as follows: Put one-fourth ounce of strychnia sulphate into three-fourths of a gill of hot water and boil until dissolved. Moisten one and one-half teaspoonfuls of starch with a few drops of cold water, add it to the poison solution, and heat till the starch thickens. Pour the hot poisoned starch until over one quart of wheat and stir until every kernel is coated. Small-kernelled wheat sold as poultry food, if reasonably clean, is preferable to first quality grain, being cheaper and more easily eaten by the sparrows. A two-quart glass fruit jar is a good vessel in which to mix it, as it is easily shaken and seen. If the coated wheat be spread thinly on a hard, flat surface, it will dry enough



PERSPECTIVE AND SECTIONAL DRAWING OF AN IMPROVED NESTING BOX

for use in a short time. It should be stirred thoroughly if it is to be put into jars and kept for future use. Higher employment is preparing poison may be safely cleaned by washing.

The poison should be well scattered, so that many birds may be able to partake at the same time, since after a few are affected their actions excite the suspicion of their comrades. Usually a few sparrows get only enough strychnine to paralyze them for a few hours, after which they recover. It is important, therefore, to visit the feeding places two or three hours after distributing poison, to prevent such birds from escaping. It is well also to remove dead birds promptly to avoid exciting the suspicions of those that are unaffected. In northern latitudes the best time to put out poison is just after a snowstorm, when other food is covered. The feeding place should be cleared of snow and the poison laid early in the morning.

Sparrows should be baited in secluded places, safe from interruptions and where doves and poultry are not endangered. Roofs, eaves, and unused poultry runs are favorable situations. Proximity to low trees, grape arbors, and similar retreats has the advantage that sparrows go to such places between meals, and many dead birds will be found some distance away from the bait. If undisturbed, a few feet of where the bait was spread, death occurring in from three to twenty minutes. Where doves or poultry are likely to be poisoned, the sparrow, after being baited, may be induced to feed in small covered pens having the sides raised about an inch and a half above the ground. There is practically no danger that cats or other animals will disturb the sparrows that have been poisoned. Any wheat coated by the above process, which is overlooked by the birds, will become harmless after a few days.

Sparrows can be reduced locally to almost any desired extent by the methods outlined above, but it should not be forgotten that such reduction can be made permanent only by systematic and continued efforts.

## Freedom for Jews in Russia

At Times Their Condition Has Improved, but Not Steadily.

In connection with the celebration of the Passover the American Hebrew published accounts of the experiences of the race in various countries.

"Despite the reactionary measures against the Jews in Russia," it says, "their status in that country has for the past 100 years from time to time been more or less improved. During the reign of Alexander I, from 1801-1825, the first steps toward emancipation of the Jews were taken by affording them educational opportunities.

"Alexander I directed the minister of education to draw a plan for promoting education among the Jews. When the said minister remarked that such a plan might prove a costly one to the government of Russia Alexander replied, 'If their own should produce one Mendelssohn the expense would be justified.'

"Nicholas I, known as the enemy of the Jews, nevertheless officially encouraged them to take up agriculture. Jewish farmers were, for a certain period, to be exempt from military service and taxation in land. Jews wishing to enter the field of agriculture in Russia were practically to enjoy equal rights.

"During the early part of the reign of Alexander II, when the serfs were emancipated, it looked as if freedom would be granted to the Jews of Russia as well. Restrictionary laws concerning the 'Pale of Settlement' were not enforced and schools were practically opened to the Jews. Such was the uncertain

status of the Jews for a period of about eighty years, ending in 1881 with the assassination of Alexander II.

"During the quarter of a century that followed this period the condition of the Jews in Russia changed for the worse. Pogroms and riots took place. The well known May laws were enacted and enforced. The Jews were driven back to the 'Pale,' which resulted in a large emigration of Jews from Russia to different countries of the world, especially to America. The Kishineff and other massacres that followed were the climax of the terrible conditions.

"Though nothing was directly done in favor of the Jews in Russia in the beginning of the reign of Alexander III, and the worst edicts were issued during his regime, still the desperate struggle which the people of Russia

## Card Playing is Injurious

Narcotizing Influence Is Exercised if Indulged In Too Often.

Dancing is all right; yes, indeed, dancing is fine. It rounds out the limbs and produces a perfect figure and all that sort of thing; but as for card playing, why, that is dissipation of the worst kind; mental dissipation, of course.

So says the official voice of the medical profession, the New York Medical Journal, in its latest issue. The Journal appears to regard even trifling trifling with a lenient eye. Card playing, remarks the New York Morning Telegraph, strange to say, card playing among the aged and middle aged is not regarded as a vice by the physicians, but as a valuable distraction. But in the young it is terrible, terrible.

made for freedom has indirectly benefited the Jews. The struggle of the Russian people for liberty resulted in the creation of the duma, liberty, which means allowing one to return to the faith one had formerly abandoned and the abolition of the censorship of the press.

"The Jews have indirectly benefited by each of these concessions of the government to the means of disqualifying the Jews from being elected to the duma, yet the fact remains that the Jews are eligible for election to the duma and reactionary as the present duma may be, there are ten Jews who hold seats there. This is because the manifesto of Czar Nicholas II did not contain the famous phrase, 'except the Jews.'

"Card playing," avers the Medical Journal, "is a pure and simple mental dissipation that grows upon the victim, like all other dissipations, to the eventual exclusion of logical and close thinking. A valuable distraction for the elderly once a week, say, it indulged in often, especially by the young, it exercises its narcotizing influence with irresistible force. Skill counts for only 3 per cent, even in the popular gambling forms.

"We have," declares the Medical Journal, "nothing but approval for dancing, an admirably adapted to produce strength giving exercise devoid in its essence of the disgraceful character of card playing, which requires study and practice and leads to a healthy fatigue which prevents excesses."

## The Cameo Rings

Muriel sat in the twilight, with a small box in her hand, unmindful of the shadows which were beginning to steal into the room. If one could have peeped inside the box one would have seen a cameo ring of a peculiar style. She was thinking of the one who had given it to her eleven years ago.

"Just look at that! Tap at her door aroused her from her reverie, and she sprang to her feet. The box fell from her hand and rolled under the table.

"Oh, it's you, Miss Fuller!" she exclaimed, opening the door.

"Yes, it's I," laughed a young voice, and a girl of about 20 came into the room. "And why are you sitting in the dark?"

"I didn't realize it was so late," explained Muriel, as she turned on the light. She stooped to pick up the box, but it had opened and the ring had fallen out.

"That's a peculiar ring," she said, "and a beautiful one."

Muriel's face crimsoned. "Yes, it has a strange setting," she replied. "I've had it a long time. A very dear friend gave it to me."

"Would you mind telling me about it?" said the girl, sitting, and she slipped her arms about the other's neck.

Lois Fuller was a niece of Muriel's landlady, and during the last year had frequently visited her aunt. Muriel had seen quite a lot of the girl, for nearly every evening during her stay she had come up to Muriel's room. Lois was expectant, and at last the other broke the silence. "I've never told any one before," she said, "but perhaps it may do me good to confide in you. I was very young when I first met Philip Browning."

Here Lois gave a little start, but Muriel did not notice it. "He was an artist and came to our village the summer I was 17. He was a constant visitor at our home during his stay in town, and as he was far superior to any young man I had ever seen, it was not long before I grew to admire him. Before he returned to the city in the autumn he told me that he loved me. There was no happier girl in the world than I when he put this ring on my finger. He said that it was an heirloom and showed me another ring which was exactly like it, only a little smaller."

"This he wore on his watch chain. His parents had died when he was a child, and the rings had been left for him. This one was his mother's betrothal ring, and his father used to wear the other ring, as he himself was doing, on his watch chain. The days after this were very bright until Philip was obliged to return home. At first I was lonely, but I tried to comfort myself with the thought that we would not be separated very long, for the following June we were to be married. I grew quite happy again as I made my plans for our new home, but in a few weeks my happiness turned into sorrow. My father was suddenly taken ill with pneumonia and in less than a fortnight I was left alone. This was a severe blow to me, for I loved my father very dearly. Now I only had Philip left."

"Up to that time he had written me long, loving letters, and it was a cruel shock to me the month following my father's death to pick up a paper and read of his marriage."

When Muriel had finished, Lois was looking very thoughtful. "Are you sure that there wasn't some mistake?" she said.

"Oh, no," answered Muriel, "there wasn't any mistake. I only hope he is happy—without doubt, he is, and he probably never gives a thought to the girl he used to know so long ago."

Lois murmured a few words of sympathy and then, after a little while, she left Muriel alone.

One evening, about two weeks afterward, a feeling which Muriel could not define compelled her to look at the ring on her finger. After a little while she slipped it off her finger. At this juncture Lois came up to her room, her eyes sparkling and her cheeks flushed with excitement.

"Auntie has gone out," she said, "and I have a caller downstairs—a cousin of mine. I want you to meet him. You'll come down, won't you?"

As they entered the living room, made bright and cozy by a glowing open fire, Muriel started as a tall, familiar figure stepped toward them. "Philip Browning! Could it be possible? Yes, it was he and no other who took her trembling hands in his. It took her only a few minutes to find out that there had been a mistake after all. It was Philip's brother who had married, and it was through an error of the paper that Philip's name was used."

He told her how pained he was when he received the letter unopened, and how he had written "er" that several times, only to have every letter returned to him in the same way. At last he had been forced to believe that she cared for him no longer. It was then that he had gone abroad, and he had returned home only two months ago.

"I owe my good fortune in finding you to Lois," he said, and he looked around gratefully, but his cousin had slipped from the room. Among the Browning's possessions there is nothing they prize more than the cameo rings.



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## Winnie and the Widower

BY EMERIC  
HULME BEAMAN

"It's the first time," said Winnie, letting her eyes drop. "It's the first time that we have been quite alone together—since it happened."

The widower seemed struck by the circumstance.

"Yes," he replied considerably. "I believe it is—positively believe it is."

"I—hope," she said timidly. "I hope you've got over it—by now."

The widower reflected.

"I think I have," he answered conscientiously. "I'm almost sure I have."

You see, I have been trying hard—travelling and all that sort of thing—you know. I finished up at Monte Carlo. The place cheered me wonderfully. I lost quite a lot of money at the tables."

"I think that was very wrong of you," said Winnie, sternly. "Gambling is wicked."

"But if you know what a relief it was to be able to do something wicked—again," sighed the widower, "you would overlook it. Do you know, I was gradually becoming almost too good to live. It gave me quite a shock when I realized it. My constitution would not have stood the strain much longer. I am certain."

"The older men grow the worse they get," declared Winnie with the air of one delivering a profound epigram.

"That, of course, is the natural tendency," he admitted. "It doesn't do to check it—beyond a certain point."

He sighed again at this sudden contemplation of man's innate depravity.

"It's like suppressing measles," he added a little inconsequently.

Winnie was silent for a moment. Then she looked up suddenly, fixing her large, blue, childish eyes on the widower's abstracted countenance.

"I can't think," she protested, "what on earth ever made you marry her."

The widower withdrew his gaze slowly from vacancy and let it rest on her face with mild wonder.

"You didn't know my wife," he remarked cryptically.

"I don't see that that would have helped to explain what made you marry her," persisted Winnie.

"It would have helped immensely," he corrected. "It would have afforded

Never Mind the Next Dance.

a complete and satisfactory explanation, in fact."

Winnie shook her head.

"I don't understand," she admitted. "It has puzzled me ever since—especially as—"

"Exactly," said the widower. "Especially as that was the case."

"Don't be absurd!" exclaimed Winnie wrathfully. "All the same, I should like to know," she added, with true feminine pertinacity, "what made you marry her?"

"Shall I tell you?" he asked calmly.

"Do, please," entreated Winnie.

"She did," said the widower.

"She did? What do you mean?"

"I mean that she made me marry her," explained the widower patiently.

Your wife?" demanded Winnie, opening wide eyes of amazement upon him.

"That must have been a great hardship," murmured Winnie.

"I could have supported it with equanimity," he sighed. "But she later developed various uncomfortable eccentricities. Among other things she became a vegetarian, and com-

mitted me to live on herbs, like herself. She embraced the absurd theory that two meals a day were enough for human beings to subsist upon, and from that moment I never knew what it was not to feel hungry. It was this practice, I believe, that eventually carried her off."

"She—she was not very young?" hazarded Winnie.

"Poor girl—no! She—she had been, I believe. But she outgrew it. She was in her sixty-fourth year when she expired."

"Sixty-four?" exclaimed Winnie.

"Sixty-three," he corrected.

"O—oh!" ejaculated Winnie in a long-drawn gasp. "And you were only twenty-five when you married her?"

"When she married me," the widower interposed mildly. "Yes; I couldn't help that, you know. It was three years ago now, so I became considerably older as we went along."

"She was old enough to have been your grandmother!" exclaimed Winnie indignantly.

"True; but she would never have consented to act in that relation towards me—though, of course, I should have preferred it, if it could have been arranged."

"I feel," declared Winnie severely, "that we are treating the subject much too flippantly."

"You've not been married," he sighed; "so you don't know."

"That's true," conceded Winnie meditatively. "I don't know—at least, not yet."

"There's no reason why you shouldn't," put in the widower, with sudden eagerness.

"Oh, but I am not sure that I want to," she objected.

"You would then enjoy the advantage of being in a position to prove your assertion," he urged.

"And, supposing I found when it was too late—that I was wrong?" she demurred.

"You wouldn't," said the widower, with emphasis. "You would find that in your case, theory and practice would entirely coincide. To begin with, you are not a vegetarian."

"But," protested Winnie, "my husband might insist upon making me become one."

"I can answer for him," said the widower decisively. "Do you know, Winnie—by the way, you don't mind my calling you 'Winnie,' do you?"

"Winnie has always struck me as being," said the widower, "a girl who would have—Winnie."

"I didn't say you could!" she exclaimed.

"I have a wonderful way of taking things for granted," explained the widower airily. "But do you know, it just occurred to me while you were talking and while you were showing me what a beautiful thing marriage might be with a sweet girl (who wasn't a vegetarian)—it just occurred to me that I was most frightfully fond of you."

"Oh," said Winnie, rising. "There's the next dance beginning, and I—"

"Sit down," said the widower, placing a restraining hand on her arm. "Never mind the next dance. What do you think I came here for tonight? I didn't come to dance. I came to see you. I have been waiting to see you for—four months; but they told me you were engaged, and I kept away."

"I broke it off," she murmured, looking down.

"Was—was he a vegetarian?" asked the widower anxiously.

Winnie raised her eyes to his, and her cheeks turned suddenly crimson.

"No, but I—I—"

The widower gave a little triumphant laugh.

"My darling," he whispered in her ear, "we can make it up to each other all the rest of our lives!"

Another Use for Medicine.

A Chicago family which employs as its butler an old-fashioned negro was constantly annoyed by the doorman of the house getting out of order. On several occasions an electrician, who used some sort of white powder in his work, had been called in to fix the bell.

One evening, when there were guests at dinner, one of them complained of a sore throat. The mistress of the house turned to the butler, and said:

## Wolf Shooting Extraordinary



TO THE RESCUE

D. Johnson, a stockman near Fallon, of whom more anon. Their most successful operative is a "wolf" of tenacious purpose and great endurance, named Maurice Harret, who follows on horseback any fresh-fallen wolf track in the snow, sometimes camping on the trail at dark should no ranch-house be available. The hunted animal, unable to

huddle or shake off so relentless a pursuer, at last seeks the asylum of despair in a badland cave, whence it is relentlessly smoked out and shot. By this method Harret has killed thirty-seven wolves, or exactly one-third of the total number of one hundred and eleven wolves (old and young) obtained in the two years.

Large private rewards have also been offered in other parts of the country (notably by Mr. J. H. Price at Knowlton), and the loss from these pests, estimated at from ten to twenty per cent of the annual increase of the herds, will be greatly abated in consequence, at ways provided that unscrupulous trappers abstain from the well-known trick of liberating she-wolves to multiply for the bounty.

The passing of the wolf from these remote solitudes which it shares with the golden eagle and the mountain sheep may be allowed to inspire a pang of regret while we admit its remorseless attacks upon livestock. Like the eagle and the sheep, the wolf is inseparably associated with the wild nature of the badlands, and like them, has almost reached the vanishing point. Away where river wavelets lap the bases of sheer adobe clay buttes, which rise tier upon tier to defy sky in impassable grandeur, or down in steep gorges between high ranges, crowned with cedar thickets or scabrous cliffs that overhang red precipices, where straggling windweed pines are rooted on the verge of steep slopes amid the tumbling fragments of porous volcanic rocks—here may we find the typical home of the Montana wolf.

Such a crafty animal as the wolf is scarcely ever obtained in a fair sportsmanlike manner with the rifle, and therefore the bag of three wolves made in three consecutive shots by Mr. W. R. Felton, an engineer, was a remarkable feat, being unquestionably the Montana record for wolf-shooting.

On the afternoon of September 22, 1909, Mr. Felton was superintending the construction of a highway to the railroad at Calypso, through the wild badland range which fringes the north side of the Yellowstone, opposite Terry. A drenching thunderstorm had rendered work impossible for the rest of the evening, and taking his rifle, the engineer started off to explore an unusually rough tract of buttes a couple of miles distant. He had not gone far before he came upon numerous deer tracks, and though it was still the close season, he hoped to enjoy the pleasing sight of the animals themselves. To progress noiselessly on ground which had been rendered soft and slippery by the recent deluge was a difficult matter; but about sundown he reached the desired viewpoint of a high sandrock ridge and peered cautiously over before him, stretched out on the black gumbo promontory, commanding a wide prospect over the all-encompassing brakes, lay a yellow beast, watching intently. At the first glance, suggested a mountain lion. Only the man showed above the skyline, but the wary beast at once perceived him, and, springing up, revealed an immense wolf, which trotted towards the highest portion of the same divide, passed from view for a few seconds and reappeared on the crest of the ridge, where it stood to look around, silhouetted against the sky. Although the distance was great (over three hundred yards), the hunter knew by former experience that a more favorable chance was never likely to occur. He therefore drew a bead on the roil and had the gratification, as the puff of smoke cleared away, of seeing the carcass go rolling and sliding down the steep side of the butte.

Evidently startled by the noise, a second wolf leaped up the ridge and stood to reconnoitre on the identical point from which the first had been so skillfully evicted. A second unerring bullet sent this wolf tumbling headlong almost on the track of its predecessor. The report had scarcely died away when, to the great astonishment of the shooter, two more wolves appeared standing on the original resting-place occupied by the first wolf. Once more the rifle rang out, and once more a wolf fell mortally wounded, vainly struggling against fate as it slid down the butte to join its dead companions in the gulch. The fourth escaped, accompanied in its flight by a hitherto unseen fifth wolf, which emerged after the last shot. The hunter, naturally much exhilarated by this performance, scrambled across the intervening gulches to inspect the victims of his prowess. The first wolf was shot directly through the shoulders, and the second six inches further back through the spine. Both were lying close together, but the third wolf had succeeded in dragging itself into a water-hole from which it was pulled out with difficulty. The last had received a flank shot, the bullet passing forward to the left shoulder. All three wolves were males. The first animal killed (a very old one, with teeth much worn) was of a yellowish fawn color. Of the other two, one was all grey and the other brownish, with grey head and neck. Both these were young wolves of about eighteen months old. The engineer, accompanied by an assistant with a chain, returned to the spot next morning and measured the exact distance from his position at the sandrock to the wolf ridge as three hundred yards. How Mr. Felton happened to surprise a recumbent wolf in daylight can be explained by the characteristic of old members of a pack to take a lively interest in the gambols of the younger ones. The old wolf was doubtless pleasantly engaged in watching the youngsters disporting themselves when he unexpectedly became a target for the engineer's bullet.

Another similar surprise episode occurred on January 12th, 1895, when I was rained on Cedar Creek, which runs into the Yellowstone near Glendive. My companion was following deer tracks in the snow, when, turning a corner of the badlands, he came suddenly upon the back view of a big wolf seated upon its haunches and so completely absorbed in watching nine young wolves at play that it did not notice his approach. The hunter killed the unsuspecting animal with a ball through the neck at close range, but, lacking the deadly skill of Mr. Felton, he suffered the rest of the brood to escape. The carcass of this wolf (also a patenterfamilis) was packed whole to camp and found to weigh a hundred pounds.

Although naturally timid, the wolf makes a most devoted mother, and will not hesitate to risk her own life for her pups, more especially when the latter are young. In the fall of 1909, Johnson (a member of the wolf-destroying syndicate already mentioned) lost six foals from the depredations of a she-wolf, and felt convinced that her den was in a tract of badlands adjoining his ranch. After a brief search he came upon a number of wolf tracks in a pool of water, also marks where playful wolf pups had worried the sage-brush and, finally, close by, the now unoccupied den in which the lupine family had been reared.

Continuing his search for their present abode, he suddenly caught sight of eight observant young wolves which, on taking the alarm, at once disappeared into a washout. His first impulse, to intercept them so as to get a shot, was arrested by the sound of numerous short, sharp barks about a third of a mile away, which he readily recognized as proceeding from their mother; and, leaving the pups to look after themselves, he prepared to stalk the ravenous brute which had inflicted on him incalculable damage. The wolf, which could now be seen approaching upon high ground, bellowed by down on a butte and entertained her pursuer with an unceasing concert of bark and howl. Johnson presumed that the anxious parent, becoming aware of his presence in her domain, desired to draw his attention from her progeny to herself by this seemingly imprudent conduct. This being previously his own plan of operation, he began to ascend one of the numerous washouts which wound in sunken alleys about the vociferous animal. In due course it was his pleasurable achievement to survey his quarry's snug form through the fissure of a man's eye at one hundred and fifty yards, and as he is an unerring shot who seldom pulls at trigger in vain, he congratulated himself that her days of rapine were over. It is a trite saying, however, that we should not count our chickens before they are hatched, and it happened that on this occasion the hunter was using a borrowed rifle, unaware that the owner had filled the magazine with short target ammunition instead of the usual long cartridges. The consequence was that an ineffective bullet—merely knocked up the dirt some three inches below the wolf, which immediately jumped up, tucked her tail between her legs and vanished down the opposite side of the butte. Vexed beyond expression, Johnson, nevertheless, indulged the hope that the beast might have been wounded by a ricochet; but on reaching the ridge he found no sign either of a wound or of the wolf. Beyond was a deep and narrow washout, thickly fringed on both sides with rank overhanging sage brush, which he was preparing to overleap, when from immediately below a wolf sprang up and ran full speed down the narrow channel of the gulch. On account of the overhanging sage brush he could not take aim, but the dense growth ceased for a short space before the gradually widening tributary debouched into the main washout. At this all-important spot Johnson held his untrustworthy rifle, and had the satisfaction of seeing the galloping beast collapse with a well-placed bullet in the neck. It proved to be a young male of about seven months old, almost as large as the mother; and although the distance from the shooter was again one hundred and fifty yards, the bullet's slight penetration had done the work. The hunter now searched for the rest of the family, but only a few single tracks could be seen leading in different directions. The wolf "collateral" had evidently been given with the twofold object of distracting the foe from the young, and of warning the latter to scatter and hide. They had done so like a covey of flushed quail.

URING the year 1911 wolves were less numerous in Eastern Montana than at any other time during the last twenty-two years. In my own district this happy result is probably due to the private efforts of a syndicate of ranchers, who made the munificent offer of forty dollars for each wolf killed exclusive of the state bounty of ten dollars, and have paid out three thousand three hundred dollars on this account in two years. Mr. R. L. Lowrey, a ranchman near Glendive, is president of the association, and is ably seconded by Mr. J. H. Price at Knowlton.

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# RARE, RICH REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

CALLOWAY LANDS AND FARMS  
THE MURRAY LAND COMPANY LIST

Do you want a home? Are you looking for a farm investment? Read over the big list of rare bargains placed with the Murray Land Company for sale and make a selection for either a home or an investment. Many of these places can be bought at less than what they are worth today and in less than five years will almost double in value. It is a big list and gives you some idea of the confidence of the people in this big agency.

No. 1. 95 acres, fifty acres cleared, 25 acres bottom; two settlements; three barns, two stables; well; pond; 75 fruit trees church one mile; school one mile; 3 miles east of Almo on Almo and Shiloh road. Price \$2,400.

No. 2. 40 acre farm; thirty cleared; 18 in creek bottom; two settlements; plenty of well and stock water; convenient to church and school and only two miles east of Kirksey on public highway; fruit and other good improvements. Worth the price, \$1,100.

No. 3. Sixty acres, 45 cleared with three room house and other good improvements including abundance of water, also convenient to church and school; fully \$1,000 of improvements and located 2 miles southeast of Kirksey, and can be had for \$2,250, two-thirds cash balance one and two years.

No. 4. 76 acre farm in Marshall county three miles south of Briensburg, two room house, one barn, fruit trees, and convenient to church and school and can be had for \$2,000; \$1,000 cash and balance easy terms. We located and 12 acres of fresh land and a real bargain at the price.

No. 6. 80 acre farm east of Kirksey on public road with fully \$1,500 worth of improvements and about 40 acres in creek bottom; 60 acres in cultivation and a desirable place and worth every dollar of the money, \$3,500.

No. 7. House and two acre lot half mile north of the city limits, ideal little home with good improvements of all kinds and can be purchased at the low price of \$1,500.

No. 8. 35 acre farm 7 miles north of Murray with 30 acres in cultivation and splendid improvements and plenty of water. A good small farm and can be bought for less than it is worth and the price is \$1,600.

No. 9. Sold.

No. 10. Another good small farm of 50 acres 2 miles southeast of Kirksey and all in cultivation, fair improvements, good water and can be bought for \$1,300.

No. 11. 2 frame store houses in Kirksey, one of the best store locations in the county, good roomy houses and demand good rent. Will sell both for \$1,000.

No. 12. 55 acre farm 2 miles southwest of Kirksey with fair improvements; and convenient to church and school and can be had for \$1,000 with \$250 cash payment and balance easy terms.

No. 13. One lot in Mechanicsburg and two in Glenwood addition, Paducah, Ky., and desirable building lots and all can be bought for \$1,000.

No. 14. 65 acre farm 6 miles northwest of Murray on public road near Cole's Camp ground; good improvements and plenty of water and can be purchased at the low price of \$2,000.

No. 15. Sold.

No. 16. 160 acres east of Murray near Brandons Mill; three room house, two barns, 200 fruit trees, plenty of water. 25 acres open land, balance in good timber and can be bought for \$1,250.

No. 17. Cottages, each 750 200 feet in the Henry addition but located on a street and all very desirable and at the price, \$1,000 each. \$500 cash and \$500 balance easy terms.

No. 18. 110 acres in West Murray, of which 50 acres are cleared, 30 in cultivation, 30 in bottom; 2 room house, 2 barns, 200 fruit trees, good water and 2700 trees.

No. 19. Sold.

No. 20. Sold.

No. 21. 40 acre farm with 25 cleared and three room house; good barn, stables, water and

other improvements, and all fresh land. Located near Cole's Camp ground and can be bought for \$1,500.

No. 60. 66 acre farm on the east side near Russell's Chapel, 40 acres in cultivation; 20 acres in creek bottom. Good improvements of all kind and with 225 fruit trees. Will sell for \$1,700.

No. 61. A fine 230 acre farm in edge of Graves county two miles south of Farmington, with 190 in cultivation, 7 room house, 3 barns and fine stock barn, convenient to church and school, plenty of fruit and timber, and in fact one of the best farms in that section and the price is in reach of anyone desiring an ideal home. Better see about this one.

No. 62. A 120 acre farm on Sugar creek, 50 acres in bottom, good improvements and located near school and church. As fine spring water as county affords and well worth the price, only \$3,000; \$2,000 cash and balance easy.

No. 63. A 90 acre farm 3 miles north of Murray on Wadesboro road with two settlements and other good improvements and splendid conveniences. 52 acres second bottom land. A bargain at the price, \$3,000.

No. 64. 140 acres 3 miles east of Dexter on Dexter and Hico road; 90 in cultivation; 3 room house; two barns; 8 stall stable; three ponds; 3 acre orchard; convenient to church and school. A good farm well supplied with timber and worth the price which is only \$3,500.

No. 65. 90 acre farm near Brandon Mill; 30 acres in cultivation; 40 acres in bottom; 3 room house, 1 tobacco barn; stables; close to church and school; plenty of water. The price is \$2,200.

No. 66. 30 acres of good land under good fence but without any improvements; located 1 mile south of Kirksey on Kirksey and Murray road. A real bargain at \$600.

No. 67. 80 acres near Brandon Mill; 25 in cultivation; 4 room house; 1 tobacco barn; 5 stall stable; cistern and stock ponds; 150 fruit trees; near church and school. \$1,200.

No. 68. 118 acres second bottom land Tennessee river on Concord and Buffalo road; 95 in cultivation; 2 settlements; 2 barns; cisterns and wells, and near school and church. Price \$2,650.

No. 69. 43 acres on Dexter and Mayfield road northwest of Murray about 8 miles; 30 acres cleared; 2 room house; stables; well; near church and school; and \$1,050 gets it.

No. 70. 53 acres on Kirksey and Backsburg road 2 miles west of Kirksey; 41 acres in cultivation; well improved with 2 acres of fruit; near school and church. \$1,950.

No. 71. 50 acre farm 6 miles northwest of Murray on Almo and Kirksey road with 35 acres in cultivation; good improvements of all kind; plenty of water and the land all fresh. Can be bought for \$2,375.

No. 72. 72 acres farm 6 miles southeast of Murray on Concord and Baysville road; all level land; 50 acres in cultivation; 2 barns; good stables; well watered; good orchard; near school and church. Price \$2,650.

No. 73. 20 acres of cleared land without any improvements 1 mile north of Penny. Good timber and can be bought for \$900.

No. 74. 60 acres 3 miles south of Edgefield in Stewart county, 30 in cultivation; 2 room house, 2 tobacco barns, other improvements good. A bargain at \$800.

No. 75. 80 acre farm east of Concord on Concord and Buffalo road, 50 cleared, 10 acres in bottom, big store house on place, 3 room house, 1 tobacco barn and

other improvements. All can be had for \$1,000.

No. 77. 47 acres 6 miles northwest of Murray with 40 acres in cultivation, 3 room house, 1 barn, good improvements and the price \$2200. A real good farm and worth the money.

No. 78. 85 acres, 70 acres cleared and is on Mayfield and Murray road, 2 tobacco barns and close to school and church, 3 room house and plenty other good improvements, water, etc. 30 acres in branch bottom. \$2,350.

No. 79. 70 acres with 60 cleared, near Shiloh, 3 room house, 8 stall stables and good water and other improvements including a good orchard, \$1,400.

No. 80. Splendid 7 room home in city of Murray on lot 150x210. An ideal little home and in splendid part of city and can be had for \$1,500.

No. 82. 40 acre farm south of Murray only a few miles, 30 acres cleared and 15 acres fresh land, the improvements are good and the place is well worth the price, \$2,050.

No. 83. 25 acres with fair improvements 3 miles east of town, 19 acres in cultivation and cheap at \$1,000.

No. 84. 4 room cottage in Murray, comparatively new on lot 175x150 and well located in desirable section. A real nice little home and can be bought for less than it is worth.

No. 85. 74 acres 8 miles east of Murray on Murray and Concord road, fair improvements with considerable fresh land, graded school district, 4 tobacco barns and can be had at \$1,850.

No. 86. 63 acre farm 2 miles southeast of Cherry, 45 in cultivation, fair improvements, Stone school district and the price is \$1,650.

No. 87. 50 acres 1 mile north east of new Providence, 4 room house, 5 stall stables, good tobacco barns, 35 acres in cultivation, all level land and a good orchard on the place, 5 miles of Murray and can be bought for \$1,800.

No. 88. 108 acres less than mile of Wadesboro, 2 settlements good stock barn, 3 good tobacco barns, 60 acres in cultivation, 35 of them in creek bottom, 48 in timber, orchard, Blakely school district and 8 miles of county seat. The price is \$2,700.

No. 89. 140 acre farm 10 miles west of Murray on Mayfield road near Graves county line, 35 acres cleared, 3 room house, 2 tobacco barns, good stables and other improvements fair. The land is good and in splendid location and is one of the best places on the west side of the county and a real bargain at the price of \$5,000.

No. 90. 120 acre farm in Henry county, Tenn., south of Paris about 3 miles, the improvements are good and the place a desirable one, 25 acres in creek bottom and worth the price of \$4,250.

No. 91. 50 acre farm 1 mile northeast of Pottertown, with 3 room house, 2 tobacco barns, and other fair improvements and the price is within the reach of anyone desiring a good little place. Price, \$650 on easy terms.

No. 92. 40 acres 2 miles north of Kirksey on public road, has 2 settlements, tobacco barn, stables, orchard, other fair improvements and the price is in reach of anyone desiring a small place, only \$1,100.

No. 93. 40 acres 3 miles of Almo on public road, 4 room house, good stables, tobacco barn, 20 in cultivation, and 20 in bottom, plenty of water, school and church nearby and only 1 mile from county seat. Price \$1,000.

No. 94. 50 acre level farm in Howard school district 3 miles north of Crossland on public road, 4 room house, with good improvements otherwise, 10 acres in cultivation and plenty of timber to supply the place, and the price is only \$2,000.

No. 95. 18 acres of good rich land within less than mile of New Concord on public road, new house, stables, etc., 20 acres in branch bottom. Can be bought on very easy terms at \$1,300.

No. 96. 75 acres of good land, 55 in high state of cultivation with all necessary improvements and only 4 miles south of county seat on main road, an ideal farm and the price is less than the place is worth. Ask us about this place if you are looking for a splendid home.

No. 97. Another farm south of Murray and a good one also, contains 37 acres of good land well improved and a splendid little home. Price \$1,650.

No. 98. 50 acre farm 1 mile east of Penny in good section of county, on public road, 40 acres in cultivation, 20 in bottom, improvements are good and the place worth the price. If you are looking for a good home only 4 miles from county seat investigate this place.

No. 99. 110 acre farm 4 miles northwest of Kirksey on public road, 2 settlements, plenty of stable and barn room, good water, all improvements a good, some fine bottom land, plenty of timber, and the price is only \$2,650.

No. 100. A fine little farm of 15 acres with first class improvements and only 4 1/2 miles southeast of Murray on Concord and Baysville road. Can be had for \$750.

No. 101. A 56 acre farm east of Murray on Highland and Murray road 2 room house, stables, tobacco barn, orchard, 20 in cultivation, 6 in bottom. Price, \$650 on easy terms.

No. 102. 100 acre farm 3 miles southeast of Brown's Grove on Farmington and Bell City road, 3 room house, tenant house, 2 good barns, good frame stable, plenty of water, 35 acres in timber, 25 acres in bottom, 40 acres good ridge land, make 8 barrels corn to acre, cheapest place in Graves county at \$3500.

No. 103. 100 acre farm on State Line road a few miles east of Hazel, 75 in cultivation, 2 tobacco barns, stables, etc., close to church and school and two third of the land good bottom, 2 room house and small orchard and worth the price asked, \$2,600.

No. 104. 160 acres 2 miles northeast of Kirksey, 5 room house, tenant house, 12 stall stable and barn, 4 tobacco barns, 130 acres in cultivation with 50 in creek bottom, one of the good farms in that section and only 8 miles of county seat. A cheap place at \$5,500.

No. 105. A 30 acre place west of Hazel on State Line road, 20 acres in cultivation, frame tobacco barn, 2 room house, improvements fair and a good small place for the money, \$850.

No. 206. 44 acre farm in Marshall county near Calloway line. 2 miles of Height, 39 acres of fine bottom land, 3 room house, 2 barns, good stables, and other improvements, 30 acres in cultivation and the place is well worth the price which is only \$1,600 on easy terms.

No. 107. 66 acre farm 4 miles southwest of Dexter on public road, 5 room house, good stock barn, 3 tobacco barns, 40 acres in cultivation, good orchard, well watered, Blakely school district and church close. The price is reasonable for the place, only \$2,000.

No. 108. 72 acres 3 miles east of Lyon Grove, near the State line, 3 room house, stable, tobacco barn, 60 acres in cultivation, 20 in bottom, 15 in timber, and 4 acre orchard, cistern and pond water, Young school district. Can be bought for \$1,500.

No. 109. A 62 acre farm near Flint church, 6 miles north of Murray and 3 miles west of Almo on public road. Place has five room house, 8 stall stable, 4 tobacco barns, 50 acres in cultivation, 40 acres choice creek bottom land, good orchard, under good fence, plenty of water, in fact a splendid place and a genuine bargain at the price of \$3,000.

No. 110. 43 acre farm 1 mile west of Almo on the public road 3 room house, good stock barn, 35 acres under cultivation, Almo school district, good improvements of every kind, a beautiful little home well located and is for sale at only \$2,000.

No. 111. A 62 acre farm 4 miles west of Crossland on State Line road, 2 room house, 3 stall stable, 2 tobacco barns, 35 acres in cultivation, small orchard, pond and cistern water, Dick school district and near Story's Chapel church, 13 miles from county seat. The price is only \$1,300.

No. 112. One of the best bottom farms in the county at the price, containing 68 acres of fine land, 3 miles north of Murray, 2 settlements, 2 tobacco barns, good stables, fencing, etc., 50 acres in cultivation and balance fair timber. This land never overflows and is fine corn and tobacco land. The place is very desirable and worth more than the price asked, \$3,000.

No. 113. 45 acres near Tobacco, 4 miles south of Murray, 3 room house, stables, barn and other fair improvements. A good small farm convenient to school and church, 10 acres in bottom. The place can be bought for \$1,800.

No. 114. 61 acres of land 3 miles northeast of Kirksey on public road, has 3 room house, stables and barn, 45 acres under cultivation, 30 acres in creek bottom, plenty of timber, good water, and the place is \$2,000.

No. 115. 43 acre farm 3 miles northeast of Kirksey on public road, 3 room house, 3 tobacco barns, good fence, 30 acres in cultivation, school and church nearby. A first class place and all good land. Price \$2,100.

No. 116. A 60 acre farm 1 1/2 mile north west of Kirksey well improved, good orchard, graded school district, 40 acres in cultivation. A good place and can be had at \$2,000.

No. 117. 143 acre farm one mile east of Shiloh on public road, 3 room house, good stables, 2 tobacco barns, 65 in cultivation, 20 of it in bottom, 80 in timber, 4 acre orchard, well and cistern, Sage Hill school district and can be bought for \$2,100.

No. 118. 40 acre farm 1 1/2 miles south of Wiiwell on public road, extra good improvements of all kinds, 25 acres in cultivation, 15 in timber, a good small farm and the price is \$2,600.

No. 119. An 83 acre level farm 1 mile west of New Providence, 3 room house, stables, 2 tobacco barns, 50 in cultivation, 33 in timber, plenty of good water, good fences, all good improvements and the place is well worth the money and can be bought on easy terms for \$2,250.

No. 120. 63 acres of land 6 miles southeast of Murray without any improvements but all under fence, 35 in cultivation, balance timber, can be bought on easy terms for \$850.

List your Farm or City Property for sale through this agency

MURRAY LAND COMPANY.

REAL ESTATE

J. D. HAMILTON, Manager. Office: Ledger Bldg.